Type Specimens of Birds
in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren

Revised Edition

Michel Louette, Danny Meirte, Annelies Louage and Alain Reygel

Zoological Documentation Online Series
TYPE SPECIMENS OF BIRDS IN THE ROYAL MUSEUM FOR CENTRAL AFRICA, TERVUREN

Michel Louette
Danny Meirte
Annelies Louage
and
Alain Reygel
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Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren

Michel LOUETTE, Danny MEIRTE, Annelies LOUAGE & Alain REYGEL

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KEY WORDS

Aves, type specimens, Koninklijk Museum voor Midden-Afrika, Musée Royal de l’Afrique Centrale, Africa.

RECOMMENDED REFERENCE


SUMMARY

The 988 bird type specimens (excluding ‘topotypes’) preserved in the Royal Museum for Central Africa are listed. They represent a total of 227 nominal bird taxa. At least 103 are present-day valid names of species or subspecies, and the remainder are synonyms or require confirmation. Other RMCA specimens, at some time erroneously considered as types, are listed separately. We also list the registration numbers (in other museums) and the data of the name-bearing specimens of all the taxa represented by type material in the RMCA.

The RMCA collection originates exclusively from Africa. It holds taxa with types from Democratic Republic of Congo (110), Kenya (72), Uganda (30), Somalia (8), Rwanda (6), Zambia (3), Comoros (2), Ethiopia (2), Tanzania (2), Angola (1), Liberia (1), São Tomé & Príncipe (1), Zimbabwe (1).

Obviously, the material from the former Belgian colonies is even nowadays of great importance. The East African material is of mainly historical value: its consists mainly of types collected by V. G. L. van Someren (other parts of this collection are in the AMNH, New York and the FMNH, Chicago) and some types collected by H. Granvik.

This is an electronic update of the printed Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren (Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002). A short biography of the describers of bird taxa in the RMCA is provided.
LIST OF MUSEUM ACRONYMS

AMNH American Museum of Natural History, New York, USA
BMNH Natural History Museum (previously British Museum of Natural History), London & Tring, UK
FMNH Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, USA
LACM Los Angeles County Museum, USA
MCZ Museum of Comparative Zoology, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA
NRM Swedish Museum of Natural History, Stockholm, Sweden
NHMM Nature Museum, Malmö, Sweden
NMZB Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe, Bulawayo, Zimbabwe
NMZL National Museums of Zambia, Livingstone, Zambia
RBINS Royal Belgian Institute for Natural Sciences, Brussels, Belgium
RMCA Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren, Belgium
SAM South African Museum, Cape Town, South Africa
USNM National Museum of Natural History, Smithsonian Institution (previously United States National Museum), Washington D.C., USA
ZMB Zoologisches Museum Berlin, Germany
ZFMK Zoologisches Forschungsinstitut und Museum A. Koenig, Bonn, Germany

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN REFERENCES IN THE TEXT

Arkiv Zool. Arkiv für zoologi
Dansk Orn. Foren. Tidsskr. Dansk Ornithologisk Forenings Tidsskrift
Gerfaut Le Gerfaut
J. Orn. Journal für Ornithologie
Monogr. Nectarin. Monograph of the Nectariniidae, or family of sunbirds
Novit. Zool. Novitates Zoologicae
Orn. Monatsber. Ornithologische Monatsberichte
Rev. Fr. Ornithol. Revue Francaise d'Ornithologie
Synops. Avium Synopsis Avium: nouveau manuel d'ornithologie
Zool. Anz. Zoologischer Anzeiger
INTRODUCTION

The RMCA, originally named ‘Musée du Congo Belge – Museum van Belgisch Congo’ (Belgian Congo Museum), was founded in 1898 at Tervuren, a town 15 km east of Brussels (for the history of this scientific institution, see Thys van den Audenaerde, 1998). Its bird collection, almost entirely obtained in Africa, consists of 153,343 specimens (estimation November 2010). Most of these are study skins; some material is in alcohol and the odd specimen is a dried formalin preserved toto. The number of mounted specimens is insignificant (a few of the older skins were at first mounted for public exhibition and later dismounted).

Over the years, a card catalogue of all ornithological holotypes, cotypes, allotypes and paratypes was compiled in the RMCA, but this has never been published. Dr Henri Schouteden, ornithologist and (honorary) director, maintained this catalogue until his death in 1972. Authorship of new names with type material deposited in the RMCA can be found in the Type List, from page 22 onwards.

The oldest material for the Congo Museum was obtained by 19th century explorers and described by Dr Alphonse Dubois (see Dubois, 1905). Later, Schouteden collected birds in Belgian Congo, during two expeditions in 1920-1922 and in 1924-1926. Much other material was sent in by Schouteden’s correspondents, one of the most famous being Dr Alexandre Prigogine (Louette, 1991; Dowsett, 1992), who collected over 20,000 specimens in Congo (the bulk of which is in the RMCA) and described several taxa himself.


We are unaware of the existence of published biographies of the many Africans (they surely exist for the expatriates, outside Belgium) who participated in the creation of this remarkable collection. In the ornithological inventories that Schouteden published (1961, 1962a, 1962b, 1963a, 1963b, 1964, 1965a, 1965b, 1966a, 1966b, 1968, 1969, 1971), their importance can be gauged. Some anecdotal and unpublished biographical material on the authors and collectors is present in the files of the RMCA.

It is a pity that it was Schouteden’s standard procedure to discard the collector’s labels on all material received from the Belgian Colonies. Furthermore, over the years, he copied several of the RMCA museum labels once or twice, discarding each time the previous one (Fig. 1: lower left). There are only a few exceptions (Fig. 1: lower left, upper and lower right). We presume that errors were an inevitable consequence of this procedure.
Figure 1. Typical labels.
Upper left: RMCA label in H. Schouteden’s handwriting, Bycanistes kethullei DUBOIS.
Lower left: Original label by R. Van Saceghem, Francolinus camerunensis ruandae VAN SACEGHEM. RMCA register number written by H. Schouteden.
Upper right: Field label by A. Prigogine (recto) Andropadus hallae PRIGOGINE. Note ‘secundo Prigogine virens nova forma’ written by H. Schouteden. RMCA register number in unknown handwriting.
Lower right: Field label by A. Prigogine (verso) Andropadus hallae PRIGOGINE. Holotype status written by A. Reygel.
Figure 2. Typical labels.
Upper left: Field label by H. Granvik (recto) *Glaucidium tephronotum elgonense* GRANVIK. Note the intentional name, not used in publication. RMCA register number added by H. Schouteden.
Lower left: Field label by H. Granvik (verso) *Glaucidium tephronotum elgonense* GRANVIK. RMCA register number added by H. Schouteden.
Upper right: Original label by V. G. L. van Someren (recto) *Terpsiphone rufiventer somereni* CHAPIN. The number ‘30’ is probably a later addition.
Lower right: Original label by V. G. L. van Someren (verso) *Terpsiphone rufiventer somereni* CHAPIN. RMCA register number in stamp, new name and ‘PT’ (paratype status) written by H. Schouteden. The letter ‘A’ refers to a category in van Someren’s catalogue.
The RMCA also holds type material from East Africa. In 1933, Dr Hugo Granvik deposited part of the types used for the description of his new taxa from Mt Elgon, Kenya (Granvik, 1934) (the remainder are in the NHMM, Sweden). See typical label on Figure 2, upper and lower left. In 1958–1960, seven lots, totalling 2,165 specimens of Dr Victor Garnur Logan van Someren’s private collection, obtained in Uganda, Kenya and present-day Somalia (Cunningham van Someren, 1988), was acquired. This is another important source of type material in the RMCA. A larger part of this collection was purchased by the FMNH. The specimens available for sale by van Someren were listed in a typed and photocopied ‘Catalogue’, annotated in handwriting by van Someren and Schouteden. However, as we will make clear in the comments below, this catalogue includes a number of inconsistencies (see, for example, the discussion under Anthoscopus musculus guasso and Bradornis griseus ukamba). In 1932 the AMNH had already obtained many van Someren types by acquiring bird material from Lord Rothschild’s collection in Tring, U.K. (Greenway, 1973, 1978; Knox & Walters, 1992). But the all too brief descriptions of van Someren’s new taxa and the deposit of types created confusion (see Hartert in van Someren, 1922: 3). See Figure 2, upper and lower right, for a typical ‘van Someren coll.’ label. Consequently, at present, the identification of his types is sometimes problematic. For example, both the FMNH and the RMCA have a specimen of Pytelia melba jubaensis that could be the holotype. From the age of the specimens (juvenile in the RMCA, adult in the FMNH), we conclude that the holotype is in the FMNH. Also, in some cases, the actual location of his type material is difficult to ascertain. For example, one specimen, supposedly the holotype of Cinnyris habessinicus turkanae, is now in the FMNH, but another one is in the AMNH. The latter is perhaps more likely, because in the description its destination was ‘Tring Museum’ (but we, at the RMCA, do not want to ‘choose’ amongst them in this publication!) (see also LeCroy, 2010: 145-146). The location of the holotype of Mirafra longonotensis is unknown (LeCroy, 2003: 9-10), because no ‘correct’ specimen exists either in the RMCA, AMNH or FMNH. A thorough study in all museums concerned, including the BMNH, could still improve our knowledge of the status of the van Someren types, which, admittedly, are now mainly of historical value. This task includes a final decision on the claimed designation by Hartert (1920, 1922, 1928) of ‘lectotypes’ amongst the material in the ‘Tring Museum’ (LeCroy & Sloss, 2000: 4). As in our previous publication (Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002), we take the point of view that it is justified to simply confirm holotype status in many cases (see discussion on Laniarius ruficeps cooki).

The lifelong friendship between Henri Schouteden and James Chapin of the AMNH (see Friedmann, 1966), resulted in the description of some bird taxa by Chapin from type material in the RMCA, the most famous being Afropavo congensis.

The RMCA type card catalogue was revised in part by Annelies Louage in 1997-1998.

After the independence of the Belgian colonies in 1960-1962 and after Schouteden’s death in 1972, fewer new taxa were described from the existing collection (some recent ones originate from fieldwork in the Comoro Islands). Michel Louette and Alain Reygel added information on this new type material and revised the list thoroughly, using, where possible, the original field lists drafted by the collector (e.g. for Alexandre Prigogine). The field lists of Prigogine and his correspondence reveal, for example, that his collector Kalinde Musiko was in Marungu in 1971, not in 1970, as mentioned erroneously in Dowsett & Prigogine (1974: 15).
Danny Meirte entered all the data in a database called ‘Museum’. This database, programmed by him under DataPerfect 2.6f, contains the main sources used for generating the list: i.e. label (and registration) data on one hand, publication and specimen type status data on the other hand. Other data on taxonomical (nomenclatural), geographical and historical issues are integrated as well.

We are convinced that, apart from the need to have up to date information in a database, it is highly desirable to publish this list of types and of material in taxa which we consider not to have type value, even if this information is, for the most part, of only historical value. In fact, the fourth Edition of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature, adopted by the International Union of Biological Sciences (International Trust for Zoological Nomenclature, 1999), abbreviated hereafter as ‘the Code’, recommends all museums to do so (Recommendation 72F.4). We do hope that this publication is a small step towards enhanced knowledge of avian diversity.

Type material may be studied in the RMCA by qualified systematicists, but it is not available for loan (except some paratypes – at the discretion of the curator) (see LeCroy & Vuilleumier, 1992: 196).

**TYPE AND ‘REFUTED TYPE’ LIST**

A total of 988 type specimens are involved. The number of taxa represented by type material has grown to 227. At least 103 of these are still in use as valid names of species or subspecies; the remainder are synonyms or require confirmation. This material originates exclusively from Africa (number of taxa from Democratic Republic of Congo: 110; Kenya: 72; Uganda: 30; Somalia: 8; Rwanda: 6; Zambia: 3; Comoros: 2; Ethiopia: 2; Tanzania: 2; Angola: 1; Liberia: 1; São Tomé & Príncipe: 1; Zimbabwe: 1).

As already alluded to, a number of specimens were erroneously considered as having type status by Schouteden (but – as far as we can deduce – he only occasionally referred to them as such, and only in his own publications).

Refuted type specimens are those in the RMCA that were considered ‘cotype’ or ‘paratype’ by Schouteden in his card catalogue, but that are not mentioned by the author in the taxon description: their locality is not cited, or they were collected after the description, or they have no type status according to the Code.

Taxa holding solely refuted type specimens are listed separately. This ‘Refuted Type’ list is provided for later use, because errors cannot be excluded. Indeed, it is possible that genuine type material in the RMCA is refuted by our actions (see Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002), e.g. for the following taxa, involving incorrect sex (*Apalis jacksoni*), imprecise date (*Granatina ianthogaster rothschildi*) and imprecise locality (*Bradornis taruensis*).

Conversely, as is so often the case in old collections, the correctness of type status of some of the other specimens listed is also in doubt, owing, for example, to a different sex indication on the (new) label, multiple specimens from same locality and date, possible distribution among several museums, etc.

The present list is annotated appropriate, including reasons for considering or refuting some particular specimens as types. The authority on the status is the Code and the source is the publication, not indications on labels.

We do not introduce the category ‘allotype’. It is mentioned only when used by the describer himself. The usual indication is ‘paratype’.

We do not introduce sex indication based on external morphology.

When the RMCA does not hold the holotype or holds only part of the syntype series, its location in another museum is indicated, as far as we could deduce it. In those cases, we used information provided by D. Willard (FMNH), M. LeCroy (AMNH), S. Wadén (NHMM) and R. Dowsett (various). Not all paratypes in other museums were traced. Catalogue numbers for type specimens in the AMNH are available in Greenway (1973, 1978, 1987), LeCroy & Sloss (2000) and LeCroy (2003, 2005, 2008, 2010); those in the BMNH are in Warren (1966) and Warren & Harrison (1971, 1973); those in the MCZ are in Peters (1943), and those in the ZFMK are in Niethammer (1955). We accepted in general the information obtained from the other museums, and we critically evaluated the type status of the material in the RMCA.

**FORMAT**

The Type and ‘Refuted Type’ lists are arranged in taxonomical order for the bird families. Sequence and names of families are those in Dowsett & Forbes-Watson (1993), except that we use Pteroclididae, an emendation for Pteroclidae TEMMINCK, 1815 (based on the type genus *Pterocles*). Within the families, we use alphabetical order, according to the genus name proposed for the taxon in the original description. The presentation of each taxon has three parts. In the header, the original name, the author(s)’s name and the reference of the publication are given. The taxon’s present name for the taxon according to ‘The Howard & Moore Complete Checklist of the Birds of the World’ (Dickinson ed., 2003) follows. This work follows the propositions made by David & Gosselin (2002a, 2002b) for gender of genus names and gender agreement of species names. However, in some cases we departed from this list, using a modern revision. Obviously, where we departed or disagreed with Dickinson (ed., 2003), is indicated in the text. As mentioned before, family attribution of genera is not according to Dickinson (ed., 2003), so the subfamily Lybiinae in the family Ramphastidae is treated as a full family.

The body of each taxon presentation consists of a list of specimens. In this list, all specimens under consideration are documented. First, their type status (see below) and collection number (using the Museum acronym and its identification number) are given, followed by data concerning sex and age of the specimen. The heading ‘prp:’ is followed by the actual preparation and condition of the specimen. Under the heading ‘rec:’, the collector, possibly with the field number (between round brackets) and the collecting date, are given. The heading ‘loc:’ is followed by the locality, altitude (preceded by the indication ‘alt.’ or ‘alt:’) and the country (political entity, as used at the time of collecting, between square brackets). Any additional remarks on a specimen are placed in ‘rem:’.

The type status is a combination of the following: final status (which can only be Holotype, Syntype, Paratype, Lectotype, Paral ectotype or none), status, as mentioned in non-published documentation (e.g. labels, register, Schouteden’s card catalogue, ‘catalogue’ of the van Someren sale); status attribution (lectotype) will be followed by the reference source. All label data (including sex, age and locality) reflect the most recent and complete data set. All data were verified using original field lists where available. When published data (e.g. the taxon description) were complementary, these were added. However, when they contradicted other data sets, information from field labels, field lists and original labels was used, in that order. Sources of information are given, where appropriate, and placed between square brackets.
Locality names are given in the contemporary spelling, and administrative regions are added where necessary. The country name is added for convenience, even if not explicitly given by the collector. Please note that country names may have changed several times over the years, notably ‘Etat indépendant du Congo’, later ‘Congo belge’, ‘Congo’, ‘Congo-Léopoldville’, ‘Congo-Kinshasa’, ‘Zaïre’ and finally ‘République démocratique du Congo’. The language used by the collector is preferred. In most cases this would be French because this was the language of colonization.

The ‘remarks’ on specimens include problems with the data set or notes on labels or in the register. Where convenient an English translation of collector’s notes is added between square brackets.

If needed, a taxon presentation concludes with comments on the type attribution, the publication or remarks not attributable to one specimen. The comments under the heading ‘Publ.’ mainly concern data as it was found on the original description, while the header ‘Types:’ lists comments of acceptance or refusal of particular specimens as type material.

The header ‘Note:’ deals with systematic or nomenclatorial issues (e.g. where we did not follow Dickinson (ed., 2003) or differences with other publications, including the previous edition, i.e. Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002). For this electronic version each taxon begins a new page and the references are listed under the heading ‘References:’.

**RELEVANT ARTICLES IN THE ICZN (FOURTH EDITION)**

In the Fourth Edition of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (effective 1 January 2000), the following articles are relevant:

72.4.1.1. For a nominal species or subspecies established before 2000, any evidence, published or unpublished, may be taken into account to determine what specimens constitute the type series.

72.4.7. The mere citation of ‘Type’ or equivalent expression, in a published work other than that in which the nominal species-group taxon is established, or in an unpublished catalogue of a museum, or on a label, is not necessarily evidence that a specimen is or is fixed as any of the kinds of types referred to in this Chapter [= Types in the Species Group].

73.1.3. The holotype of a new nominal species-group taxon can only be fixed in the original publication and by the original author.

74.5. Lectotype designations before 2000. In a lectotype designation made before 2000, either the term “lectotype”, or an exact translation or equivalent expression (e.g. “the type”), must have been used or the author must have unambiguously selected a particular syntype to act as the unique name-bearing type of the taxon. When the original work reveals that the taxon had been based on more than one specimen, a subsequent use of the term “holotype” does not constitute a valid lectotype designation unless the author, when wrongly using that term, explicitly indicated that he or she was selecting from the type series that particular specimen to serve as the name-bearing type.
74.6. Fixation of lectotype by inference of “holotype” or “the type” before 2000. When it has been accepted that a nominal species-group taxon was based on a single specimen and the original description neither implies nor requires that there were syntypes, and if it is considered subsequently that the original description was based on more than one specimen, the first author to have published before 2000 the assumption that the species-group taxon was based upon a single type specimen is deemed to have designated that specimen as the lectotype.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We are very grateful for the information on the van Someren types in the FMNH and the AMNH, provided respectively by D. Willard and M. LeCroy (with whom a lengthy and interesting correspondence followed). Information on Granvik’s types in the NHMM was provided by S. Wadén; on types in the RBINS by G. Lenglet; in the USNM by L. Craig; and in the ZMB by S. Frahnert. M. Herremans collected information on a type in the BMNH during a study visit. M. De Meyer provided information on some Kenyan localities.

Information for the short biographies was provided by M. De Meyer, P. Herroelen and P. Van Schuylenburgh (RMCA), P. Ericson (NRM) (information on Hugo Granvik), M. LeCroy (AMNH) (information on Dean Amadon), E. Warr (BMNH) (information on James Macdonald and Sheffield Neave) and W. Wendelen (RMCA) (information on Henry Pauwels).

R. Dowsett kindly read a draft of the entire text and provided many corrections and additions. S. Cooleman verified the updated version and provided several corrections. H. D. Oschadleus noted the omission of some specimens of *Hyphantornis feminina*. J. M. Van Dijck took the photographs. L. Gillette verified and improved the final text.
BIOGRAPHIES

Short biographies of authors who described type material present in the RMCA, followed by the number of taxa concerned.

Amadon, Dean [1]
Joined the AMNH in 1937, became Assistant Curator in 1940, Associate Curator in 1950, Lamont Curator in 1955, was Chairman from 1957-1973, and became Lamont Curator Emeritus. He was also President of the American Ornithologists’ Union from 1964-1966. He died in January 2003.

Bannerman, David Armitage [1]
Famous ornithological publicist. Honorary collaborator at the bird department of the BMNH, 1910-1952.

Benson, Constantine Walter [4]

Chapin, James Paul [13]

Clancey, Philip Alexander [1]

De Roo, Antoon [2]

Dirickx, Henri G. [1]
?:- (alive and well in 2009).
Dubois, Alphonse [12]  
1839-1921 (de Contreras, 1914; Coopman, 1921).  
Curator of birds at the (then) Musée royal d’Histoire Naturelle de Belgique, now RBINS, Brussels, 1869-1907.

Grant, Claude Henry Baxter [2]  
Early ornithological explorer of several African countries; in British Colonial administration Tanganyika Territory, 1919-1932; Honorary Associate at the BMNH, 1932-1958.

Granvik, Sven Hugo [7]  
1889-?  

Hall, B. Patricia [1]  
1917-  

Hartert, Ernst J. O. [2]  
Curator of Lord Walter Rothschild’s Museum in Tring (Great Britain), 1892-1930.

Herremans, Marc [2]  
1958-  
Exploratory missions to the Comoro Islands. Fieldwork in Botswana and South Africa.

Jackson, Frederick J. [2]  

Lönnberg, A. J. Einar [2]  
1865-1942 (obituary: Lowe, 1943).  
Professor at the NRM, Stockholm, Sweden, 1904-1933.

Louette, Michel [7]  
1948-  
Curator of birds at the RMCA, 1974-. Exploratory missions to Cameroon, Liberia and the Comoro Islands.
Loveridge, Arthur [1]
Curator at the Natural History Museum in Nairobi, Kenya, 1914; Curator at the
MCZ, 1924-1957.

Lynes, Hubert [16]
1874-1942 (obituary: Witherby, 1943).
Rearadmiral in the British Navy. Ornithological explorer on several continents,
notably the famous ‘Cisticola tour’ in Africa, from Cape to Cairo, 1926-1927.

Macdonald, James David [1]
Joined Bird Section of the BMNH in February 1935 and took charge of it in
1945. Took part in its South West Africa Expedition, 1949-1950, with Mrs B. P.
Hall and Col. F. O. Cave. Deputy Keeper of the BMNH Zoology Department,
in 2002 in Australia.

Mackworth-Praed, Cyril Winthrop [2]
Associate at the BMNH, 1919-1974.

Neave, Sheffield Airey [1]
Naturalist in Northern Rhodesia and Katanga (Congo), 1904-1913. Director at
Imperial Bureau of Entomology (UK) and Honorary Secretary of the
Entomological Society of London. Created the Nomenclator Zoologicus.
Honorary Secretary of the Zoological Society of London. During his African
expeditions, he compiled large collections of birds.

Neumann, Oscar [3]
Ornithological Explorer of East Africa for the ZMB, 1892-1894, and in
Ethiopia, 1900. Curator at Tring Museum, 1908. Honorary Associate at the
ZMB, 1908-1933. Honorary Associate, FMNH, 1941-1946.

Neunzig, Rudolf [2]
Aviculturist. Published important papers, e.g. on brood parasitism in Viduinae.

Ogilvie-Grant, W. R. [4]
Assistant Keeper of Zoology at the BMNH, 1882-1918.

Peters, James Lee [1]
Associate (1908-), Assistant (1921-) and Curator of birds (1932-1952) at the
MCZ.
Prigogine, Alexandre [37]  

Salomonsen, Finn [2]  
Assistant, later Curator of birds at the Zoological Museum in Copenhagen, 1943-1978.

Schouteden, Henri [19]  
On his career and for lists of his publications: Anonymous (1954); Basilewsky, Cahen & Poll (1971).

Sharpe, R. Bowdler [3]  
1847-1909 (Harting, 1910; Mearns & Mearns, 1998: 94).  
Head of the Bird Department at the BMNH, 1872-1909.

Van Saceghem, René R. [1]  
Collaborator, later Director of veterinary laboratory in Belgian Congo (various localities), 1911-1914 and 1919-1927, and Honorary Collaborator, 1933-1938.

van Someren, Victor Gurner Logan [78]  
Government medical officer in British East Africa (Kenya), 1911-1932.  
Honorary Curator, East Africa and Uganda Natural History Society, 1914-; Director of the Coryndon Memorial Museum (now National Museums of Kenya), Nairobi, 1938-1940.

Verheyen, René K. [1]  
Staff member at the RBINS 1938-1961 (Curator of birds, 1947-1961); Professor at Ghent University, 1959-1961. Participant in exploration of National Parks in Belgian Congo.

White, Charles M. N. [2]  
British Colonial Administrative Service, Northern Rhodesia (Zambia), 1938-1970.  
Published a complete checklist of African birds (including subspecies).
Wolters, Hans Edmund [1]

REFERENCES USED IN THE PREFACE (INTRODUCTION AND BIOGRAPHIES)


Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren.
Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren.
LIST OF TAXA WITH TYPE SPECIMENS IN THE RMCA

FAMILY PROCELLARIIDAE

_Puffinus lherminieri temptator_ LOUETTE & HERREMANS, 1985


Current name: _Puffinus temptator_ LOUETTE & HERREMANS, 1985

according to: Louette (2004: 96)

HOLOTYPE – RMCA 83043-A-0756 – _prp_: dry formalin fixed specimen (poor condition); _rec_: M. Louette (756) 9 November 1983; _loc_: St-Antoine (Moheli) _alt_: 697 m [Comores]; _rem_: [label:] ‘kop en borst uitgevreten’ [= head and breast eaten]

Remarks:

_Note:_ Austin, Bretagnolle & Pasquet (2004: 852) mention _P. temptator_ as a ‘species’. However, the same table lists five taxa (p. 858) that ‘should be synonymized’ (e. g. _P. loyemilleri_ with _P. lherminieri_), indicating that this is not a formal nomenclatorial act. Instead they recognize 13 ‘lower-level’ and three ‘higher-level’ taxa in the ‘_Puffinus assimilis-lherminieri_’-complex. Unfortunately, no systematical interpretation (at species or subspecies level) of their results is made, so the status of the taxon _temptator_ remains unclear, and is best treated at species level until its relations are clarified, see Louette (2004: 96).

References:


FAMILY ACCIPITRIDAE

*Astur tachiro tenebrosus* LÖNNBERG, 1917

Arkiv Zool. vol. 11(5) p. 2

Current name: *Accipiter tachiro sparsimfasciatus* (REICHENOW, 1895)

according to: Peters J. L. (1931: 209)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.8972 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: L. Bayer 14 March 1914; *loc*: Londiani [British East Africa]; *rem*: the original label shows printing: ‘Newland, Tarlton & Co, Ltd. Nairobi’

**Remarks:**

**Publ.** The original paper appeared 5 March 1917.

It was translated into French and commented upon by Schouteden (1917), published 30 September 1917.

The translation contains the indication ‘n’ for sp. n. but this is of no nomenclatural value.

**Types:** The holotype was later identified as a melanistic male of *Astur tachiro nyansae* by van Someren (1922: 40) and synonymized with *Astur tachiro sparsimfasciatus* by Friedmann (1930: 80). Chapin (1932: 630) only mentions that he examined the type of *tenebrosus* under the heading *sparsimfasciatus*, without formally listing it as a synonym. [Chapin (1932) did in fact not state the melanistic nature of the holotype as mentioned by Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 14)].

**References:**


FAMILY PHASIANIDAE

Afropavo congensis CHAPIN, 1936


Current name: Afropavo congensis CHAPIN, 1936

**Holotype** – RMCA A.27781 – ♂; **prp:** mounted specimen (stuffed for display) (good condition); **rec:** Compagnie Kasai; **loc:** Kasaï [Congo Belge]; **rem:** [in register:] ‘reçu avec étiquette (dét. Dubois): Pavo cristatus, importé’ [handwriting Schouteden]; this label is no longer present [August 2000]

**Paratype** (labelled: ‘Allotype’) – RMCA A.27782 – ♀; **prp:** mounted specimen (stuffed for display) (fair condition); **rec:** Compagnie Kasai; **loc:** Kasaï [Congo Belge]; **rem:** [in register:] ‘reçu avec étiquette (dét. Dubois): Pavo cristatus, importé’ [handwriting Schouteden]; this label is no longer present [August 2000]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** In the description, J. P. Chapin clearly designates the male as holotype. The other bird (a female by its morphology), he considered ‘supposedly’ of that sex, and he did not formally designate its type status. He indicates Upper Lukenie and Lusambo as restricted type localities.

**Types:** On the label of the female specimen H. Schouteden pencilled the word ‘allotype’.
**FAMILY PHASIANIDAE**

*Francolinus albogularis dewittei* CHAPIN, 1937  
Current name: *Francolinus albogularis dewittei* CHAPIN, 1937

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.22467 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1597) 20-27 June 1931; loc: Kasiki (Marungu) alt: 2300 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.22468 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1598) 20-27 June 1931; loc: Kasiki (Marungu) alt: 2300 m [Congo Belge]
FAMILY PHASIANIDAE

*Francolinus camerunensis ruandae* Van Saceghem, 1942

Original spelling: *Francolinus camerunensis var. Ruandae*


Current name: *Francolinus nobilis* Reichenow, 1908

according to: White (1965: 86)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.37745 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. Chauveaux; loc: Mutura/Rwankweri [Ruanda]**

References:

FAMILY PHASIANIDAE

*Francolinus nahani* DUBOIS, 1905


Current name: *Francolinus nahani* DUBOIS, 1905

**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.1016 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Nahan; loc: Popoie [Etat Indép. du Congo]**
FAMILY PHASIANIDAE

*Francolinus squamatus confusus* Schouteden, 1954

Original spelling: *Francolinus squamatus* forme *confusa*


indicated as preoccupied and replaced by *Francolinus squamatus* *whitei*

Schouteden, 1954[1954]

in: Schouteden, 1954


Current name: *Francolinus squamatus* *squamatus* Cassin, 1857

according to: White (1965: 89)

[including synonymy]


**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) – RMCA A.7480 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: C. Christy 18 December 1913; loc: Mawambi [Belgian Congo]


**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) – RMCA A.14560 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: Lang & Chapin 17 February 1910; loc: Gamangui [Belgian Congo]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) – RMCA A.15529 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (787) 1 April 1925; loc: Manda [Congo Belge]; rem: exchanged from AMNH in January 1926, former number: AMNH 156946

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) – RMCA A.19811 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) – RMCA A.24760 – prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut June 1934; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]
PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) – RMCA A.26570 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut (56) 7 February 1936; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) – RMCA A.26571 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut (56) 7 February 1936; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) – RMCA A.29281 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut (56) 7 February 1936; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) – RMCA A.29282 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut 12 January 1944; loc: Barisi [Congo Belge]


PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 16) – RMCA A.64403 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: Abbeloos; loc: Banguru [Congo Belge]

NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:
– RMCA A.38226 – pullus; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut 6 January 1945; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15)]
– RMCA A.38227 – pullus; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut 6 January 1945; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15)]
– RMCA A.38228 – pullus; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut 6 January 1945; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15)]
– RMCA A.38229 – pullus; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut 6 May 1945; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15)]
– RMCA A.38230 – pullus; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: J. Hutsebaut 6 May 1945; loc: Buta [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15)]
Remarks:

**Publ.:** *Francolinus squamatus confusus* SCHOUDEN, 1954 is preoccupied by *Francolinus coqui confusus* NEUMANN, 1933, a race of *Francolinus schlegelii*. The same year Schouteden published *Francolinus squamatus whitei* as a replacement name, specifying that he published *Francolinus squamatus confusa* ‘par inadvertance’. White (1965: 68) however, accepted the validity of the publication as a description of a new taxon, and indicated the preoccupied status of the name on the same page in his publication.

In neither of his two publications Schouteden specified the type specimens.

In the original publication, as provenance, the whole area from Kasai to northern Uele is given.

**Types:** Without any doubt the complete type series has to be looked for in the RMCA. Unfortunately, due to the very wide ‘terra typica’ in total 27 specimens present in the RMCA are possible candidates for the type series and all should be considered syntypes.

Among those were 5 pulli, nrs RMCA 38226 to 38230, and two immature birds (nrs RMCA 379 and 7994). As the original publication does not describe the plumage of these, their syntype status remains highly questionable. Also nr RMCA 7480, a leucistic specimen, was not used in the description.

Even the syntype status of the remaining 19 candidates is questionable as only one specimen, RMCA nr 24760, shows on its label the word ‘type’, which was pencilled by H. Schouteden himself (an action which had however no nomenclatural value at the time).

The attribution made by Schouteden of pulli which were all collected independently from the adults arises the question of the opportunity of including them as types, as their attribution cannot be verified (other species of *Francolinus* do occur in the region).

Besides the curatorial need explained above, taxonomical integrity of the type series also demands the exclusion of several specimens. Due to the absence of any type specimen indication in the publication and the number of candidates and their questionable status, Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 16) formally selected specimen RMCA nr 24760 as lectotype. All other specimens from the terra typica present in the RMCA at that time become paralectotypes, although their type status remains questionable. For stability reasons, as explained above, specimens nrs RMCA 38226 to 38230 were removed from the type series.

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 15) indicate *Francolinus squamatus confusa* as the original spelling. However, in the sentence ‘La forme *confusa* SCHOUT.’ the feminine ending is due to the gender of the french ‘forme’, as it were the latin ‘forma’. In the index of the work, Schouteden (1954: 420), the taxon is listed as *confusus*.

**References:**


FAMILY NUMIDIDAE

_Guttera edouardi schoutedeni_ **CHAPIN, 1923**

Rev. Zool. Afr. vol. 11 p. 73

Current name: _Guttera pucherani verreauxi_ (**ELLIOT, 1870**) according to: Martínez (in: del Hoyo, Elliott & Sargatal (eds.)) (1994: 566) [including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.11985 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (768) 19 May 1921; _loc:_ Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11986 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (829) 26 May 1921; _loc:_ Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE (not found)** – Not traced (1) – ♂; _rem:_ 6 males in the RMCA and 1 specimen with sexe unknown are candidates: RMCA 12056, 12058, 12059, 12060, 12061, 12943 and AMNH 174569 [see below] (possibly type) – AMNH 174569 – _rec:_ H. Schouteden (651); _loc:_ Bolobo; _rem:_ this specimen was received in exchange from RMCA; [data from M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

(possibly type) – RMCA A.12056 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (650) 28 March 1921; _loc:_ Bolobo [Congo Belge]

(possibly type) – RMCA A.12058 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (662) 5 April 1921; _loc:_ Kunungu [Congo Belge]

(possibly type) – RMCA A.12059 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (694) 12 April 1921; _loc:_ Mongende [Congo Belge]

(possibly type) – RMCA A.12060 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (695) 12 April 1921; _loc:_ Mongende [Congo Belge]

(possibly type) – RMCA A.12061 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (696) 17 April 1921; _loc:_ Mongende [Congo Belge]

(possibly type) – RMCA A.12943 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ T. N’Gwe (516) 1922; _loc:_ Kunungu [Congo Belge]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** In the original description the number of types can be deduced as follows:

First, the holotype (a female from Kwamouth) is described.

Then under ‘measurements’ two male paratypes are indicated by the sentence ‘The two other specimens before me’, without indication of their locality. These specimens were the ones Chapin had on loan (in 1923).

Finally, under ‘Specimens Examined’ a total of nine specimens of both sexes from Lake Tumba, Bolobo and Kwamouth are mentioned. Most probably the holotype is counted amongst them.

These are the specimens Chapin examined while visiting the RMCA in 1921.

**Types:** Schouteden’s card catalogue mentions only the holotype and one paratype. Because the loan form is no longer available, we cannot identify the additional male Chapin had before him at the time of description. All male specimens present in the RMCA at that moment (1923) are potential candidates, and are listed accordingly. One other specimen (with field number 651) was given in exchange to the AMNH and is also a potential candidate.

**References:**

FAMILY NUMIDIDAE

*Numida ptilorhyncha inermis* Dubois, 1905

Original spelling: *Numida ptilorhyncha* var. *Inermis*


Current name: *Numida meleagris meleagris* (Linnaeus, 1758)

according to: Martínez (in: del Hoyo, Elliott & Sargatal (eds.)) (1994: 565)

[synonymy according to: Peters J. L. (1934: 135)]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.354 – *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Weyns; *loc*:
Province Orientale, Stanleyville [Etat Indép. du Congo]

References:


**FAMILY PTEROCLIDIDAE**

*Pterocles lichtensteinii nigricans* Neumann, 1934  

Current name: *Pterocles lichtensteinii sukensis* Neumann, 1909  
according to: White (1965: 149)  
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – MCZ 166786 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** O. Neumann 6 April 1925; **loc:** southern Ethiopia: Suksuk River (between Lake Zwai and Achafdo); [data from Peters (1943: 56)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.28417 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** O. Neumann 4 April 1925; **loc:** riv. Suksuki [Abyssinie]

**References:**  
FAMILY COLUMBIDAE

Vinago calva salvadorii Dubois, 1897

Original spelling: Vinago[calva] salvadorii

Current name: Treron calvus schalowi Reichnow, 1880
according to: Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 173)

LECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 18) – RBINS 3148 – ♀; rec: E. Storms 1887; loc: Tanganika; [data according to G. Lenglet (pers. comm.)]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 18) – RBINS 3149 – ♂; rec: E. Storms 1887; loc: Tanganika; [data according to G. Lenglet (pers. comm.)]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 18) – RBINS 3150 – ♂; rec: E. Storms 1887; loc: Tanganika; [data according to G. Lenglet (pers. comm.)]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 18) – RMCA A.29394 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: E. Storms; loc: région de Pala, Tanganika [Congo Belge]

Remarks:

Publ.: The number of specimens is not specified in the publication, only the terra typica ‘Tanganyka’ is given.

Hartert & Goodson (1918: 351) restrict the terra typica to the region west of lake Tanganika (‘no doubt from the western shores’). Chapin (1939: 179) agrees with ‘southern shores of Lake Tanganika near Karema or Mpala’.

Verheyen (1947: 17), however, restricts the terra typica to the oriental shores.

He reports on one specimen as ‘type’ and 2 other specimens labelled ‘co-type’, a designation done by A. Dubois [according to Verheyen (1947: 18)].

Schouteden (1949: 300) rectifies the situation and even restricts the terra typica further to the neighbourhood of Pala [= Mpala], where Storms was working. Storms was the only bird collector from that region, and Dubois could only have had his collections before him. Schouteden also mentions the presence of one ‘paratype’ in the RMCA.

Types: Specimen RMCA nr 29394 was labelled ‘paratype’ by Schouteden.

As this specimen was clearly available to the author (following a note in the RMCA register), there is no indication to doubt its position among the type series.

Verheyen (1947: 48) did not remove any of his ‘co-types’ from the taxon nor did he indicate a lectotype.

The action of Verheyen (1947: 17) to designate a ‘type’ is of no nomenclatural value. Neither is the ‘paratype’-status attributed to the RMCA specimen by Schouteden (1949: 299-300). All specimens under consideration are syntypes.

As Verheyen (1947) mentioned the doubtful attribution of the ‘co-types’, Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 17) designated RBINS nr 3148 as lectotype.

Consequently, the three other syntypes became paralectotypes.

Note: Peters (1937: 21) and White (1965: 166) list Vinago salvadorii as original name. In Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 17) Vinago calva Salvadorii is given. The capitalisation of the subspecific epithet in the latter is in error. However,
the description mentions a ‘Vinago salvadorii, subsp. nov.’ and the text states ‘La différence de coloration étant constante entre les sujets du V. calva de l’Afrique occidentale et ceux de …, je propose de la distinguer du type spécifique comme variété géographique...’. The omission of the specific name calva in the header must be an editorial error.

References:
FAMILY **MUSOPHAGIDAE**

*Ruwenzorornis johnstoni bredoi* **VERHEYEN, 1947**

Bull. Mus. R. Hist. Nat. Belg. vol. 23(9) p. 4


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**HOLOTYPE** (‘Type’ in original publication) – RBINS 3163 – ♀; **rec:** H. J. Bredo (6926) 8 July 1941; **loc:** Mont Kabobo (Albertville), Tanganika [Congo Belge]; [data according to G. Lenglet (pers. comm.)]; [field number from original publication]

**PARATYPES** – RBINS (8 ♂♂, 2 ♀♀) – 3164-3167, 3169-3171, 3173-3175

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.52963 – ♂ ad.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. J. Brédo July 1941; **loc:** mt. Kabobo (W lac Tanganyika, au N d’Albertville) [Congo Belge]; **rem:** formerly registered in RBINS under RBINS nr 3122 until September 1950 [data from G. Lenglet (pers. comm.); [in register:] entr. date: 1 December 1950; ‘échange contre nr. 50549 (Inst. Sc. Nat. Belg. [= RBINS] nr 18135)’

**PARATYPE** – USNM 461562 – ♂; **rec:** H. J. Brédo (6922) 15 July 1941; **loc:** Mont Kabobo, Albertville, Tanganika [Congo Belge]; [data from L. Craig (pers. comm.)]; **rem:** formerly registered in RBINS under RBINS nr 3172 until June 1956 [data from G. Lenglet (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – USNM 461563 – ♀; **rec:** H. J. Brédo (6903) 9 July 1941; **loc:** Mont Kabobo, Albertville, Tanganika [Congo Belge]; [data from L. Craig (pers. comm.)]; **rem:** formerly registered in RBINS under RBINS nr 3168 until June 1956 [data from G. Lenglet (pers. comm.)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.** The original publication mentions August 1941 as collecting date. However, according to G. Lenglet (pers. comm.) the date on the RBINS nr 3163 specimen is 8 July 1941.

**References:**

FAMILY TYTONIDAE

*Phodilus prigoginei* Schouteden, 1952


Current name: *Phodilus prigoginei* Schouteden, 1952

**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.55987 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2470) 23 March 1951; loc: Muusi alt: 2430 m [Congo Belge]**
FAMILY Tytonidae

*Strix cabrae* Dubois, 1902

Original spelling: *Strix cabrae*

Synops. Avium Volume 2 p. 900

Current name: *Tyto capensis capensis* (Smith A., 1834)

according to: Peters J. L. (1940: 84)

[including synonymy]

**Holotype** – RMCA A.852 – *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Cabra; *loc*:

vallée de la Lufu [Etat Indép. du Congo]

References:

FAMILY STRIGIDAE

*Glaucidium albertinum* Prigogine, 1983

Current name: *Glaucidium capense albertinum* Prigogine, 1983
according to: Dowsett & Dowsett-Lemaire (1993: 336)

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.114546 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (12538) 26 April 1966; *loc*: Musangakye *alt*: 1690 m [Congo (Léopoldville)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.50988 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (986) 14 January 1950; *loc*: Lundjulu *alt*: 1120 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.64954 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Schepens 13 January 1953; *loc*: Lundjulu [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.69589 – *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: Br. Aureliaan 10 September 1953; *loc*: Rugege (woud) [Ruanda]

**References:**

FAMILY STRIGIDAE

*Glaucidium scheffleri clanceyi* PRIGOGINE, 1985

Gerfaut vol. 75 p. 138

Current name: *Glaucidium capense scheffleri* NEUMANN, 1911

according to: Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 19)

[synonymy according to: Kemp (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (1988: 141)]

| **HOLOTYPE** – RBINS 26142 – ♀ ad.; **rec:** Mission G.-F. de Witte 22 June 1948; **loc:** Munoi, Parc national de l’Upemba [Congo Belge]; [data from original publication] |
| **PARATYPE** – RMCA A.37013 – ♂ ad.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (775) 28 December 1933; **loc:** Missao de luz, Lunda distr. [Angola] |

Remarks:


References:


FAMILY STIGIDAE

_Glaucidium tephronotum elgonense_ GRANVIK, 1934  
Current name: _Glaucidium tephronotum medje_ CHAPIN, 1932  
according to: Herroelen, Louette & Adams (1999: 158)  
[including synonymy]


**Remarks:**  
*Publ.:* The publication gives as date of collection 1 July 1926, while elsewhere (on the original label, on the RMCA label and in the register) ‘1 June 1926’ appears, which we consider as being correct.

**Note:** By following Herroelen, Louette & Adams (1999: 158), as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 19), we disagree with Dickinson (2003: 231), who apparently missed both publications.

**References:**


FAMILY *CAPRIMULGIDAE*

*Caprimulgus nubicus taruensis* V.AN SOMEREN, 1919


Current name: *Caprimulgus nubicus torridus* LORT PHILLIPS, 1898

according to: Mackworth-Praed & Grant (1952: 684)

[including synonymy]

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**PARATYPE – RMCA A.97594 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 26 March 1918; loc: Tsavo [Kenya]**

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**References:**


FAMILY CAPRIMULGIDAE

*Caprimulgus prigoginei* LOUETTE, 1990

Ibis Vol. 132 p. 349

Current name: *Caprimulgus prigoginei* LOUETTE, 1990

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.78975 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5967) 11 August 1955; **loc:** Malenge **alt:** 1280 m [Congo Belge]
FAMILY APODIDAE

*Apus myoptilus chapini* Prigogine, 1957


**Holotype** – RMCA A.78820 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5812) 2 August 1955; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.66058 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (3838) 25 March 1953; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.71823 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4865) 22 June 1954; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.78817 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5809) 10 July 1955; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.78818 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5810) 1 August 1955; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.78819 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5811) 26 July 1955; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.78821 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5813) 1 August 1955; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.78822 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5814) 2 August 1955; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.78959 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5951) 19 August 1955; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.84349 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6514) 20 September 1956; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.84351 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6516) 6 September 1956; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.84352 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6517) 20 September 1956; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.84353 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6518) 22 August 1956; **loc:** Kamitiga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.84354 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6519) 6 September 1956; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.84355 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6520) 20 September 1956; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.84356 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6521) 17 February 1955; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.84357 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6522) 22 August 1956; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**Not accepted as type material:**

– RMCA A.84350 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6515) 28 October 1956; **loc:** Tubangwa alt: 1910 m [Congo Belge]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 20)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The describer has seen all specimens collected in Kamituga before 1957 (‘longue série’). In a table he mentions 15 paratypes: 10 males and five females. In the chapter on reproduction one female collected on 6 September and four females

Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 44


collected on 20 September are discussed while a footnote states that the reproduction organs of specimens from other dates were not examined.

**Types:** The locality Tubangwa is not mentioned in the description. Therefore, the specimen RMCA nr 84350 from that locality is not a paratype, although it was available at that time.
Seven females were available. All these specimens are paratypes, probably two females do not figure in the table.
However, only three were collected on 20 September 1956.

**References:**
FAMILY APODIDAE

*Apus nakuruensis* Van Someren, 1919


Current name: *Apus niansae niansae* (Reichenow, 1887)

according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (1988: 219)

[synonymy according to: Peters J. L. (1940: 247)]

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 635256 – ♂; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 14 May 1917; *loc*: Nakuru, Kenya; [data from Greenway (1978: 160)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97894 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 20 December 1916; *loc*: lac Nakuru [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97895 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 20 December 1916; *loc*: lac Nakuru [Kenya]

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**References:**


**FAMILY APODIDAE**

*Apus schoutedeni* Prigogine, 1960


Current name: *Schoutedenapus schoutedeni* (Prigogine, 1960)
according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (1988: 208)

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.103836 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (excellent condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (9737) 28 October 1959; *loc*: Butokolo *alt*: 1470 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.103835 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (9736) 28 October 1959; *loc*: Butokolo *alt*: 1470 m [Congo Belge]

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**References:**

FAMILY APODIDAE

*Chaetura thomensis* Hartert, 1900

Original spelling: *Chaetura thomensis*


Current name: *Zoonavena thomensis* (Hartert, 1900) according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (1988: 199)


**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**


**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** In the original description only three specimens, all from Pedroma, are mentioned.

Hartert (1922: 400) discusses the taxon and only mentions one type, referring to an illustration in Hartert (1901). However, none of these publications do specify the specimen involved. But before, Hartert (1901: 425) did mention at least 5 specimens from Buenos Ayres, Angolares and Pedroma.

Greenway (1978: 158) designated a lectotype. Moreover, three specimens AMNH nrs 634894, 634895 and 634896 were listed as paralectotypes.

**Types:** The specimens AMNH nrs 634894 and 634895 are not among the type series as the locality Buenos Aires was not given by the describer, and therefore cannot be paralectotypes.

Hartert (1922: 400) did not designate a lectotype and the reference to this work in Greenway (1978: 158) is unfortunate; however, this does not invalidate the lectotype designation of AMNH nr 634897 by Greenway.

The original syntypes are AMNH nrs 634896 and 634897 and RMCA nr 2115.

Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 21) corrected the designation by Greenway and designated AMNH nr 634896 and RMCA nr 2115 paralectotypes, depriving all other specimens from paralectotype status.

**References:**


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HARTERT, E. 1901. On the birds on plate VII. *[Chaetura thomensis]*. *Novitates Zoologicae* 8: 425.


FAMILY COLIIDAE

*Colius leucocephalus turneri* van Someren, 1919

Current name: *Colius leucocephalus turneri* van Someren, 1919

**Holotype** – AMNH 633923 – ♂; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren March 1919; *loc*: northern Guaso Nyiro, Kenya; [data from Greenway (1978: 197)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.97958 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren April 1919; *loc*: N’Guasso Nyiro [Kenya]

**References:**


FAMILY COLIIDAE

*Colius striatus kikuyensis* **VAN SOMEREN, 1919**


Current name: *Colius striatus kikuyensis* **VAN SOMEREN, 1919**

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 634012 – ♂; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 14 May 1918; **loc**: near Nairobi, Kenya; [data from Greenway (1978: 197)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97952 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 30 September 1917; **loc**: Ruiru river [Kenya]

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**References**:

### Family Coliidae

**Colius striatus marangu**<br>Van Someren, 1939  

Current name: *Colius striatus cinerascens* Neumann, 1900  
according to: White (1965: 218)  
[including synonymy]

| **Holotype** – FMNH 204464 – ♂ | **rec:** 9 August 1920; [data from original publication]; **loc:** Marango, S slopes Mt Kilimanjaro; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]  
| **Paratype** – RMCA A.97943 – ♂ | **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 9 June 1920; **loc:** Kilimandjaro, Moshi [Tanganyika Territory] |

**References:**  
FAMILY COLIIDAE

*Colius striatus ugandensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1919


Current name: *Colius striatus kiwuensis* REICHENOW, 1908

according to: White (1965: 219)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 633986 – ♂; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 28 May 1906; **loc:** Chagwe, Uganda; [data from Greenway (1978: 197)]; **rem:** ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97953 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 5 June 1917; **loc:** Kerio river [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97954 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 23 May 1918; **loc:** Nakuru [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97957 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 2 February 1912; **loc:** Lugumonet [Kenya]

**References:**


FAMILY ALCEDINIDAE

*Isidina leopoldi* DUBOIS, 1905

Current name: *Alcedo leucogaster leopoldi* (DUBOIS, 1905)
according to: Peters J. L. (1945: 177)

**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.9695** – *prp:* dry skin (fair condition); *rec:* F. Lemaire; *loc:* lac Léopold II [Etat Indép. du Congo]; *rem:* [in register:] ‘En 1943, le Cd. Colmant me dit que le récolteur était Fr. Lemaire’ [= In 1943, Cd. [= Commandant F.] Colmant tells me that the collector was Fr. Lemaire]

**References:**
FAMILY *ALCEDINIDAE*

*Ispidina picta jubaensis* **VAN SOMEREN, 1931**


Current name: *Ceyx pictus pictus* **(BODDAERT, 1783)**

according to: Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 22)

[synonymy according to: White (1965: 226)]

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**HOLOTYPE** – FMNH 193869 – ♂; **rec:** July 1922; **loc:** Serenli, Juba River; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.97797 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren July 1922; **loc:** Jubaland, Juba riv., Serenli [Kenya (Jubaland)]

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**References:**


FAMILY ALCEDINIDAE

*Mycioceyx ruficeps ugandae* VAN SÖMEROEN, 1921

Original spelling: *Mycioceyx ruficeps ugandæ*


Current name: *Ceyx lecontei* (Cassin, 1856)

according to: White (1965: 226)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 637425 – ♂; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 1 June 1919; **loc:** Budongo, Uganda; [data from Greenway (1978: 201)]; **rem:** ‘Tring Museum’ [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97799 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 7 February 1914; **loc:** Mabira forest [British East Africa]

References:


FAMILY **PHOENICULIDAE**

*Scoptelus pallidiceps* VAN SOMEREN, 1915


Current name: *Phoeniculus castaneiceps brunneiceps* (SHARPE, 1871)

according to: White (1965: 242)

[synonymy according to: Peters J. L. (1945: 252)]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 644407 – ♂; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 14 May 1914; *loc*: Kasala Forest, Uganda; [data from Greenway (1978: 218)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97887 – *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 9 October 1913; *loc*: Mabira forest [British East Africa]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.97886 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 2 October 1916; *loc*: Mubango forest [British East Africa]; *rem*: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 22)]

**References:**


FAMILY BUCERO-TIDAE

*Buceros kethullei* Dubois, 1900

Orn. Monatsber. vol. 8 p. 69

Current name: *Bycanistes albotibialis* (Cabanis & Reichenow, 1877)

according to: Dubois (1909: 130)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.486 – *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: C. de la Kéthulle 23 April 1899; *loc*: Nouvelle-Anvers [Etat Indép. du Congo]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.488 – *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: C. de la Kéthulle 2 May 1899; *loc*: Nouvelle-Anvers [Etat Indép. du Congo];

*rem*: [in register:] *loc*: Nouvelle-Anvers, île

**Remarks:**

*Note:* Although Dubois described the taxon originally under the name *Buceros (Pholidophalus) kethullei*, he stated later (Dubois 1909: 130) that he described it as *Pholidophalus kethullei*, admitting that the genus *Pholidophalus* was just an artificial genus holding the females of the genus *Bycanistes* that lack a helmet. Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 22) followed the subspecific status of the taxon, by using the name *Bycanistes cylindricus albotibialis*, as indicated by Peters (1945: 269) and by Dowsett & Forbes-Watson (1993: 51). This is no longer followed.

**References:**


FAMILY LYGNIIDAE

*Barbatula pusillus lollesheid* Van Someren, 1931

Current name: *Pogoniulus pusillus affinis* (Reichenow, 1879)
according to: Peters J. L. (1948: 47)
[including synonymy]

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**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’ according to Willard (pers. comm.)) – FMNH 195062 –
♂; **rec:** August 1922; **loc:** Serenli, Juba River; [data according to D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.97536 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition);
**rec:** V. G. L. van Someren August 1922; **loc:** Jubaland, Juba riv., Serenli [Kenya (Jubaland)]; **rem:** [note:] in 1925 Jubaland was transferred to Italian Somaliland and at present belongs to Somalia.

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**References:**
FAMILY LYBIIDAE

Barbatula rubrigularis DUBOIS, 1905
Current name: Lybius torquatus bocagei (SOUZA, 1886)
according to: Peters J. L. (1948: 57)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.1051 – prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: M. L. Depauw; loc: Katanga, lac Moero [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [in register:] reçu Aout04 [= received August 1904]

References:
FAMILY BUCANODONIDAE

Buccanodon whytii irwini BENSON, 1956


Current name: Stactolaema whytii sowerbyi SHARPE, 1898

according to: White (1965: 265)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE (‘Type’ in original publication) – NMZB 12284 – ♂; rec: S. Irwin (R4/16) 24 May 1953; [data from original publication]

PARATYPES – BMNH (3) –
PARATYPES – NMZB (10) –
PARATYPE – RMCA A.32841 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: C. D. Priest (626a) 15 May 1933; loc: Wedza [Rhodesia (British)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.32842 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: C. D. Priest (626c) 15 February 1933; loc: Wedza [Rhodesia (British)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.32843 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: C. D. Priest (626b) 15 February 1933; loc: Wedza [Rhodesia (British)]
PARATYPES – SAM (2) –

Remarks:

Publ.: Three specimens in the RMCA are mentioned by Benson not under the heading ‘Material’ but in a postscript.

Types: The three specimens contributed to the description of the taxon as ‘These specimens show the difference between the two races quite well’, also they form the only paratype material with wing measurements given. The specimens RMCA nrs 32841, 32842 and 32843 were registered in Schouteden’s files as paratypes.

Note: In Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 23) was indicated that the three RMCA specimens were labelled ‘Paratype’. This is not the case.

References:


FAMILY INDICATORIDAE

Indicator pumilio CHAPIN, 1958


Current name: Indicator pumilio CHAPIN, 1958


PARATYPE – RMCA A.87254 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: J. P. Chapin 1 June 1957; loc: Tshibati, near Lwiro alt: 6400 ft [Congo Belge]

NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.59773 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3186) 4 January 1952; loc: Kakanga alt: 1900 m [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 23)]
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.87054 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7156) 16 April 1957; loc: Mikenge [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 23)]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Publ.: RMCA nr 87254, collected by J. P. Chapin, is certainly a paratype as it is designated in the description.

Types: RMCA nrs 59773 and 87054 (collected by A. Prigogine), are registered in the RMCA type catalog as being ‘paratypes’. However, they do not belong to the type series, as they were merely compared with type material after the description.

References:


**FAMILY INDICATORIDAE**

*Melignomon eisentrauti* LOUETTE, 1981


Current name: *Melignomon eisentrauti* LOUETTE, 1981

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA 80036-A-0218 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** Louette & Rigaux (8218) 15 March 1980; **loc:** Nimba county, Grassfield [Liberia]; **rem:** [label:] ‘oog bruin, poten-bek olijfgeel [= eye brown, legs-bill olive]; 1 ei [= egg] diameter 8 mm, 2 ei [= egg] diameter 7 mm’

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**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** The holotype was collected near Grassfield, Liberia during a RMCA expedition in collaboration and under the direct authority of the Liberian Forestry Department. As stated by Colston & Curry-Lindahl (1986: 58), this expedition worked completely independently from the activities of the Nimba Field Station.

**Note:** Before describing the taxon, M. Louette had offered to send specimen RMCA nr 80036-A-0218 to the British Museum (Natural History) in order to enlarge the existing material for comparison. However, this offer was declined, despite the intension of a possible co-authorship. The statement made by Colston & Curry-Lindahl (1986: 59) on the matter should be rectified accordingly.

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**References:**

FAMILY PICIDAE

Campothera caroli budongoensis van Someren, 1921
Current name: Campothera caroli caroli (Malherbe, 1852)
according to: Short (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (1988: 531)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – AMNH 549623 – ♀; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 20 October 1913; loc:
Bugoma Forest, western Uganda; [data from Greenway (1978: 235)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.97441 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van
Someren 16 December 1918; loc: Budongo [British East Africa]

Remarks:
note: Campothera is an unjustified emendation of Campethera Gray G. R., 1837,
introduced by Sjöstedt (1892: 313).

References:
FAMILY PICIDAE

*Dendromus kasaicus* Dubois, 1911

*Rev. Fr. Ornithol.* vol. 22 p. 17

Current name: *Campethera caroli caroli* (Malherbe, 1852)

according to: Peters J. L. (1948: 121)

[including synonymy]

**Holotype** – RMCA A.55369 – *prp:* dry skin (fair condition); *rec:* Compagnie Kasai; *loc:* Kasaï [Congo Belge]; *rem:* [condition:] feathers of another bird implanted on the back by the preparator

**Remarks:**

*Publ.:* The author indicated the brightly coloured feather patch on the back as a specific characteristic of the new taxon.

*Types:* The type is a composite specimen. Bright green feathers belonging to another species (probably a *Merops* sp.) were implanted in the back of this woodpecker. See Figure 3. The author obviously did not notice this fraud.

Schouteden (1915) already mentioned that the beautiful green feathers (green like *Turacus Eminii*-sic-) are from another bird.

The taxon qualifies for the category ‘falsified species’. As prescribed by the Code (Art. 73.1.5), Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 24) already declared expressly that the bunch of alien feathers implanted does not belong to the holotype.

**References:**


Figure 3. The holotype of *Dendromus kasaicus*. 

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FAMILY PICIDAE

*Dendropicos goertae meridionalis* LOUETTE & PRIGOGINE, 1982


Current name: *Dendropicos goertae meridionalis* LOUETTE & PRIGOGINE, 1982

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.56187 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* P. Van Assche (165) 18 May 1950; *loc:* Katombe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.53071 – ♀; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* P. Van Assche 15 September 1950; *loc:* Katombe [Congo Belge]
FAMILY PICIdae

*Mesopicos xantholophus chloroticus* Van Someren, 1921


Current name: *Dendropicos xantholophus* Hargitt, 1883

According to: Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 317)

[synonymy according to: Peters J. L. (1948: 223)]

**HoloType** – AMNH 552023 – ♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 5 November 1915; loc: Lugalambo, Uganda; [data from Greenway (1978: 244)]

**ParatypE** – RMCA A.97472 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 3 May 1918; loc: Elgon [British East Africa]

References:


FAMILY PICIDAE

*Thripias namaquus turkanae* GRANVIK, 1934


Current name: *Dendropicos namaquus schoensis* (RÜPELL, 1842)

[synonymy according to: Peters J. L. (1948: 222)]

**SYNTYPE** – NHMM 1.1305 – ♂; *rec:* H. Granvik (1049) 18 July 1926; *loc:* Lotonok; [data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**SYNTYPE** – NHMM 2.1306 – ♀; *rec:* H. Granvik (1101) 31 July 1926; *loc:* Lotonok; [data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**SYNTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.25379 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* H. Granvik (836) 2 July 1926; *loc:* Kolosia [Kenya]

**SYNTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.25380 – ♀; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* H. Granvik (840) 3 July 1926; *loc:* Kolosia [Kenya]

**SYNTYPE** (not found) – Not traced – ♀; *rec:* H. Granvik July 1926; *loc:* Lotonok; [data from original publication]

Remarks:

**Types:** Although RMCA nrs 25379 and 25380 bear labels ‘holotype’ and ‘paratype’ respectively, the publication does not attribute holotype status to one particular specimen. Both specimens are syntypes. The specimens from Lotonok (one male and at least two females) are not in the RMCA collection, but two of them could be traced at the NHMM.

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 24 & 26) indicated that specimen RMCA 25379 was labelled ‘Holotype’ and specimen RMCA 25380 was labelled ‘Paratype’. This is not the case: both specimens are labelled ‘Type’.

References:


**FAMILY EURYLAIMIDAE**

*Smithornis capensis shimba*  
**VAN SOMEREN**, 1941  

Current name: *Smithornis capensis suahelicus*  
**GROTE**, 1926  
according to: Clancey (1970: 165)  
[including synonymy]

| Holotype (labelled: ‘Type’ according to Willard (pers. comm.)) – FMNH 195458 –  
| Φ; **rec**: 19 March 1941; **loc**: Shimba Hills **alt**: 1100 ft [Kenya]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]  
| Paratype – RMCA A.98701 – Φ; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 16 March 1941; **loc**: Shimba hills, Makadara forest [Kenya]  

**Remarks:**  

**References:**  
**FAMILY ALAUDIDAE**

*Mirafra africana chapini* GRANT & MACKWORTH-PRAED, 1939  
Current name: *Mirafra africana chapini* GRANT & MACKWORTH-PRAED, 1939

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**HOLOTYPE** – BMNH 1931.12.21.21 – ♀; **rec:** Admiral H. Lynes (1410) 3 January 1931; [data from original publication]  
**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.22741 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (2119) 17-19 August 1931; **loc:** Kanzenze [Congo Belge]
FAMILY ALAUDIDAE

*Mirafra angolensis marungensis* HALL, 1958  

Current name: *Mirafra angolensis marungensis* HALL, 1958

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.22285 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (1590) 20-27 June 1931; **loc:** Kasiki (Marungu) **alt:** 2300 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.22287 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (1606) 20-27 June 1931; **loc:** Kasiki (Marungu) **alt:** 2300 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.22288 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (1613) 20-27 June 1931; **loc:** Kasiki (Marungu) **alt:** 2300 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.22292 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (1660) 20-27 June 1931; **loc:** Kasiki (Marungu) **alt:** 2300 m [Congo Belge]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**
– RMCA A.22289 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (1621) 20-27 June 1931; **loc:** Kasiki (Marungu) **alt:** 2300 m [Congo Belge]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 26)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The description indicates a type series of four. The spelling of the locality name Kasiki was wrongly given as ‘Kasidi’.

**Types:** There are five specimens in the RMCA collection. The loan form RMCA 58/62 makes clear that the four nrs in the list above were the ones sent on loan to Mrs Hall and hence constitute the type series. Specimen RMCA nr 22289 was never sent to Mrs Hall and is thus merely a toptype.
FAMILY ALAUDIDAE
Mirafra fischeri kawirondensis VAN SOMEREN, 1921
Current name: Mirafra rufocinnamomea kawirondensis VAN SOMEREN, 1921
according to: Dean & Keith (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 28)

PARATYPE – RMCA A.98169 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 23 May 1916; loc: Kisumu [Kenya]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.98170 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 24 May 1916; loc: Kisumu [Kenya]

References:
FAMILY ALAUDIDAE

*Mirafra longonotensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1919


Current name: *Mirafra africanoides intercedens* REICHENOW, 1895

according to: White (1961: 24)

[including synonymy]

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**HOLOTYPE** (‘Type’ in van Someren (1919)) – Not traced – ♂ ad.; **rec:** A. Blainey Percival 7 June 1918; **loc:** Naivasha, Kenya; **rem:** ‘Tring Museum’ [data from original publication]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 556778-556782 – ad.; **rec:** Doherty; **loc:** Escarpment, B. E. A.; [data from LeCroy (2003: 9)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 556784-556785 – ad.; **rec:** Doherty; **loc:** Escarpment, B. E. A.; [data from LeCroy (2003: 9)]

**PARATYPE** (‘Holotype’ in Hartert (1928)) – AMNH 556814 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** A. Blainey Percival 10 July 1918; **loc:** Loita Plains [Kenya]; [data from Hartert (1928: 201) and LeCroy (2003: 9)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 556815 – ♀; **rec:** A. Blainey Percival 13 February 1918; **loc:** Naivasha [Kenya]; [data from LeCroy (2003: 9)]

**PARATYPES** – FMNH (3♂♂) – **rec:** February 1919; **loc:** Naivasha, B. E. A.; [data from LeCroy (2003: 9)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98176 – **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 12 July 1918; **loc:** Loita [Kenya]

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**Remarks:**

**Types:** The holotype, collected on 7 June 1918, was deposited in the Tring Museum. Although the Tring collection was supposedly transferred completely to AMNH, none of the specimens present there correspond exactly to its data. [Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 27); LeCroy (2003: 9)]. However, Hartert (1928: 201) published a different collection date, taken from the original label of the specimen. The date given in the original publication corresponds to the type label written by van Someren, attached to the same specimen AMNH 556814.

The specimen however does not correspond to the description of the holotype. Apparently, after the type label had been tied on the wrong specimen, the actual holotype was included in the part of the collection that was taken back to Kenya, as LeCroy (2003: 10) concluded.

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**References:**


FAMILY ALAUDIDAE

*Mirafra malbranti* Chapin, 1946


Current name: *Mirafra africana malbranti* Chapin, 1946

according to: Peters J. L. (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 11)

- **HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 308622 – ♂ ad; rec: R. Malbrant 29 September 1942; loc: 30 km S of Djambala [French Congo]; [data from original publication]
- **PARATYPES** – AMNH (2 ex.) – rec: R. Malbrant; loc: 30 km S of Djambala [French Congo]; [data from original publication]
- **PARATYPE** – RMCA A.28137 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Lynes (462) 8 October 1933; loc: Kilembe [Belgian Congo]

References:

FAMILY HIRUNDINIDAE

_Hirundo arcticincta_ SHARPE, 1891

_Ibis_ Ser. 6 vol. 3 p. 119

Current name: _Hirundo angolensis_ BARBOZA DU BOCAGE, 1869

according to: White (1961: 54)

[including synonymy]


**PARATYPE – RMCA A.30400 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: F. J. Jackson 22 February 1890; loc: mt. Elgon alt: 7000 ft [British East Africa]**

**References:**


**FAMILY HIRUNDINIDAE**

*Hirundo senegalensis aschani* GRANVIK, 1934

Rev. Zool. Bot. Afr. vol. 25 p. 113

Current name: *Cecropis senegalensis saturatior* (BANNERMAN, 1923)

according to: Peters J. L. (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 115)

[including synonymy]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYNTYPE (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.25608 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Granvik (433) 21 April 1926; loc: mt. Elgon [Kenya]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SYNTYPE – NHMM 1.845 – ♀; rec: H. Granvik (216) 22 March 1926; loc: Kitale near Mt. Elgon; [data from original publication and from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SYNTYPE – NHMM 2.1570 – ♀; rec: H. Granvik (170) 16 March 1926; loc: Mt. Elgon; [data from original publication and from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks:

Types: Besides one male at least 2 female specimens (collected 16 March and 22 March 1926) are also among the syntype series. Two specimens could be traced at the NHMM. R. J. Dowsett (pers. comm. 2004) suggests there is a holotype, namely specimen RMCA 25608, while considering the specimens at the NHMM to be paratypes. We maintain our position of 2002.

References:

FAMILY HIRUNDINIDAE

Hirundo senegalensis hybrida  
VAN SOMEREN, 1921

Current name: Cecropis senegalensis monteiri (HARTLAUB, 1862)
according to: Peters J. L. (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 115)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – AMNH 560688 – ♂;  
rec: V. G. L. van Someren 29 March 1918;  
loc: Tsavo [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2003: 35)]

PARATYPES – AMNH 560689-560690 – ♀;  
loc: Tsavo, Kenya; rec: V. G. L. van Someren; 
loc: Tsavo [Kenya]; [data from LeCroy (2003: 35)]

PARATYPE – AMNH 560692 – ♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren;  
loc: Samburu; [data from LeCroy (2003: 35)]

PARATYPES – AMNH 560694-560695 – ♀; rec: V. G. L. van Someren;  
loc: M’buyuni; [data from LeCroy (2003: 35)]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.97928 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 25 May 1920;  
loc: Mombasa [Kenya]

References:
LeCROY, M. 2003. Type specimens of birds in the American Museum of Natural History. Part 5. Passeriformes: Alaudidae,  
Hirundinidae, Motacillidae, Campephagidae, Pycnonotiae, Irenidae, Laniidae, Vangidae, Bombycillidae, Dulidae,  

FAMILY HIRUNDINIDAE

Riparia cincta suahelica VAN SOMEREN, 1922
Novit. Zool. vol. 29 p. 90
Current name: Riparia cincta suahelica VAN SOMEREN, 1922

PARATYPE – AMNH 559477 – rec: W. Doherty; [data according to LeCroy (2003: 33)]
PARATYPES – AMNH 559478-559483 – rec: van Someren; [data according to LeCroy (2003: 33)]

References:
FAMILY MOTACILLIDAE

*Anthus blayneyi* van Someren, 1919


Current name: *Anthus caffer blayneyi* van Someren, 1919

according to: Vaurie, White, Mayr & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 156)

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 571322 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: A. Blayney Percival 1 July 1917; *loc*: Lolgerein [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2003: 52)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 571323-571324 – ♀; *rem*: [data according to LeCroy (2003: 52)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98122 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (excellent condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 18 October 1917; *loc*: Simba [Kenya]

**PARATYPES** (not found) – Not traced (6) – [data according to LeCroy (2003: 52)]

References:


FAMILY MOTACILLIDAE

*Anthus brachyurus eludens* CLANCEY, 1985

Current name: *Anthus brachyurus leggei* OGILVIE-GRANT, 1906

according to: Pearson (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 230)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.28288 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (638) 4 November 1933; **loc:** Petianga **alt:** 2000 ft [Belgian Congo]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23416 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** N’Kele (3054) 5 September 1926; **loc:** Kunungu [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.35199 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** N’Kele (66) 1938-1939; **loc:** Kunungu [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.88354 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** N’Kele (561) 30 October 1957; **loc:** Madia [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.88355 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** N’Kele (562) 30 October 1957; **loc:** Madia [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPES** (not found) – Not traced (min. 4 ex.) –

Remarks:

**Publ.** The publication indicates 23 specimens under material examined with a range from Zaïre west to Lunda (Angola), Congo Brazzaville and Gabon. The paratype series however is restricted to six localities: Kananga, Kunungu, Petianga, Madia, headwaters of the Lubue and Loana Rivers, and Camma River.

**Types:** In Clancey’s publication the locality ‘Bokalakala’ is not listed under the paratype localities for *eludens*. In a paragraph treating *Anthus brachyurus leggei*, however, Clancey stated: the balance of the sample of a series taken at Bokalakala being more like *eludens* and only a singleton is attributable to *leggei*. Kunungu and Madia are collecting sites of Schouteden’s collector. All paratypes from those localities were most likely collected by him, and consequently in the RMCA collection. The paratypes for the other four localities are not in the RMCA.

**Note:** The type locality has been georeferenced at 04°22’S, 20°48’E by Vincent (1986: 125).

**References:**


FAMILY MOTACILLIDAE

*Anthus cinnamomeus itombwensis* PRIGOGINE, 1981

Gerfaut vol. 71 p. 565

Current name: *Anthus cinnamomeus itombwensis* PRIGOGINE, 1981

**Holotype** – RMCA A.86103 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (7087) 15 May 1957; **loc**: Kilumba [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.58367 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (2915) 21 September 1951; **loc**: lac Lungwe alt: 2740 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.58368 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (2916) 21 September 1951; **loc**: lac Lungwe alt: 2740 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.58370 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (2918) 18 September 1951; **loc**: Muusi alt: 2360 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.58371 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (2919) 18 September 1951; **loc**: lac Lungwe alt: 2710 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.66086 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (fair condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (3866) 9 May 1953; **loc**: Muusi alt: 2350 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.66087 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (3867) 23 April 1953; **loc**: Muusi alt: 2350 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.66088 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (3868) 28 April 1953; **loc**: lac Lungwe alt: 2710 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.66089 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (3869) 5 May 1953; **loc**: Muusi alt: 2640 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.66090 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (3870) 2 May 1953; **loc**: lac Lungwe [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.75938 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (5341) 19 July 1953; **loc**: Birala alt: 2250 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.75939 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (5342) 20 July 1953; **loc**: Mt. Mohi alt: 2120 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.75940 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (5343) 23 April 1953; **loc**: Muusi alt: 2330 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.79176 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (6095) 12 October 1955; **loc**: Kitoga alt: 2660 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.79177 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (6096) 19 October 1955; **loc**: Kitoga alt: 2610 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.79178 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (6097) 19 October 1955; **loc**: Kitoga alt: 2610 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.79179 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (6098) 13 October 1955; **loc**: Kitoga alt: 2600 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.79180 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (6099) 15 October 1955; **loc**: Kitoga alt: 2610 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.79181 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (6100) 19 October 1955; **loc**: Kitoga alt: 2620 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.79182 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (6101) 12 October 1955; **loc**: Kitoga alt: 2660 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.79183 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (6102) 19 October 1955; **loc**: Kitoga alt: 2610 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.79184 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (6103) 19 October 1955; loc: Kitoga alt: 2620 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.79185 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (6104) 19 October 1955; loc: Kitoga alt: 2620 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86094 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7078) 12 May 1957; loc: Kilumba [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86095 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (6103) 19 October 1955; loc: Kitoga alt: 2620 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86096 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7079) 16 October 1956; loc: Tubangwa alt: 1850 m [Congo Belge]; rem: [condition:] bill broken

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86097 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7080) 18 April 1957; loc: Mikenge [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86098 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7081) 24 April 1957; loc: Mianga [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86099 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7083) 15 May 1957; loc: Kilumba [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86100 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7084) 18 April 1957; loc: Mikenge [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86101 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7085) 22 October 1956; loc: Tubangwa alt: 1910 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86102 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7086) 3 April 1957; loc: Kipupu [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86103 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7087) 12 May 1957; loc: Kilumba [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86104 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7088) 15 May 1957; loc: Kilumba [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86105 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7089) 15 May 1957; loc: Kilumba [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.86106 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7090) 15 May 1957; loc: Kilumba [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89373 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7660) 16 October 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2290 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89374 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7661) 30 October 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2470 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89375 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7662) 26 October 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2470 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89376 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7663) 3 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2450 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89377 – ♂ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7664) 29 October 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2450 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89378 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7665) 6 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2480 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89379 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7666) 4 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2440 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89380 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7667) 3 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2440 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89381 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7668) 2 October 1951; loc: Mt. Moki alt: 3050 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.89382 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7669) 30 October 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2480 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.89383 – ♂ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7670) 30 October 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2420 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.89384 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7671) 30 October 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2440 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.89385 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7672) 9 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2390 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.93641 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (8057) 8 July 1958; loc: Luiko alt: 1940 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.94092 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (8507) 26 July 1958; loc: Luiko alt: 2010 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.94093 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (8508) 1 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2480 m [Congo Belge]
FAMILY Motacillidae

Anthus leucophrys marungensis Chapin, 1937

Current name: Anthus vaalensis neumanni Meinertzhagen, 1920
[synonymy according to: Vaurie, White, Mayr & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 151)]

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.22290 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1634) 20-27 June 1931; loc: Kasiki (Marungu) alt: 2300 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.22286 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1596) 20-27 June 1931; loc: Kasiki (Marungu) alt: 2300 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.22291 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1650) 20-27 June 1931; loc: Kasiki (Marungu) alt: 2300 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.22296 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1630) 20-27 June 1931; loc: Kasiki (Marungu) alt: 2300 m [Congo Belge]

References:
FAMILY MOTACILLIDAE

*Anthus pallidiventris esobe* Chapin, 1937


Current name: *Anthus pallidiventris esobe* Chapin, 1937

**Holotype** – RMCA A.11418 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (396) 3 January 1921; **loc:** Eala [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.11416 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (455) 15 January 1921; **loc:** Eala [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.11417 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (427) 9 January 1921; **loc:** Eala [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.11419 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (395) 3 January 1921; **loc:** Eala [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.11420 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (372) 1921; **loc:** Eala [Congo Belge]
FAMILY MOTACILLIDAE

Anthus richardi katangae CHAPIN, 1937

Current name: Anthus cinnamomeus cinnamomeus RÜPELL, 1840
according to: Prigogine (1982: 563)
[synonymy according to: Vaurie, White, Mayr & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 145)]

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.7040 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (569) 31 August 1914; loc: lac Musolo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.7038 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (333) 19 June 1914; loc: Kinda, Kulu [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.7039 – ♂; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (561) 31 August 1914; loc: lac Musolo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.18917 – prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: Bertrand February 1926 - February 1936; loc: Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

References:


FAMILY MOTACILLIDAE

Anthus similis dewittei CHAPIN, 1937


Current name: *Anthus similis dewittei* CHAPIN, 1937

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.22293 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (poor condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (1587) 20-27 June 1931; **loc:** Kasiki (Marungu) **alt:** 2300 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.22294 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (1592) 20-27 June 1931; **loc:** Kasiki (Marungu) **alt:** 2300 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.22295 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (1627) 20-27 June 1931; **loc:** Kasiki (Marungu) **alt:** 2300 m [Congo Belge]
FAMILY MOTACILLIDAE

*Anthus similis schoutedeni* CHAPIN, 1937


Current name: *Anthus nyassae schoutedeni* CHAPIN, 1937

according to: Clancey (1985b: 162)

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.11424 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (928) 5 June 1921; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.1798 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** L. Charliers (15) 15 May 1909; **loc:** Baaba [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11421 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (870) 31 May 1921; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11422 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (888) 2 June 1921; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11423 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (926) 5 June 1921; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11425 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (939) 6 June 1921; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11426 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (940) 6 June 1921; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11427 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2167) 4 January 1921; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11428 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (941) 6 June 1921; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11429 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (1127) 27 June 1921; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11430 – **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2154) 3 January 1922; **loc:** Kwamouth [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11432 – juv.; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (1589) 26 September 1921; **loc:** Macaco (Kasai) [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11433 – juv.; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (1595) 27 September 1921; **loc:** Macaco (Kasai) [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.11434 – juv.; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (1651) 30 September 1921; **loc:** Macaco (Kasai) [Congo Belge]
FAMILY MOTACILLIDAE

Macronyx sharpei JACKSON, 1904


Current name: Macronyx sharpei JACKSON, 1904

SYNTYPES – Not traced (5 ex.) –
SYNTYPE – BMNH 1904.4.25.1 – ♂ ad.; rec: F. J. Jackson; loc: Mau Plateau, Kenya; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 505)]
SYNTYPE – RMCA A.30123 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: F. J. Jackson 10 July 1898; loc: Mau plateau alt: 8000 ft [British East Africa]
SYNTYPE – RMCA A.30125 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: F. J. Jackson 21 February 1898; loc: Mau plateau alt: 8000 ft [British East Africa]
SYNTYPE – RMCA A.30145 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: F. J. Jackson (2808) 13 May 1901; loc: Londiani, Mau [British East Africa]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)
Publ.: No holotype is designated, so the ten specimens mentioned in the publication must be syntypes.

Types: Obviously, the author used all the material collected by himself for the description.
Three specimens of the ten syntypes are in the RMCA. RMCA nr 30145 also belongs to this series, even if the publication only mentions ‘Mau plateau’.

References:
FAMILY CAMPEPHAGIDAE

Campephaga thelieli SCHOUTEDEN, 1914
Original spelling: Campephaga thélieli
Current name: Campephaga quiscalina martini JACKSON, 1912
according to: Peters, Mayr & Deignan (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 206)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.3140 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: M. Thélie; loc: région de Kilo [Congo Belge]

References:
FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

Andropadus hallae PRIGOGINE, 1972
Current name: Andropadus virens virens CASSIN, 1858
according to: Prigogine (pers. comm. in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 288)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.124702 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (15009) 16 September 1970; loc: Nyamupe alt: 990 m [Congo (Kinshasa)]

References:
FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

*Bleda exima ugandae* VAN SOMEREN, 1915


Current name: *Bleda eximius ugandae* VAN SOMEREN, 1915

according to: Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 572)

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 566379 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren (13) 17 January 1914; *loc*: Mabira Forest [Uganda]; [data according to LeCroy (2003: 86)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 566387-566388 – *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren; *loc*: Mabira Forest [Uganda]; [data according to LeCroy (2003: 86)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98439 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren (1024) 15 February 1915; *loc*: Mubango, Mabira forest [British East Africa]

**References:**


FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

*Chlorocichla laetissima schoutedeni* PRIGOGINE, 1954


Current name: *Chlorocichla laetissima schoutedeni* PRIGOGINE, 1954

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.68708 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4224) 3 November 1953; **loc:** Mt. Kabobo **alt:** 1440 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.68709 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4225) 3 November 1953; **loc:** Mt. Kabobo **alt:** 1440 m [Congo Belge]
FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

*Chlorocichla prigoginei* DE ROO, 1967


Current name: *Chlorocichla prigoginei* DE ROO, 1967

**Holotype** – RMCA A.84714 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (excellent condition); *rec:* A. Prigogine (6760) 30 October 1956; *loc:* Maboya [Congo Belge]

**Paratypes**
- RMCA A.45425 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (fair condition); *rec:* A. Prigogine (243) 30 October 1948; *loc:* entre Beni et Butembo: Maboya [Congo Belge]
- RMCA A.52595 – ♀; *prp:* dry skin (poor condition); *rec:* A. Prigogine (1668) 5 October 1948; *loc:* Maboya [Congo Belge]
- RMCA A.65876 – ♀; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* De Semeries (187) 10 June 1953; *loc:* Butembo *alt:* 1725 m [Congo Belge]
- RMCA A.88062 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (fair condition); *rec:* De Semeries 7 August 1956; *loc:* Butembo [Congo Belge]
- RMCA A.115340 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* Kimputu (12822) 31 August 1966; *loc:* Maboya [Congo (Kinshasa)]
FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

*Eurillas virens holochlorus* **Van Someren, 1922**

Novit. Zool. vol. 29 p. 189

Current name: *Andropadus virens virens* **Cassin, 1858**

according to: Keith (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 287)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – AMNH 567403 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren (115) November 1914; **loc**: Sezibwa River [Uganda]; [data from original description and from LeCroy (2003: 82), there listed as lectotype and designated lectotype status]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 567404 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren (112) November 1914; **loc**: Sezibwa River [Uganda]; [data from LeCroy (2003: 82), there given paratypotype status]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 567405 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren (129) November 1914; **loc**: Sezibwa River [Uganda]; [data from LeCroy (2003: 82), there given paratypotype status]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99528 – **prp**: dry skin (fair condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 5 June 1919; **loc**: Budongo [British East Africa]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98550 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren March 1921; **loc**: Mulange, Mabira [Uganda]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 33)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98551 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren March 1921; **loc**: Mulange, Mabira [Uganda]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 33)]

**Remarks:**

**Types:** The two specimens RMCA nrs 98550 and 98551 bearing the label ‘paratype’ are from Mulange (or possibly ‘Mubango’). As this locality is not mentioned in the publication, they are not paratypes.

As van Someren designated one holotype (a male from Sezibwa River, collected November 1914), and the specimen AMNH nr 567403 bearing a type label corresponds to this data, the lectotype designation by LeCroy (2003: 82) is not relevant. One should wonder why LeCroy (2003: 82) failed to list RMCA A.99528 as a paratypotype.

**References:**


Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 96


FAMILY Pycnonotidae

Eurillas virens shamba Van Someren, 1931


Current name: Andropadus virens zombensis Shelley, 1894
according to: Keith (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 287)
synonymy according to: Rand & Deignan (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 252)

HOLOTYPE – FMNH 197095 – ♂; rec: 2 March 1922; loc: Ganda Forest [Kenya];
data from D. Willard (pers. comm); rem: original publication gives 24 March 1922

PARATYPE – RMCA A.98549 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 11 March 1922; loc: Ganda forest [Kenya]

References:
**FAMILY Pycnonotidae**

*Phyllastrephus albigula shimbanus* van someren, 1943


Current name: *Phyllastrephus debilis rabai* Hartert & van Someren, 1921

according to: Rand & Deignan (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 268)

[including synonymy]

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**Holotype** (labelled: ‘Type’ according to Willard (pers. comm.)) – FMNH 196751 – ♀; *rec*: 10 March 1941; *loc*: Kwale, Shimba Hills *alt*: 1100 ft [Kenya]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.98495 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 12 March 1941; *loc*: Shimba hills, Makadara forest [Kenya]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.98496 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 12 March 1941; *loc*: Shimba hills, Makadara forest [Kenya]

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**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** In the description 11 paratypes ‘from the same place and month’ (i.e. March 1941), and a further two from ‘July’ are mentioned.

**Types:** Neither the catalogue of the van Someren sale nor the description do make clear what the precise status is of the two specimens acquired by the RMCA.

However, in the van Someren catalogue, this taxon is named ‘*Phyllastrephus debilis shimba*’. Furthermore, the word ‘type’ is mentioned under the note for a male collected on 10 March 1941; this specimen, however, is in the FMNH (D. Willard, pers. comm.).

In the margin close to the list of the 12 remaining specimens for sale appears the word ‘paratypes’ (corresponding to the March 1941 series in the description). Apparently two of this series are now in the RMCA.

From the ‘July’ series only one appears in the catalogue.

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**References:**

FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

*Phyllastrephus cerviniventris schoutedeni* PRIGOGINE, 1969


Current name: *Phyllastrephus cerviniventris schoutedeni* PRIGOGINE, 1969

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.116237 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (13416) 1 June 1968; **loc:** Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.116117 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (13297) 13 May 1968; **loc:** Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.116118 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (13298) 9 March 1968; **loc:** Kipopo [Congo (Kinshasa)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.116236 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (13415) 13 June 1968; **loc:** Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]

*Remarks:* (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

*Publ.*: The original publication mentions 13 June 1968 as collecting date for the holotype. However, according to the field list, the labels and the register the collecting date is 1 June 1968 for the holotype and 13 May 1968 for paratype RMCA nr 116117 from the same locality.
FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

Phyllastrephus fischeri marsabit van Someren, 1931


Current name: Phyllastrephus cabanisi placidus (Shelley, 1889)

according to: Ripley & Heinrich (1966: 14)

[synonymy according to: Rand & Deignan (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 270)]

HOLOTYPE – FMNH 196566 – ♂; rec: 14 July 1923; loc: Marasabit [Kenya]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.98473 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 3 July 1924; loc: Marasabit [Kenya]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.98474 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 4 July 1923; loc: Marasabit [Kenya]

References:


FAMILY Pycnonotidae

*Phyllastrephus flavostriatus itombwensis* PRIGOGINE, 1975

Gerfaut vol. 63 p. 226

Current name: *Phyllastrephus flavostriatus olivaceogriseus* REICHENOW, 1908

according to: Keith (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 344) [including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.94674 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (8534) 17 September 1958; loc: Luiko alt: 2180 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.94680 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (8540) 6 October 1958; loc: Luiko alt: 1980 m [Congo Belge]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

*Publ.*: Prigogine uses the expression ‘un’ paratype in an ambiguous way, which could give the impression that he had more specimens before him.

*Types*: On the label of this particular specimen is written ‘co-type’ (in his own characteristic handwriting).

As only one paratype is available, the use of the word (in French) ‘le’ instead of ‘un’ would have been a better choice.

**References:**

FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

*Phyllastrephus terrestris bensoni* VAN SOMEREN, 1945


Current name: *Phyllastrephus terrestris suahelicus* REICHENOW, 1904

according to: Keith (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 325)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – FMNH 196633 – ♂; **rec**: 5 Juni 1944; **loc**: Meru [Kenya]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98482 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 13 March 1944; **loc**: mt. Kenia, Meru, Makinduri [Kenya]

References:

FAMILY Pycnonotidae

Phyllastrephus terrestris katangae PRIGOGINE, 1969
Current name: Phyllastrephus terrestris intermedius GUNNING & ROBERTS, 1911
according to: Keith (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 325)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.116370 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (13548) 18 July 1968; loc: Saint-Hubert [Congo (Kinshasa)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.116335 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (13514) 8 May 1968; loc: Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]

References:
FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

_Pycnonotus dodsoni littoralis_ Van Someren, 1923

Current name: _Pycnonotus barbatus dodsoni_ Sharpe, 1895

according to: Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 34)
[synonymy according to: Rand & Deignan (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 242)]

**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’ according to Willard (pers. comm.)) – FMNH 196298 – §; rec: 19 November 1918; loc: Changamwe [Kenya]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98417 – §; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 22 March 1921; loc: Sokoke [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98419 – §; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren (1068) 2 March 1922; loc: Ganda forest, Shimoni [Kenya]; rem: [label:] ♀ [this symbol written doubtfully in pencil on label]; rec: 2 August 1922 [on Schouteden’s label]; rem: locality ‘Shimoni’ not on original label

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98420 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 1 November 1920; loc: Rabai [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98421 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren (1071) 21 June 1921; loc: Mongeya [Kenya]

References:


**FAMILY TURDIDAE**

*Alethe poliophrys kaboboensis* PRIGOGINE, 1957


Current name: *Alethe poliophrys kaboboensis* PRIGOGINE, 1957

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.73564 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4917) 24 October 1954; **loc:** Mt. Kabobo **alt:** 1600 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.76964 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5621) 24 May 1955; **loc:** Mt. Kabobo **alt:** 2070 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.76965 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5622) 22 May 1955; **loc:** Mt. Kabobo **alt:** 2070 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.76966 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5623) 21 May 1955; **loc:** Mt. Kabobo **alt:** 2150 m [Congo Belge]; **rem:** [condition:] bill broken

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.76967 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5624) 15 May 1955; **loc:** Mt. Kabobo **alt:** 1720 m [Congo Belge]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**
(possibly type), removed in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 35) – RMCA A.73563 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4916) 20 April 1954; **loc:** Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**Remarks:**

*Publ.*: Prigogine mentions one male holotype and five additional specimens (four males and one female) all from Mt. Kabobo.

*Types*: The RMCA holds the five males (including the holotype) from Mt. Kabobo. However, no female from Mt. Kabobo is present. The female RMCA nr 73563 is from Lutunguru, and could be the one used for the description because it was first registered as *kaboboensis*. Afterwards its identification appears to be reconsidered (as *Alethe poliophrys poliophrys*). This explains why no indication ‘paratype’ exists on the label, the original labels having been discarded. However, the description is rather formal in restricting the terra typica to Mt. Kabobo, so Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 35) excluded this female with uncertain status from the paratype series.

**References:**

FAMILY TURDIDAE

*Geocichla gurneyi piletei* SCHOUTEDEN, 1918

Original spelling: G[eocichla]. Gurneyi Pilettei

Rev. Zool. Afr. vol. 5 p. 294

Current name: *Zoothera crossleyi piletei* (SCHOUTEDEN, 1918)

according to: Ripley (in: Mayr & Paynter (eds.)) (1964: 154)

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.4450 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** A. Pilette (465)

13 July 1912; **loc:** Lesse [Congo Belge]

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**References:**

FAMILY TURDIDAE

**Zoothera guttata lippensi** PRIGOGINE & LOUETTE, 1984

Gerfaut vol. 74 p. 185

Current name: **Zoothera lippensi** PRIGOGINE & LOUETTE, 1984

according to: Cotterill (2006: 9)

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA 74041-A-0001 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: H. Wille 7 October 1973; **loc**: Lusinga, (Upemba) [Zaïre]

Remarks:

**Publ.**: In the publication the collecting date is 5 October 1973.

**Note**: In Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 38) the holotype was indicated as ♂. This is an editorial error.

**References**:


FAMILY TURDIDAE

Zoothera kibalensis PRIGOGINE, 1978

Gerfaut vol. 68 p. 489

Current name: Zoothera cameronensis kibalensis PRIGOGINE, 1978
according to: Dowsett & Dowsett-Lemaire (1993: 354)

HOLOTYPE – LACM 64644 – ♂; rec: Glen & Williams (916) 12 December 1966; loc: Kibale forest [Uganda]; [data from original publication]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.115629 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: H. Friedmann 12 December 1966; loc: Kibale forest [British East Africa]; rem: [in register:] entr. date: 28 November 1967; ex. Los Angeles Museum (coll. Williams) [= LACM]

Remarks:

Note: Zoothera kibalensis PRIGOGINE, 1978 was put in synonymy with Zoothera camaronensis (SHARPE, 1905) ‘perhaps subspecifically distinct’ by Dowsett & Dowsett-Lemaire (1993: 354). We formally accept the subspecific status of the taxon.

References:

FAMILY TURDIDAE

Zoothera piaggiae ruwenzorii Prigogine, 1984

Gerfaut vol. 74 p. 386

Current name: Zoothera piaggiae ruwenzorii Prigogine, 1984

HOLOTYPE – BMNH 1906.12.23.1162 – ♀; rec: Carruthers 10 March 1906; loc: Mubuku Valley (Ruwenzori East) alt: 2700 m [Uganda]; [data from original publication]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.31515 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. J. Brédo 1 August 1937; loc: forêt de Wago, environ 20 km à l’est de Blukwa alt: 2400 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.98243 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 27 July 1946; loc: W. Ruwenzori, upper Humia riv. alt: 6000 ft [British East Africa]
**FAMILY SYLVIIDAE**

*Apalis alticola marungensis* PRIGOGINE, 1972  

indicated as preoccupied and replaced by *Apalis alticola dowsetti* PRIGOGINE, 1973[1972]
  
in: Prigogine, 1973  

Current name: *Apalis alticola dowsetti* PRIGOGINE, 1973[1972]

according to: Prigogine (1973: 456)

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**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.125551 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (15562) 9 June 1971; loc: Lyapenda alt: 1690 m [Congo (Kinshasa)]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.125550 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (15561) 9 June 1971; loc: Lyapenda alt: 1670 m [Congo (Kinshasa)]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.125552 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (15563) 7 June 1971; loc: Lyapenda alt: 1760 m [Congo (Kinshasa)]**

**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** In the original description the collection year (‘1970’) is erroneous. From Prigogine’s own correspondence, his field lists (and also the RMCA catalogue and the labels) it is without any doubt that his collector Kalinde was in Marungu in 1971, not in 1970. This mistake appears also in Dowsett & Prigogine (1974: 15).

**Note:** *Apalis alticola marungensis* PRIGOGINE, 1972 is preoccupied by *Apalis binotata marungensis* CHAPIN, 1932.

Prigogine (1973: 456) published *Apalis alticola dowsetti* as a replacement name.

**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Apalis eidos* Peters & Loveridge, 1942

Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool. vol. 89(3) p. 252

Current name: *Apalis rufogularis argentea* Moreau, 1941

according to: Irwin (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 280)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – MCZ 270942 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** A. Loveridge 28 February 1939; **loc:** Upper Mulinga River, Idjwi Island, Lake Kivu [Belgian Congo]; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** – MCZ 270939-270941 – **rec:** A. Loveridge 1939; **loc:** Idjwi Island [Belgian Congo]; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** – MCZ 270943-270944 – **rec:** A. Loveridge 1939; **loc:** Idjwi Island [Belgian Congo]; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.43074 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Loveridge 23 February 1939; **loc:** île Idjwi, lac Kivu [Belgian Congo]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.43075 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Loveridge 1 March 1939; **loc:** île Idjwi, lac Kivu [Belgian Congo]

**References:**

**FAMILY SYLVIDIÆ**

*Apalis kaboboensis* Prigogine, 1955


Current name: *Apalis porphyrolaema kaboboensis* Prigogine, 1955

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 167)

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.75147 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (5262) 13 October 1954; *loc*: Mt. Kabobo *alt*: 1660 m [Congo Belge]; *rem*: [register:] ‘réinscrit par erreur comme 77805 lorsque reçu en retour du Brit. Mus. Il restait une seule rectrice à la queue’ [= mistakenly registered a second time under [RMCA nr] 77805 when it was returned from the Brit. Mus. [= BMNH]. There was only a single rectrix remaining in the tail]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.75865 – ♂ juv.; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (5264) 14 October 1954; *loc*: Mt. Kabobo *alt*: 1720 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77806 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (5263) 20 October 1954; *loc*: Mt. Kabobo *alt*: 1690 m [Congo Belge]; *rem*: [register:] ‘reste six rectrices à la queue’ [= six rectrices remaining in the tail]

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**References**:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Apalis nigriceps collaris* VAN SOMEREN, 1915


Current name: *Apalis nigriceps collaris* VAN SOMEREN, 1915

**HoloType** – AMNH 598889 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 16 October 1913; loc: Bugoma forest [Uganda]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 49)]

**Paratype** – AMNH 598890 – ♂ imm.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 16 October 1913; loc: Bugoma forest [Uganda]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 49)]

**Paratype** – AMNH 598891 – ♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 5 May 1914; loc: Mabira forest; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 49)]

**Paratype** – AMNH 598892 – ♀; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 25 June 1914; loc: Mabira forest; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 49)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.99253 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 17 December 1913; loc: Mabira [British East Africa]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.99254 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 17 January 1914; loc: Mabira [British East Africa]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.99255 – ♀ subad.; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 17 December 1913; loc: Mabira [British East Africa]

**Remarks:**

**Publ.** The number of specimens in the type series is not given in the publication, although a list of localities appears.

**Types:** The specimens RMCA nrs 99253, 99254 and 99255 are most likely paratypes, as they were labelled as such and their locality (Mabira) figures in the publication. This has been confirmed by LeCroy (2008: 49).

**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Apalis ruwenzorii* JACKSON, 1904


Current name: *Apalis ruwenzorii* JACKSON, 1904

**Syntype** (labelled: ‘Type’) – BMNH 1905.1.10.1 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: F. J. Jackson 10 February 1902; *loc*: Ruwenzori Mountains, West Uganda; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 483)]

**Syntype** (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.27597 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: F. J. Jackson 10 February 1902; *loc*: Ruwenzori [British East Africa]; *rem*: [label/register:] ‘achat [= bought from] Rosenberg’

**Syntype** – Not traced (1) –

**Remarks:**

*Publ.*: Because the description is based on three specimens, without the designation of a holotype, all three must be considered syntypes.

*Types*: The specimen RMCA nr 27597, listed previously as a paratype in the type catalogue card, must be one of them. Warren & Harrison (1971: 483) agree that the specimen presented as type to the BMNH by Jackson is a syntype.

**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Apalis schoutedeni* CHAPIN, 1937

Current name: *Apalis goslingi* ALEXANDER, 1908
according to: White (1962a: 705)
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.12406 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1793) 23 October 1921; loc: Tshikapa [Congo Belge]**

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Note: This singleton has long puzzled ornithologists. It is a juvenile of *Apalis goslingi*. We concur with the synonymy published by White (1962a).

References:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Bradypterus yokanae* Van Someren, 1919


Current name: *Bradypterus carpalis* Chapin, 1916

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 21)

[including synonymy]

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 592222 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 11 January 1919;

*loc*: Sezibwa River [Uganda]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 10)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99193 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (poor condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 11 January 1919; **loc**: Sezibwa river [British East Africa]

**PARATYPES** (not found) – Not traced (3) – [data according to LeCroy (2008: 10)]

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**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Calamonastes katangae* Neave, 1909


Current name: *Calamonastes undosus katangae* Neave, 1909

according to: Grimes, Fry & Keith (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 305)

**SYNTYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – AMNH 598423 – ♀ ad.; **rec**: S. A. Neave (223) 31 May 1907; **loc**: Upper Lualaba **alt**: 3500 ft [Congo Free State]; [data according to Neave (1910: 149) and LeCroy (2008: 54-55)]

**SYNTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – BMNH 1909.12.31.201 – ♀ ad.; **rec**: S. A. Neave (429) 3 November 1907; **loc**: Lufupa River, **alt**: 3500 ft, Katanga, south-east Congo [Congo Free State]; [data according to Neave (1910: 149) and Warren & Harrison (1971: 279-280)]

**SYNTYPE** – BMNH (1) – ad.; **rec**: S. A. Neave (519) 1907; [data according to Neave (1910: 149) and Warren & Harrison (1971: 280)]

**SYNTYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.8263 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (poor condition); **rec**: S. A. Neave (122) 29 March 1907; **loc**: riv. Dikulwe, Katanga **alt**: 4000 ft [Congo Free State]

**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** The original publication only states the collection data: 1907 Katanga, Congo Free State and the indication ‘in my collection’. Whether only one or several specimens are involved cannot be deduced.

Neave (1910: 149) lists five specimens (field numbers 92, 122, 223, 429 and 519), but the young bird (field number 92) does not comply with the original description. Warren & Harrison (1971: 280) mention two syntypes in the BMNH and that ‘several other syntypes were used’.

**Types:** The describer deposited a specimen in RMCA with the mention ‘cotype’. This specimen, RMCA nr 8263, is a syntype.

**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Camaroptera brevicaudata aschani* GRANVIK, 1934


Current name: *Camaroptera brachyura aschani* GRANVIK, 1934

according to: Grimes, Fry & Keith (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 295)

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.25748 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Granvik (470) 28 April 1926; **loc:** mt. Elgon [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 1.1504 – ♂ juv.; **rec:** H. Granvik (70) 5 March 1926; **loc:** Mt. Elgon; [data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 2.1505 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** H. Granvik (64) 6 March 1926; **loc:** Mt. Elgon; [data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 3.1506 – ♂; **rec:** H. Granvik (86) 8 March 1926; **loc:** Mt. Elgon; [data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 4.1507 – ♀; **rec:** H. Granvik (564) 31 May 1926; **loc:** Mt. Elgon; [data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.25749 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Granvik (140) 14 March 1926; **loc:** mt. Elgon [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.25750 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Granvik (159) 15 March 1926; **loc:** mt. Elgon [Kenya]

**PARATYPES (not found)** – Not traced (7 ♂♂; 2 ♀♀) –

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**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The original publication mentions 28 June 1926 as collecting date for the holotype. However, according to the field label and the register the collecting date is 28 April 1926. Moreover, the publication of the new subspecies is preceded by the announcement of the description (at page 101) where also ‘28/4 1926’ figures. The males mentioned on page 101 were collected at 6/3 and 28/4 at Mt. Elgon. No other dates or localities are given there. According to the Code (art. 72.4.1.1) this kind of information might be used to question the paratype status of specimens not corresponding to those data.

However, the actual description of the subspecies (at page 102), lists the type series (including the holotype) as follows:

6 ♂♂ and 1 ♀ from Mt. Elgon 2 ♂♂ and 1 ♀ from Nairobi, 2 ♂♂ from Mt. Kenya, 1 ♀ from ‘Kenya’, 2 ♂♂ from Naivasha and 1 ♂ from Laikipia.

**Types:** All specimens from Mt. Elgon could be traced, those from other localities are still astray. The explicit mentioning of the type series in the description (page 102) overrules the contrasting information on page 101.

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**References:**


**FAMILY SYLVIIDAE**

*Camaroptera chloronota kamitugaensis* PRIGOGINE, 1961


Current name: *Camaroptera chloronota kamitugaensis* PRIGOGINE, 1961

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.78980 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5972) 5 January 1955; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.67833 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4058) 12 June 1951; **loc:** Masango **alt:** 1200 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.71771 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4813) 16 April 1954; **loc:** Masango **alt:** 1190 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.71772 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4814) 13 April 1954; **loc:** Kakanda [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.71773 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4815) 2 September 1953; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.71783 – ♂ juv.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (4825) 1 July 1954; **loc:** Kakanda [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.78891 – ♂ juv.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5973) 3 March 1955; **loc:** Nyakabula **alt:** 730 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.84785 – ♀ juv.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (6831) 10 December 1956; **loc:** Namoya **alt:** 720 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.95211 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (9032) 23 June 1950; **loc:** Ibachilo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.100990 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (9426) 8 March 1954; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.103001 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (9516) 18 August 1959; **loc:** Kakanda **alt:** 1220 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.103002 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (9517) 19 August 1959; **loc:** Kakanda **alt:** 1340 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.103004 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (9518) 13 August 1959; **loc:** Kakanda **alt:** 1250 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.103936 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (9837) 7 November 1959; **loc:** Butokolo **alt:** 1460 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.104222 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (9948) 26 January 1960; **loc:** Namoya **alt:** 600 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.104224 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (9949) 26 January 1960; **loc:** Namoya **alt:** 600 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.104225 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (9950) 5 February 1960; **loc:** Kakanda [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.107269 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (10275) 2 March 1953; **loc:** Kamituga [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.107392 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (10399) 27 September 1960; **loc:** Kakanda **alt:** 1290 m [Congo (Léopoldville)]
**FAMILY SYLVIIDAE**

**Chloropeta gracilirostris bensoni** AMADON, 1954

Ostrich vol. 25 p. 141

Current name: *Chloropeta gracilirostris bensoni* AMADON, 1954

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**HOLOTYPE – AMNH 708881 – ♂ ad.; rec: C. W. Benson (2078) 20 September 1953; loc: Mouth of river Luapula, lake Mweru [Northern Rhodesia]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 35)]**

**PARATYPE – AMNH 708882 – ♀; rec: C. W. Benson; loc: Mouth of river Luapula, lake Mweru [Northern Rhodesia]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 35)]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.32432 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. J. Brédo 11 January 1938; loc: Nkole [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.32433 – ♂; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: H. J. Brédo 12 April 1938; loc: Nkole [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.32434 – ♂; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: H. J. Brédo 9 January 1938; loc: Nkole [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPES (not found) – Not traced (4) – rem: probably in BMNH [according to LeCroy (2008: 35)]**

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**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

Chloropeta gracilirostris bredoi Schouteden, 1955

Original spelling: Chloropeta gracilirostris Bredoi


Current name: Chloropeta gracilirostris bensoni Amadon, 1954

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 84)

[including synonymy]

SYNTYPE – RMCA A.32432 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. J. Brédo 11 January 1938; loc: Nkole [Congo Belge]

SYNTYPE (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.32433 – ♂; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: H. J. Brédo 12 April 1938; loc: Nkole [Congo Belge]

SYNTYPE (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.32434 – ♂; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: H. J. Brédo 9 January 1938; loc: Nkole [Congo Belge]

Remarks:

Types: The RMCA nrs 32432, 32433 and 32434 were already type material for Chloropeta gracilirostris bensoni, this makes the two taxa, according to the Code (Art 72.4.1. & 73.2.), objective synonyms.

Note: Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 42) indicated that specimen RMCA 32432 was labelled ‘Paratype’. This is not the case.

References:


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola aridula tanganyika* Lynes, 1930

Ibis Ser. 12 vol. 6 suppl. p. 126

Current name: *Cisticola aridulus tanganyika* Lynes, 1930

according to: Tye (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 205)

**HoloTYPE** – BMNH 1928.10.25.3 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: H. Lynes & B. B. Osmaston 25 April 1927; **loc**: Morogoro, Tanganyika; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 551)]

**ParATYPE** – RMCA A.99415 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 16 October 1917; **loc**: Simba [Kenya]

*References:*


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola ayresii entebbe* LYNES, 1930

*Ibis* Ser. 12 vol. 6 suppl. p. 154

Current name: *Cisticola ayresii entebbe* LYNES, 1930

**HOLOTYPE** – BMNH 1928.10.25.9 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: H. Lynes & B. B. Osmaston 6 June 1927; *loc*: Entebbe, Uganda; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 161)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99406 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 24 September 1919; *loc*: Kampala [British East Africa]

**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola ayresii itombwensis* PRIGOGINE, 1957


Current name: *Cisticola ayresii itombwensis* PRIGOGINE, 1957

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.66017 – ♂; **PRIP**: dry skin (excellent condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (3796) 8 May 1953; **LOC**: Muusi **ALT**: 2400 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.54818 – ♀; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (1966) 9 September 1950; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1010 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.54819 – ♀; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (1967) 9 September 1950; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1410 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58944 – ♂ juv.; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (3048) 12 December 1951; **LOC**: Mt. Mohi **ALT**: 3210 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58945 – ♀; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (3049) 18 December 1951; **LOC**: Mt. Mohi **ALT**: 3250 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58946 – ♂; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (3797) 8 May 1953; **LOC**: Muusi **ALT**: 2400 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58947 – ♂; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (3798) 9 September 1950; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1810 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.73851 – ♀; **PRIP**: dry skin (fair condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5204) 13 September 1954; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 2000 m [Congo Belge]; **REM**: identified as *Cisticola brachyptera ankole* by M. Louette in 1987.

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.73852 – ♂; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5211) 15 September 1954; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1950 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.73856 – ♂ juv.; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5212) 11 September 1954; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1950 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.73860 – ♀; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5213) 10 September 1954; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1950 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.73861 – ♂; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5214) 11 September 1954; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 2070 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.73862 – ♂; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5215) 10 September 1954; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1950 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77047 – ♂ juv.; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5705) 25 April 1955; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 2250 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77048 – ♂ juv.; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5706) 25 April 1955; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 2120 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77049 – juv.; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5707) 25 April 1955; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 2120 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77050 – ♂ ad.; **PRIP**: dry skin (excellent condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5708) 22 April 1955; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1970 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77051 – ♂; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5709) 28 April 1955; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1970 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77052 – ♂; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (5710) 21 April 1955; **LOC**: Luiko **ALT**: 1970 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.79165 – ♀ juv.; **PRIP**: dry skin (good condition); **REC**: A. Prigogine (6084) 20 October 1955; **LOC**: Kitoga **ALT**: 2620 m [Congo Belge]
Paratype – RMCA A.79166 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (6085) 16 October 1955; loc: Kitoga alt: 2620 m [Congo Belge]
Paratype – RMCA A.84400 – ♂ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (6567) 26 October 1956; loc: Tubangwa alt: 1890 m [Congo Belge]

Remarks:
Types: Specimen RMCA nr 73851 was identified as *Cisticola brachyptera ankole* by M. Louette in 1987.

Note: Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 43), while indicating the revised taxonomical position of specimen RMCA 73851, used the ambiguous phrasing ‘Paratype, removed by present action’. This however must not be interpreted as if the specimen was not accepted as type material: its status as paratype of *Cisticola ayresii itombwensis* remains unaltered.

References:
FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola brachyptera loanda* LYNES, 1930

Ibis Ser. 12 vol. 6 suppl. p. 486

Current name: *Cisticola brachypterus loanda* LYNES, 1930

according to: Tye (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 192)

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**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.9434 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: J. Ghesquière (6K); loc: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.9451/A – ♀; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: J. Ghesquière (K15); loc: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.9451/B – juv.; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: J. Ghesquière (K15); loc: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.9451/C – juv.; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: J. Ghesquière (K15); loc: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.9453 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: J. Ghesquière (K27); loc: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.9462/B – prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: J. Ghesquière; loc: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.9462/C – prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: J. Ghesquière; loc: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12175 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1507) 18 September 1921; loc: Kamaiembì [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12176 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1584) 26 September 1921; loc: Macaco [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12177 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1588) 26 September 1921; loc: Macaco [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12178 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1610) 28 September 1921; loc: Macaco [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12179 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1614) 28 September 1921; loc: Macaco [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12180 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1624) 28 September 1921; loc: Macaco [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12181 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1627) 29 September 1921; loc: Macaco [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12182 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1630) 29 September 1921; loc: Macaco [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12183 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1687) 8 October 1921; loc: Belenge [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12184 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1729) 13 October 1921; loc: Kabambaïe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12185 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1751) 14 October 1921; loc: Kabambaïe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12186 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1808) 25 October 1921; loc: Tshikapa [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12187 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1804) 25 October 1921; loc: Tshikapa [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12188 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1856) 2 November 1921; loc: Tshisika [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12189 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1886) 8 November 1921; loc: N’Gombe, Kasai [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12190 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1867) 3 November 1921; loc: Tshisika [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12191 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1935) 14 November 1921; loc: N’Gombe, Kasai [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12192 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1978) 20 November 1921; loc: Tshikapa [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12193 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1993) 22 November 1921; loc: Tshikapa [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12194 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2055) 3 December 1921; loc: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12248 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1787) 19 October 1921; loc: Makumbi [Congo Belge]; rem: identified as Cisticola lateralis by M. Louette in 1988.
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12287 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1863) 3 November 1921; loc: Tshisika [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.12288 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1426) 1 September 1921; loc: Luebo [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.13495 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: E. P. Callewaert 11 March 1923; loc: Lulubourg [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.13510 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: E. P. Callewaert 19 March 1923; loc: Lulubourg [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.13511 – ♂; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: E. P. Callewaert 5 April 1923; loc: Lulubourg [Congo Belge]

Remarks:
Types: Specimen RMCA nr 12248 was reidentified by M. Louette in 1988 as Cisticola lateralis.

Note: Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 44), while indicating the revised taxonomical position of specimen RMCA 12248, used the ambiguous phrasing ‘Paratype, removed by present action’. This however must not be interpreted as if the specimen was not accepted as type material: its status as paratype of Cisticola barchyptera loanda remains unaltered.

References:
FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

**Cisticola brunnescens midcongo** LYNES, 1938


Current name: *Cisticola cinnamomeus midcongo* LYNES, 1938

according to: Tye (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 212)

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.30940 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (106) June 1937; loc: Kunungu [Congo Belge]

References:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola bulliens* LYNES, 1930

Ibis Ser. 12 vol. 6 suppl. p. 315

Current name: *Cisticola bulliens* LYNES, 1930

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**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12196 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (37) 3 August 1920; loc: Banana [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12197 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (42) 6 August 1920; loc: Banana, ile da Rosa [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12198 –♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (296) 27 November 1920; loc: Matadi [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12199 –♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (297) 27 November 1920; loc: Matadi [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12227 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (105) 26 August 1920; loc: Moanda [Congo Belge]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.24159 –♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Lynes (1592) 23 February 1931; loc: Lobito [Angola]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 45)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.24166 –♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Lynes (1600A) 24 February 1931; loc: 20 miles N Lobito bay alt: 300 ft [Angola]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 45)]

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Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Publ.: Lynes (1930) mentions three specimens in the ‘Congo Museum’ from Lower Congo.

Types: It is clear (from correspondence) that Lynes paid a visit to the RMCA and that he has examined the five specimens from the Lower Congo present at that time; Schouteden noted ‘PT’ (paratype) on all five. These specimens originate from three localities (Moanda, Matadi and Banana), hence possibly the origin of the number ‘3’ used by Lynes. All five specimens are considered to be paratypes. Although two specimens RMCA nrs 24159 and 24166 from Angola were also labelled ‘PT’ by H. Schouteden they do not correspond to the data found in the description and consequently they are not type material.

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References:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola chiniana ukamba* LYNES, 1930

Ibis Ser. 12 vol. 6 suppl. p. 267

Current name: *Cisticola chiniana ukamba* LYNES, 1930

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**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – AMNH 593298 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 11 August 1918; *loc*: Masongaleni [Kenya]; *rem*: ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication and from LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPE** (not found) – AMNH 593285 – *rec*: Ansorge; *rem*: missing [data according to LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 593286-593297 – [data according to LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 593299 – ♂; *rec*: van Someren 11 August 1918; *loc*: Masongaleni [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 593300 – ♂; *rec*: van Someren 11 August 1918; *loc*: Masongaleni [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 593301 – ♂; *rec*: van Someren 11 August 1918; *loc*: Masongaleni [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 593302-593308 – [data according to LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99436 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 26 October 1918; *loc*: Nziu, Ukamba, Kitui [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99437 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (excellent condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 12 August 1918; *loc*: Masongaleni [Kenya]

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**Remarks:**

*Publ.*: This publication gives a description of a new species (with types indicated), not a replacement of the name, as Lynes (1930: 670) presumes when he mentions it as a ‘nom. nov. pro’ *Cisticola semifasciata* VAN SOMEREN, 1922. However, the text in Nov. Zool. 29: 210 is not a description of a new taxon; van Someren clearly refers his specimens to *Cisticola semifasciata* REICHENOW.

**Types**: Lynes considers clearly the 25 males and 11 females identified by the publication of van Someren (1922) as the core of the new taxon. But he also lists the number of 152 specimens he examined. At page 670, however, he formally designates the (holo)type. All others (35 or 151) should be paratypes. For practical reasons, one might restrict the paratype series to the 35 remainder specimens of the van Someren paper (all these specimens were collected by van Someren).

In the AMNH four males comply to the published data on the holotype. However, according to LeCroy (2008: 37), the type label is tied to AMNH nr 593298.

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**References:**


**FAMILY SYLVIIDAE**

*Cisticola chiniana victoria* LYNES, 1930

Ibis Ser. 12 vol. 6 suppl. p. 264

Current name: *Cisticola chiniana fischeri* REICHENOW, 1891

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 94)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 593267 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 13 December 1916; **loc:** Kisumu, Victoria Nyanza [Kenya]; **rem:** ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication and LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 593261-593266 – [according to LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 593268-593281 – [according to LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 593284 – [according to LeCroy (2008: 37)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99439 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 22 August 1918; **loc:** Kibos [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99440 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 7 May 1918; **loc:** Kisumu [Kenya]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** This publication gives a description of a new species (with types indicated), not a replacement of the name, as Lynes (1930) presumes when he first mentions a ‘nom. nov. pro’ *Cisticola fischeri* VAN SOMEREN, 1922. However, the text in Nov. Zool. 29: 210 is not a description of a new taxon; van Someren clearly refers his specimens to *Cisticola fischeri* REICHENOW.

**Types:** Lynes considers clearly the 23 males and eight females identified by the publication of van Someren (1922) as the core of the new taxon. But he also lists the number of 77 specimens he examined. At page 671, however, he formally designates the (holo)type. All others (31 or 76) should be paratypes. For practical reasons, one might restrict the paratype series to the 31 remainder specimens of the van Someren paper (all these specimens were collected by van Someren).

**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola dambo kasai* LYNES, 1936


Current name: *Cisticola dambo kasai* LYNES, 1936

**Holotype** – BMNH 1936.4.13.1 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** Lynes & Vincent 13 October 1933; **loc:** Near Banda, **alt:** 2400 ft., Kwango District, south-west Congo; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 279)]

**Paratype** (labelled: ‘Allotype’) – RMCA A.28199 – ♀; **ppp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (491♀) 11 October 1933; **loc:** Moorlands between the headwaters of the Lubue & Loana Rivers, Kwango Distr., SW Congo, **alt:** 2400 ft (c.5.6°S 19.6°E) [Belgian Congo]; **rem:** mate of 491♂

**Not accepted as type material:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.28195 – ♂; **ppp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (479) 10 October 1933; **loc:** Moorlands between the headwaters of the Lubue & Loana Rivers, Kwango Distr., SW Congo, **alt:** 2400 ft (c.5.6°S 19.6°E) [Belgian Congo]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 46)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.28196 – ♂; **ppp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (556) 21 October 1933; **loc:** Moorlands between the headwaters of the Lubue & Loana Rivers, Kwango Distr., SW Congo, **alt:** 2400 ft (c.5.6°S 19.6°E) [Belgian Congo]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 46)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.28197 – ♂; **ppp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (555) 21 October 1933; **loc:** Moorlands between the headwaters of the Lubue & Loana Rivers, Kwango Distr., SW Congo, **alt:** 2400 ft (c.5.6°S 19.6°E) [Belgian Congo]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 46)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.28198 – ♂; **ppp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (491♂) 11 October 1933; **loc:** Moorlands between the headwaters of the Lubue & Loana Rivers, Kwango Distr., SW Congo, **alt:** 2400 ft (c.5.6°S 19.6°E) [Belgian Congo]; **rem:** mate of 491♀; [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 46)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.28200 – ♂; **ppp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (480) 10 October 1933; **loc:** Moorlands between the headwaters of the Lubue & Loana Rivers, Kwango Distr., SW Congo, **alt:** 2400 ft (c.5.6°S 19.6°E) [Belgian Congo]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 46)]

**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** An allotype has been indicated.

**Types:** According to Art. 72.4.6. of the Code, the designation of a cotype (in case an allotype) precludes the existence of (other) paratypes. Although the other specimens were labelled as paratypes, they cannot be accepted as typematerial.

**Note:** In Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 46) was indicated that specimen RMCA 28199 was labelled ‘Cotype’. This is not the case: it is labelled ‘Allotype’. Also, the localities given there appear to have been copied from the catalogue; hereby the correct locality data, as from the labels made by Lynes, are given.

Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 132


References:
**FAMILY SYLVIIDAE**

*Cisticola fortis* LYNES, 1930

Current name: *Cisticola chiniana fortis* LYNES, 1930

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 95)

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 593512 – ♂; *rec*: Ansorge (Dr.) 5 November 1904; *loc*: Pedreira [Angola]; *rem*: ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.9457 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: J. Ghesquière (K. 23); *loc*: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12210 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (1707) 11 October 1921; *loc*: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12211 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (1714) 12 October 1921; *loc*: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** (not found) – RMCA A.12212 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin; *rec*: H. Schouteden (1728) 13 October 1921; *loc*: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12213 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (1731) 13 October 1921; *loc*: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12214 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (1749) 14 October 1921; *loc*: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12215 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (1738) 14 October 1921; *loc*: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12216 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2041) 1 December 1921; *loc*: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12217 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2051) 2 December 1921; *loc*: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.12218 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2059) 3 December 1921; *loc*: Kabambaie [Congo Belge]

References:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola galactotes luapula* LYNES, 1933


Current name: *Cisticola galactotes luapula* LYNES, 1933

**HoloTYPE** – BMNH 1933.3.13.2 – ♀ ad.; **rec:** H. Lynes & J. Vincent 26 November 1930; **loc:** Lake Bangweolo, North-east Rhodesia **alt:** 3800 ft; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971:)]

**ParATYPE** – RMCA A.24194 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (1336) 6 December 1930; **loc:** lac Bangweolo, près Nsombo [North Rhodesia]

**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola hunteri immaculata* V. Someren, 1922

Novit. Zool. vol. 29 p. 216

indicated as preoccupied and replaced by *Cisticola hunteri masaba* Lynes, 1930[1922]

in: Lynes, 1930

Ibis Ser. 12 vol. 6 p. 646

Current name: *Cisticola hunteri* Shelley, 1889

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 91)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 593607 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 24 March 1916; loc: Bumasifa, alt: 9000 ft, Mt. Elgon; [data according to Lynes (1930: 646)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99494 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 22 April 1916; loc: mt. Elgon alt: 7500-10000 ft [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99495 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 6 April 1916; loc: mt. Elgon alt: 7500-10000 ft [Kenya]

References:

**FAMILY SYLVIIDAE**

*Cisticola junecidis perennia* LYNES, 1930

Current name: *Cisticola junecidis uropygialis* (FRASER, 1843)
according to: Fry (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 200)
[including synonymy]


**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.2920 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: D. Carruthers (1591) 19 May 1906; loc: Ruwenzori S. E. alt: 3400 ft [British East Africa]


**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.27615 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: F. J. Jackson (G523) 24 November 1901; loc: Butiaba - lake Albert alt: 3000 ft. [British East Africa]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99416 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren March 1918; loc: Kabua river, Rudolph [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99417 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 2 September 1915; loc: Karungu bay [Kenya]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.**: Two specimens, RMCA nrs 2920 and 18490, are explicitly identified in the type series.
Among the other material mentioned under the heading of its collectors, three specimens are present in the RMCA: RMCA nr 27615 (coll. Jackson) and RMCA nrs 99416 and 99417 (coll. van Someren).
Specimen RMCA nr 99417 is listed in the publication as collected in ‘VIII’ (August), whereas the label mentions ‘IX’ (September).

**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola natalensis katanga* LYNES, 1930

Ibis Ser. 12 vol. 6 suppl. p. 443

Current name: *Cisticola natalensis katanga* LYNES, 1930

**Holoype** – BMNH 1909.12.31.188 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** S. A. Neave 1 March 1907; **loc:** Kambove, Haut Luapula district, South-east Belgian Congo **alt:** 4500 ft; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 279)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.7097 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** L. de Baillet-Latour (562) 31 August 1914; **loc:** lac Musolo [Congo Belge]

**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola pipiens congo* LYNES, 1936


Current name: *Cisticola pipiens congo* LYNES, 1936

**Holoype** – BMNH 1936.4.13.2 – ♂ ad.; _rec:_ H. Lynes & J. Vincent 10 January 1934; _loc:_ Elizabethville, South-east Congo _alt:_ 4000 ft; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 128)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.28273 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Lynes (792♀) 10 January 1934; _loc:_ Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

References:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola robusta awemba* LYNES, 1933

*Cisticola robusta awemba* LYNES, 1933

Current name: *Cisticola robustus awemba* LYNES, 1933

according to: Tye (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.) (1997: 183)

**HOLOTYPE** – BMNH 1933.3.13.1 – ♀; **rec:** H. Lynes & J. Vincent 16 November 1930;

**loc:** Luwingu, Awemba Province of NE Rhodesia; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.24161 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Lynes (1129) 26 October 1930; **loc:** Mpokoroso, Mutabashi river **alt:** 4800 ft [North Rhodesia]; **rem:** this specimen was annotated as ‘PT’ (= paratype) on the original label apparently by Lynes himself.

**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola robusta omo* Neumann & Lynes, 1928


Current name: *Cisticola robustus omo* Neumann & Lynes, 1928

according to: Tye (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 183)

**HOLOTYPE** – MCZ 160986 – ♂; **rec**: O. Neumann 29 May 1925; **loc**: Kankati [Abyssinia]; **rem**: ‘Neumann Coll. Berlin’; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.28461 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: O. Neumann 29 May 1925; **loc**: Dobbi, Djimma [Abyssinia]

**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola terrestris mauensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1922

Novit. Zool. vol. 29 p. 207

Current name: *Cisticola ayresii mauensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1922

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 123)

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 592869 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 18 January 1917; **loc**: Mau [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 44)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 592873 – [data according to LeCroy (2008: 44)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 592875-592879 – [data according to LeCroy (2008: 44)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99407 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren March 1919; **loc**: mt. Kenia W. [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99410 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren March 1919; **loc**: mt. Kenia [Kenya]

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**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

Cisticola terrestris nakuruensis  

VAN SOMEREN, 1922
Novit. Zool. vol. 29 p. 207

Current name: Cisticola brunnescens nakuruensis  

VAN SOMEREN, 1922
according to: Lynes (1930: 650)

HOLOTYPE (labelled: ‘Type’) – AMNH 592912 – ♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 16 May 1918; loc: Nakuru Plains; [data from original publication]; rem: specimens bears the Rothschild label [according to LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPE – AMNH 592880 – ♀; rec: Doherty; loc: Escarpment; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPE – AMNH 592907 – ♂; rec: Doherty; loc: Escarpment; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPE – AMNH 592908 – ♂; rec: Turner (for Meinertzhagen); loc: Nakuru; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPE – AMNH 592909 – ♂; rec: J. P. Cook; loc: Nakuru; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPES – AMNH 592913-592920 – ♂♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Nakuru; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 43); rem: the collecting date AMNH 592913 mentioned in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 48) is contradicted by LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPE – AMNH 592921 – ♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 16 May 1918; loc: Nakuru Plains; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPES – AMNH 592922-592925 – ♂♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Nakuru; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPES – AMNH 592926-592928 – ♀♀; rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Nakuru; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPES – AMNH 592929-592931 – ♀♀; rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Nakuru Plains; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 43)]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.99411 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 16 May 1918; loc: Nakuru plains [Kenya]

Remarks:
Types: In the AMNH two males comply to the published data on the holotype. According to LeCroy (2008: 43), the Rothschild label (indicating the type) is tied to AMNH nr 592912, having the most corresponding wing and tail measurements. A conclusion already made by Lynes (1930: 650) indicates the type. It is thus not necessary to designate a lectotype, as interpreted by LeCroy (2008: 43).

References:


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

_Cisticola tinniens dyleffi_ **PRIGOGINE, 1952**


Current name: _Cisticola tinniens dyleffi_ **PRIGOGINE, 1952**

**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.58950 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3054) 9 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3170 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58394 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2944) 4 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3050 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58395 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2945) 28 March 1951; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2740 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58396 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2946) 23 September 1951; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2720 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58397 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2947) 23 September 1951; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2720 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58398 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2948) 5 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58947 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3051) 12 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3240 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58948 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3052) 14 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3300 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58949 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3053) 18 December 1951; loc: Mubuka alt: 2790 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58951 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3055) 16 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3400 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58952 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3056) 17 December 1951; loc: Mabuka alt: 2890 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58953 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3057) 9 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3170 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58954 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3058) 16 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3400 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58955 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3059) 14 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3300 m [Congo Belge]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58956 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3060) 14 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3300 m [Congo Belge]**
FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

_Cisticola tinniens oreophila_ VAN SOMEREN, 1922

Current name: _Cisticola tinniens oreophilus_ VAN SOMEREN, 1922
according to: Tye (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 181)

**HOLOTYPE – AMNH 594344 – ♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 12 February 1919; loc: Kenia; alt: 7000 ft; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 40)]

**PARATYPE – AMNH 594345 – rec: V. G. L. van Someren February 1919; loc: Kenia; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 40)]

**PARATYPE – AMNH 594346 – imm.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren February 1919; loc: Kenia; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 40)]

**PARATYPE – AMNH 594347 – ♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren August 1919; loc: Naivasha Hills; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 40)]

**PARATYPE – AMNH 594348 – ♀; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 18 June 1917; loc: Kinangop; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 40)]

**PARATYPE – AMNH 594349 – ♀; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 22 September 1918; loc: Burnt Forest; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 40)]

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.99469 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 26 January 1918; loc: Elgeyu [Kenya]

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.99470 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 22 September 1918; loc: Burnt forest [Kenya]

References:

**FAMILY SYLVIIDAE**

*Cisticola woosnami lufira* **LYNES, 1930**

_Ibis_ Ser. 12 vol. 6 suppl. p. 300

Current name: *Cisticola woosnami lufira* **LYNES, 1930**

**HOLOTYPE** – BMNH 1909.12.31.183 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** S. A. Neave 21 June 1907; **loc:** Upper Lufira River, Haut Luapula District, Belgian Congo; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 311)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.4165 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Pilette (H28) 15 June 1913; **loc:** Dogodo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.7131 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** L. de Baillet-Latour (63) 25 November 1913; **loc:** Kapiri [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.7132 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** L. de Baillet-Latour (66) 25 November 1913; **loc:** Kapiri [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23694 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (4703) 19 March 1926; **loc:** Kabalo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23695 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (4713) 19 March 1926; **loc:** Kabalo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23696 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (4538) 17 March 1926; **loc:** Kabalo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23697 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden 25 March 1926; **loc:** Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23698 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden 25 March 1926; **loc:** Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23699 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden 25 March 1926; **loc:** Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23700 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden 25 March 1926; **loc:** Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23701 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden March 1926; **loc:** Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23702 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden March 1926; **loc:** Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23703 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden March 1926; **loc:** Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23704 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3445) 25 February 1926; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23705 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3483) 27 February 1926; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23706 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3377) 20 February 1926; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23707 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3392) 20 February 1926; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23708 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3576) 6 March 1926; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23709 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3416) 23 February 1926; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23710 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3547) 7 March 1926; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.23711 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3405) 27 February 1926; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

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PARATYPE (not found) – RMCA (1) –

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Publ.: Lynes mentions 22 specimens in RMCA. However, only 21 could be traced.

References:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cryptolophia alpina* Ogilvie-Grant, 1906


Current name: *Phylloscopus umbrovirens alpinus* (Ogilvie-Grant, 1906)

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 227)

**SYNTYPE** – AMNH 450687 – ♂ ad.; rec: D. Carruthers (1207) 1 February 1906; loc: Ruwenzori East alt: 10,000 ft; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 58)]

**SYNTYPE** – AMNH 450688 – ♂ ad.; rec: R. E. Dent (160) 18 February 1906; loc: Ruwenzori East alt: 12,500 ft; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 58)]


**SYNTYPE** – RMCA A.3064 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: D. Carruthers (1202) 31 January 1906; loc: Ruwenzori East alt: 11000 ft [British East Africa]; rem: [label/register:] ‘acquis de la maison [= acquired from the firm] Rosenberg’

**Remarks:**

**Publ.** The original publication does not indicate the number of syntypes, it only states that both male and female figure among the series. Also the altitude range 10,000-13,000 ft indicates that several specimens were used.

**Types:** Since 2002 LeCroy (2008: 58) found a second syntype in the AMNH collections.

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 50) indicated that the RMCA specimen was labelled ‘Paratype’. This is not the case.

**References:**


Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 148


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

_Dryodromus rufifrons turkanae_ VAN SOMEREN, 1920


Current name: _Urorhipis rufifrons smithi_ (SHARPE, 1895)

according to: Irwin (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 284)

[synonymy according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 172)]

**HoloTYPE** – AMNH 598940 – ♂ ad.; _rec:_ V. G. L. van Someren January 1918; _loc:_ Meuressi, Turkwel River; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 51)]

**ParATYPE** – RMCA A.99274/A – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (excellent condition); _rec:_ V. G. L. van Someren January 1918; _loc:_ Mauressi, Turkwell Riv. [Kenya]

**ParATYPES (not found)** – Not traced (5) –

**Remarks:**

_Publ._: The author locates the type in the Tring Museum and indicates a total of seven specimens.

**Types:** LeCroy (2008: 51) states that the holotype is the only specimen that came to the AMNH. The remaining five paratypes were not located by us.

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002) did not mention this taxon.

**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

_Eremomela elegans elgonensis_ VAN SOMEREN, 1920


Current name: _Eremomela canescens canescens_ ANTONIORI, 1864

[synonymy according to: Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 594)]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 599395 – ♂ _ad_; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 21 April 1917; loc: Kibingei River, S. Elgon; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 56)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 599396-599397 – rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Kibingei River, S. Elgon; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 56)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 599398-599399 – rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Kibigori; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 56)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 599400 – rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Kaimosi; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 56)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 599401-599402 – rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Kimiriri; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 56)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99370 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 19 April 1914; loc: Elgon, Soronko river [British East Africa]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99371 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 15 April 1917; loc: Elgon, Kibengei river [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99372 –♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 7 April 1917; loc: Elgon, Kimiriri [Kenya]

References:


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

Eremomela turneri kalindei PRIGOGINE, 1958
Current name: Eremomela turneri kalindei PRIGOGINE, 1958

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.92340 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7696) 15 February 1958; loc: Kailo alt: 470 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.70341 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (4470) 23 March 1954; loc: Kalima alt: 590 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.70342 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (4471) 23 March 1954; loc: Kalima alt: 590 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPES (not found) – Not traced (3) –

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)
Publ.: In the description, six specimens (four males plus two females) are studied and measured.

Types: It is uncertain if the holotype figures among this series, so there must be at least five paratypes. Only two paratypes are present in the RMCA.
FAMILY SYLVIDAE

Graueria vittata Hartert, 1908

Current name: Graueria vittata Hartert, 1908


PARATYPE – AMNH 588496 – [according to LeCroy (2008: 55)]
PARATYPE – AMNH 588499-588501 – [according to LeCroy (2008: 55)]

References:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

Macrosphenus concolor grisescens De Roo, 1970

Current name: Macrosphenus concolor (HARTLAUB, 1857)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.92525 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7881) 14 January 1958; loc: Kamituga alt: 1190 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.11929 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (566) 22 February 1921; loc: Tondu [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.11930 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1310) 3 August 1921; loc: Basongo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.11931 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1525) 19 September 1921; loc: Kamaiembi [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.11932 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1846) 1 November 1921; loc: Tshisika [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.11933 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1902) 10 November 1921; loc: N’Gombe, Kasai [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.11934 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1945) 15 November 1921; loc: N’Gombe, Kasai [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.18208 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (97) 6 January 1925; loc: Koteli [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.23889/A – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (1855) 25 July 1925; loc: Arebi [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.30935 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden; loc: Kunungu [Congo Belge]; rem: in register: reçu [= received] 19/11/1937

PARATYPE – RMCA A.34922 – ♂ juv.; prp: dry skin (poor condition); rec: J. M. Vrydagh (196-489) 30 March 1939; loc: Bambesa [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.35661 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: Mme Lepersonne (83) 23 June 1939; loc: Mongbwalu [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.40826 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: R. P. Callewaert (37) 16 June 1942; loc: Luluaubourg [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.40827 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: R. P. Callewaert (93) 15 July 1942; loc: Luluaubourg [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.47451 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: L. Dupuis (396) 23 June 1949; loc: Bokungu [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.52597 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1670) 31 July 1949; loc: Loiki alt: 1180 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.57771 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2767) 9 July 1951; loc: Kamituga [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.59092 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: P. Lootens (427) 30 January 1952; loc: Bokuma [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.63004 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. G. Windmolders 31 May 1952; loc: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.63211 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. G. Windmolders 31 May 1952; loc: Lusambo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.78979 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5971) 5 March 1955; loc: Nyakapondo alt: 720 m [Congo Belge]
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PARATYPE – RMCA A.107483 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (10490) 5 January 1961; loc: Kamituga [Congo (Léopoldville)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.110576 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (11021) 9 October 1963; loc: Lulingu alt: 570 m [Congo (Léopoldville)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.111134 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (11338) 4 June 1964; loc: Kitongo alt: 1460 m [Congo (Léopoldville)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.122366 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (14401) 12 November 1969; loc: Kamituga [Congo (Kinshasa)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.122367 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (14402) 11 March 1970; loc: Kamituga [Congo (Kinshasa)]

References:
FAMILY SYLVIIDAE  

Parisoma lugens prigoginei SCHOUTEDEN, 1952  

Original spelling: Parisoma lugens Prigoginei  

Current name: Parisoma lugens prigoginei SCHOUTEDEN, 1952

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.57931 – *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (3015) \) 20 September 1951; *loc*: lac Lungwe *alt*: 2720 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.56033 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (2516) \) 27 March 1951; *loc*: lac Lungwe *alt*: 2770 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.56034 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (2517) \) 28 March 1951; *loc*: lac Lungwe *alt*: 2710 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.57932 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (3014) \) 25 September 1951; *loc*: lac Lungwe *alt*: 2770 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.57933 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (3013) \) 2 October 1951; *loc*: Mt. Mohi *alt*: 3060 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58236 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (3043) \) 11 December 1951; *loc*: Mt. Mohi *alt*: 3240 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58237 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (3042) \) 12 December 1951; *loc*: Mt. Mohi *alt*: 3220 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58238 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (3044) \) 11 December 1951; *loc*: Mt. Mohi *alt*: 3220 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58239 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (3045) \) 13 December 1951; *loc*: Mt. Mohi *alt*: 3220 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58240 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (3046) \) 17 December 1951; *loc*: Mubuka *alt*: 2890 m [Congo Belge]  

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58241 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine  
\( (3047) \) 18 December 1951; *loc*: Mubuka *alt*: 2760 m [Congo Belge]  

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)  

Publ.: The locality name ‘Miki’ in the description is a clerical error for ‘Mont Mohi’.

References:  
FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Schoenicola apicalis aequatorialis* GRANVIK, 1934


Current name: *Schoenicola brevirostris alexinae* (VON HEUGLIN, 1863)

according to: Fry (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 90)

[ synonymy according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 49) ]

**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.25913 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Granvik (603) 5 June 1926; loc: mt. Elgon [Kenya]**

**PARATYPE – NHMM 1.1460 – ♂; rec: H. Granvik (1365) 15 November 1926; loc: Mt. Elgon; [data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.25914 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Granvik (1298) 8 November 1926; loc: mt. Elgon [Kenya]**

**PARATYPE – Not traced – ♂; rec: H. Granvik 1926; loc: Mt. Elgon; [data from original publication]**

**Remarks:**

*Publ.:* The type series as indicated for wing measurements consists of three males and one female. One male paratype could be located at the NHMM. Hence, one male paratype is still astray.

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 53) did not treat this taxon as a synonym of *alexinae* (HEUGLIN, 1863).

**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

Seicercus laetus schoutedeni PRIGOGENE, 1955


Current name: Phylloscopus laetus schoutedeni (PRIGOGENE, 1955)

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 225)

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**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.75863 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5692) 21 May 1953; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 1980 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.73713 – δ; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5066) 15 October 1954; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2000 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.75864 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5693) 21 May 1953; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2150 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77034 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5690) 17 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 1980 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77035 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5691) 22 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2160 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77036 – 9; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5694) 17 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 1980 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77037 – 9; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5695) 22 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2180 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77038 – 9; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5696) 20 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 1980 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77039 – 9; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5697) 25 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2110 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77040 – 9; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5698) 20 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 1980 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – Not traced (δ) – δ; rem: not in RMCA

**PARATYPE** – Not traced (♀) – ♀; rem: not in RMCA

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**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.** In the description, Prigogine mentions the existence of ‘paratypes’, and publishes a list of six males and six females which he measured (probably including the male holotype).

**Types:** On the labels, Prigogine has indicated a type and a paratype.

In the RMCA collection, there are at present five males and five females of this series (including the holotype, a male).

The missing male and female paratypes are not in the RMCA.

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**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Sylviella baraka* SHARPE, 1897
Current name: *Sylvietta virens baraka* SHARPE, 1897
according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 208)

**LECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 54) – BMNH 1897.10.31.6 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** F. J. Jackson 24 April 1895; **loc:** Entebbe Uganda; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 55)]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 54) – RMCA A.27651 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** F. J. Jackson 14 March 1895; **loc:** Entebbe [British East Africa]; **rem:** [label/register:] ‘achat [= bought from] Rosenberg’

**Remarks:**
**Publ.:** The original publication only gives ‘Type in private collection F. J. Jackson’.

**Types:** Warren & Harrison (1971: 55) mention as ‘holotype’ the specimen presented by Jackson as ‘type’ to the BMNH. They were unaware of the existence of the specimen in the RMCA. Although in the first volume of their work (Warren, 1966: iii) it is suggested that they do not intend to indicate lectotypes in their work, according to the Code (Art. 74.6) they actually do.

Indeed, Warren & Harrison (1971) fully comply to Art. 74.6 and they are ‘deemed to have designated that specimen as the lectotype’. To eliminate any discussion, in case the action of Warren & Harrison (1971) would be questioned, Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 54) explicitly indicate the specimen BMNH nr 1897.10.31.6 as lectotype. All other syntypes, including the specimen in the RMCA, are considered paralectotypes.

**Note:** *Sylviella* is an unjustified emendation of *Sylvietta* LAFRESNAYE, 1839 published by Sundevall in 1859 (Sundevall, 1859 ['1857']: 39).

**References:**
FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Sylvietta chapini* SCHOUTEDEN, 1947

Original spelling: *Sylvietta Chapini*


Current name: *Sylvietta leucophrys chapini* SCHOUTEDEN, 1947

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 208)

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SYNTYPE (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.42511 – ♂ juv.; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: J. M. Vrydagh (1275) 24 July 1941; *loc*: Nioka [Congo Belge]

SYNTYPE (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.42512 – ♂ ad.; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: J. M. Vrydagh (2120) 24 November 1942; *loc*: Nioka (forêt) [Congo Belge]

SYNTYPE (labelled: ‘Holotype’) – RMCA A.42513 – ♂ ad.; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: J. M. Vrydagh (2123) 26 November 1942; *loc*: Djugu (forêt) [Congo Belge]

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References:


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Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren.
FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Sylvietta ruficapilla gephyra* White, 1953


Current name: *Sylvietta ruficapilla gephyra* White, 1953

**Holotype** – BMNH 1953.54.322 – ♂; **rec:** C. M. N. White 26 January 1940; **loc:** Mwinilunga [Northern Rhodesia]; [data from original publication, see also Warren & Harrison (1971: 206)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.13014 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** S. A. Neave (237) 15 June 1907; **loc:** Katanga, upper Lufira riv. [Etat Indép. du Congo]; **rem.** [label/register:] ‘achat [= bought from] Rosenberg’

**Paratype** – RMCA A.43348 – ♂ ad.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** C. M. White 9 January 1940; **loc:** Mwinilunga [Rhodesia (British)]
FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Sylvietta ruficapilla schoutedeni* WHITE, 1953


Current name: *Sylvietta ruficapilla schoutedeni* WHITE, 1953

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.18731 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3573) 02/1926 [on former label] [5 January 1926]; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.18732 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3458) 02/1926 [on former label] [26 February 1926]; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.18733 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3564) 02/1926 [on former label] [5 March 1926]; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.18734 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (3457) 02/1926 [on former label] [26 February 1926]; **loc:** Tembwe [Congo Belge]

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**Remarks:**

**Note:** In the RMCA register appear some inconsistencies with the original label data: according to sex and field number: RMCA nrs 18731 (holotype) and 18734 were switched. The present list reflects the corrected situation.

In the register collection dates are more detailed and copied to the new labels. In the publication only February 1926 is given.
**FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE**

*Alseonax coerulescens kikuyensis* **VAN SOMEREN, 1921**


Current name: *Muscicapta caerulescens cinereola* **HARTLAUB & FINSch, 1870**

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 332)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 604206 – ♀ ad.; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 19 March 1916; **loc:** Kyambu forest; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 87)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 604207-604210 – [according to LeCroy (2008: 87)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98576 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 24 September 1916; **loc:** Kyambu [Nkea]

**References:**


**FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE**

*Alseonax minimus interpositus* 
**VAN SOMEREN, 1931**


Current name: *Muscicapa adusta murina* 
**(FISCHER & REICHENOW, 1884)**

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 328)

[including synonymy]

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**HOLOTYPE** – FMNH 197357 – ♂; **rec:** 8 July 1918; **loc:** Molo Forest [Kenya]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98571 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 18 July 1917; **loc:** Molo forest [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98572 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 3 January 1916; **loc:** Kiambu forest [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98573 – juv.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** P. Cook 5 March 1916; **loc:** Kyambu [Kenya]

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**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The description is vague concerning the number of specimens examined: ‘twenty odd skins’.

**Types:** van Someren must have seen RMCA nr 98573, and that is one of the ‘twenty’ and thus has paratype status. There is no mentioning of it being a paratype on the label, to the contrary of RMCA nrs 98571 and 98572, which are duly marked as such and van Someren’s Catalogue does not make us any wiser.

RMCA nr 98752 bears a near illegible collecting date (possibly 3 January 1916) on the label; the Catalogue says 3 November 1916, but Schouteden has noted 31 September 1916 (sic).

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**References:**

FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

Alseonax minimus marsabit          VAN SOMEREN, 1931
Current name: Muscicapa adusta marsabit (VAN SOMEREN, 1931)
according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 328)

HOLOTYPE – FMNH 197356 – ♂; rec: 2 July 1923; loc: Kiu [Kenya]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.98567 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 4 July 1924; loc: Marsabet [Kenya]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.98568 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 4 July 1924; loc: Marsabet [Kenya]

References:
FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

*Bradornis murinus suahelicus* van Someren, 1921

Current name: *Melaenornis pallidus murinus* (Finsch & Hartlaub, 1870)

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 299)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 603344 – ♀; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 12 December 1912; loc: Londiani; [data from LeCroy (2008: 77)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.99513 – ♂ juv.; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 20 April 1917; loc: Kibingei (W. Mt. Elgon) Kyebufote Kibingei River [British East Africa]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**


(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98578 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 10 October 1915; loc: Kiambu forest [Kenya]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 55)]

**Remarks**: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.**: The description gives a list of localities for the type series.

**Types**: RMCA nr 99513, a juvenile from W. of Mt Elgon, is probably a paratype. On the other hand, the localities of RMCA nrs 98577 and 98578, although also labelled ‘paratype’, do not appear in the description: they are not paratypes.

**References**:


FAMILY **MUSCICAPIDAE**

**Callene sokokensis** Van Someren, 1921


Current name: *Sheppardia gunningi sokokensis* (Van Someren, 1921)

according to: Oatley, Fry, Keith & Tye (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 402)

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 580019 – ♀ ad.; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 21 January 1921; *loc*: Sokoke Forest [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2005: 10)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98318 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 8 January 1921; *loc*: Sokoke forest [Kenya]

**PARATYPE (?)** – RMCA A.98319 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 17 May 1921; *loc*: Sokoke forest [Kenya]

**Remarks:**

*Publ.*: Although the publication date was 26 May 1921, the new species was presented at the meeting of the British Ornithologists’ Club on 11 May 1921 (Bull. Brit. Orn. Club 41: 125).

**Types:** RMCA has two specimens of this species from Sokoke forest. According to the Code, RMCA nr 98319, collected 17 May 1921, is strictly a legitimate candidate as a paratype. However, in 1921 nine days was too short a period for transporting either the specimen or the manuscript from Kenya to London. The possibility that the specimen was available to the author was questioned by Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 35).

The only possible way that the specimen could have contributed to the description is the highly improbable scenario whereby the manuscript was prepared by van Someren [in Kenya] and transmitted to London by cable between 17 and 26 May 1921. LeCroy (2005: 11), however, noting that the presentation was communicated by Hartert, thinks this is quite plausible.

**References:**


FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

_Cossypha archeri kimbutui_ PRIGOGINE, 1955


Current name: _Cossypha archeri kimbutui_ PRIGOGINE, 1955

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.75859 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5266) 30 October 1954; **loc:** Mt. Kabobo **alt:** 2050 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Allotype’) – RMCA A.75860 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (5265) 30 October 1954; **loc:** Mt. Kabobo **alt:** 1670 m [Congo Belge]
FAMILY **MUSCICAPIDAE**  
*Cossypha bocagei hallae* **Prigogine, 1969**  

Current name: *Sheppardia bocagei chapini* **(Benson, 1955)**  
according to: Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 675)  
[including synonymy]  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>RMCA Number</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Preparation</th>
<th>Collector</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Holotype</td>
<td>A.116115</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>dry skin (excellent condition)</td>
<td>Prigogine (13295)</td>
<td>6 May 1968</td>
<td>Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paratype (?)</td>
<td>A.26761</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>dry skin (fair condition)</td>
<td>Richard</td>
<td>Elisabethville [Congo Belge]</td>
<td>Tip of upper mandible broken</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paratype (?)</td>
<td>A.79065</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>dry skin (fair condition)</td>
<td>T. de Caters</td>
<td>Busumba [Congo Belge]</td>
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<tr>
<td>Paratype</td>
<td>A.116111</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>dry skin (good condition)</td>
<td>Prigogine (13291)</td>
<td>18 May 1968</td>
<td>Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paratype</td>
<td>A.116112</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>dry skin (good condition)</td>
<td>Prigogine (13292)</td>
<td>6 February 1968</td>
<td>Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]</td>
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<tr>
<td>Paratype</td>
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<td>♀</td>
<td>dry skin (good condition)</td>
<td>Prigogine (13293)</td>
<td>15 May 1968</td>
<td>Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]</td>
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<td>♂</td>
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<td>18 May 1968</td>
<td>Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]</td>
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<td>9 May 1968</td>
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<tr>
<td>Paratype</td>
<td>A.116238</td>
<td>♀</td>
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<td>11 May 1968</td>
<td>Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]</td>
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<td>♀</td>
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<td>Prigogine (13418)</td>
<td>18 June 1968</td>
<td>Kisanga [Congo (Kinshasa)]</td>
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<tr>
<td>Paratype</td>
<td>A.116347</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>dry skin (good condition)</td>
<td>Prigogine (13526)</td>
<td>10 July 1968</td>
<td>Saint-Hubert [Congo (Kinshasa)]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks:  
**Publ.**: Prigogine allocates, besides the holotype, ten ‘other’ specimens to the subspecies. Also 21 specimens from the Upemba National Park (borrowed from the RBINS) were assigned to the taxon.  

**Types**: The RMCA has at present only eight certain paratypes, duly annotated as such on the label. RMCA nrs 26761 and 79065 are most probably two other paratypes, because they were collected before the publication date.  

**Note**: Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 675) refers to Oatley *et al*. (in Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 395) for the ‘implicit’ inclusion of *hallae* in *chapini*. As this interpretation appears to be based only on the given ranges of the subspecies under consideration and the absence of the taxon name *hallae*, it seems unjustified to refer the nomenclatorial act to these authors.  

**References**:  
FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

*Cossypha bocagei kaboboensis* PRIGOGENE, 1955


Current name: *Sheppardia bocagei kaboboensis* (PRIGOGENE, 1955)

according to: Oatley, Fry, Keith & Ty (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 395)

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.75862 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5267) 24 October 1954; loc: Mt. Kabobo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Allotype’) – RMCA A.75861 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5268) 26 October 1954; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 1670 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77804 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5261) 26 October 1954; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 1670 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.79478 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (6190) 17 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2000 m [Congo Belge]; rem: [condition:] upper mandible broken

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.79479 – ♂ juv.; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (6190) 18 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 1760 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPES** (not found) – Not traced (2) –

**Remarks**: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.**: Prigogine indicates that he has measured six specimens, besides the holotype (three males, two females and one juvenile).

**Types**: Prigogine labelled one of the paratypes (RMCA nr 75861) as ‘allotype’, but never mentioned this in the publication, so the specimen is merely a paratype. The RMCA has four paratypes.

**References**:

FAMILY **MUSCICAPIDAE**

*Cossypha caffra kivuensis* **SCHOUTEDEN, 1937**

Current name: *Cossypha caffra kivuensis* **SCHOUTEDEN, 1937**

**LECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.17998 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2857) 22 December 1925; **loc:** Kibati [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.17996 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2850) 21 December 1925; **loc:** Kibati [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.17997 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2854) 21 December 1925; **loc:** Kibati [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.17999 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2860) 22 December 1925; **loc:** Kibati [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.18000 – ♂ juv.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2897) 27 December 1925; **loc:** Nya Muzinga [Ruanda]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.18001 – juv.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2929) 28 December 1925; **loc:** Nya Muzinga [Ruanda]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.18002 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2924) 28 December 1925; **loc:** Nya Muzinga [Ruanda]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.18003 – ♂ juv.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2935) 28 December 1925; **loc:** Nya Muzinga [Ruanda]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.33479 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (787) 9-14 August 1934; **loc:** Tshamugussa **alt:** 2250 m [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.33480 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (788) 9-14 August 1934; **loc:** Tshamugussa **alt:** 2250 m [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.33481 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (870) 19 September 1934; **loc:** mt. Gahinga, près du sommet **alt:** 3475 m [Ruanda]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) – RMCA A.33482 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (839) 7 September 1934; **loc:** Muhavura, Burambi **alt:** 2325 m [Ruanda]

**Remarks:**

**Publ.**: The description mentions 14 specimens from the Volcano Region (Kivu), i.e. five males plus three juveniles collected by Schouteden and five males plus one female collected by de Witte. However, the accuracy of the figures published is discredited by the fact that the total of 31 specimens does not correspond to the details given for the samples of the Elgon (16) and the Volcano (14) regions.
**Types:** The Schouteden series is apparently entirely in the RMCA. The de Witte series, however, is actually only represented by four specimens: two males plus two females. As only one female was listed in the type series, it is possible that only one of them is actually a syntype and hence four and not three male syntypes are missing or held by another institution. Schouteden labelled RMCA nr 17998 as ‘type’, while others were labelled ‘PT’ (paratype). This, however, has no nomenclatural value. The discrepancy between the description and the actually available specimens from the de Witte series calls for the indication of a lectotype. Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 37) formally selected RMCA number 17998 as lectotype. All other specimens, including the questionable ones, became paralectotypes.

**References:**

FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

*Cossypha insulana schoutedeni* Prigogine, 1952


Current name: *Sheppardia bocagei schoutedeni* (Prigogine, 1952)

according to: Oatley, Fry, Keith & Tye (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 395)

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.60283 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (AP50) 12 April 1949; **loc:** Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.47246 – ♀ ad.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (425) 13 May 1949; **loc:** Lutunguru **alt:** 1580 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.59869 – ♀ subad.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (3293) 8 March 1952; **loc:** Bitakongo **alt:** 1890 m [Congo Belge]

References:

FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

Erythropygia hartlaubi keniaVan Someren, 1931


Current name: Cercotrichas hartlaubi (Reichenow, 1891)

according to: White (1962b: 127)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – FMNH 198429 – ♂; rec: February 1919; loc: Mt. Kenya alt: 7000 ft [Kenya]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.98380 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 10 March 1917; loc: Kiambu forest [Kenya]

PARATYPE (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.98381 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 21 February 1916; loc: Kiambu forest [Kenya]

References:

FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

*Erythropygia leucoptera pallida* Benson, 1942


Current name: *Cercotrichas leucophrys eluta* (Bowen, 1934)

according to: Oatley, Fry, Keith & Tye (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 478)

[synonymy according to: Ripley (in: Mayr & Paynter (eds.)) (1964: 20)]

**HOLOTYPE** – FMNH 198379 – ♂; rec: February 1923; loc: Serenli, Juba River; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98365 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren July 1922; loc: Jubaland, Juba riv., Serenli [Kenya (Jubaland)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98366 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 10 June 1922; loc: Jubaland, Mandaira [Kenya (Jubaland)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Note:** Since 1925 Jubaland is no longer part of Kenya; today it belongs to Somalia.

**References:**


FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

Muscicapa lendu itombwensis PRIGOGINE, 1957
Current name: Muscicapa lendu itombwensis PRIGOGINE, 1957

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HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.85363 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7124) 26 January 1957; loc: Ibachilo (Itombwe) alt: 1750 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.85364 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7122) 30 January 1957; loc: Milanga alt: 1700 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.85365 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7120) 15 June 1956; loc: Ibachilo alt: 1820 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.86137 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7121) 15 June 1956; loc: Ibachilo alt: 1820 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.86139 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7123) 24 January 1957; loc: Ibachilo alt: 1800 m [Congo Belge]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)
Publ.: The publication mentions one holotype and five paratypes.

Types: Only five specimens, including the holotype, are registered in the RMCA. So one type specimen is missing.
From a note in the repertory register (see also Keith & Twomey, 1968: 542), it appears that at least one RMCA specimen was sent on loan to the American Museum of Natural History, New York. There is no trace of a donation or exchange. At the AMNH no corresponding specimen could be traced: specimen AMNH nr 707724, a male collected by Prigogine at Ibachilo on 21 March 1958, cannot have type status (M. LeCroy, pers. comm.).

References:

Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 176
FAMILY Monarchidae

Terpsiphone rufiventer somereni CHAPIN, 1948

Current name: Terpsiphone rufiventer somereni CHAPIN, 1948

HOLOTYPE – AMNH 652518 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 14 June 1919; loc: Budongo forest, Uganda; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 191)]

PARATYPES – AMNH 652513-652517 – rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Budongo forest, Uganda; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 191)]

PARATYPES – AMNH 652519-652527 – rec: V. G. L. van Someren; loc: Budongo forest, Uganda; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 191)]


PARATYPE – RMCA A.98678 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 12 December 1918; loc: Budongo [British East Africa]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.98679 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 12 December 1918; loc: Budongo [British East Africa]

Remarks:


References:

FAMILY MONARCHIDAE

Terpsiphone viridis kivuensis Salomonsen, 1949

Dansk Orn. Foren. Tidsskr. vol. 43 p. 86

Current name: Terpsiphone viridis kivuensis Salomonsen, 1949

HoloTYPE – RMCA A.33540 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (174) 13 January 1934; loc: Kibati alt: 1900 m [Congo Belge]

ParATYPE – RMCA A.37255 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Hackars (90) 20 October 1933; loc: Kibati [Congo Belge]
FAMILY Monarchidae
Terpsiphone viridis subrufa Salomonsen, 1949
Dansk Orn. Foren. Tidsskr. vol. 43 p. 84
Current name: Terpsiphone viridis plumbeiceps Reichenow, 1898
according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 485)
[including synonymy]

Holotype – RMCA A.36822 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. J. Brédo
February 1940; loc: rég. de Musosa, entre Pweto et Moliro Est de Kapulo
[Congo Belge]

Paratype – RMCA A.36816 – prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. J. Brédo
February 1940; loc: rég. de Musosa, entre Pweto et Moliro Est de Kapulo
[Congo Belge]

References:
FAMILY TIMALIIDAE

*Crateropus melanops clamosus* VAN SOMEREN, 1920


Current name: *Turdoides sharpei sharpei* (REICHENOW, 1891)

according to: Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 611)

[synonymy according to: White (1962: 172)]


**PARATYPE – AMNH 587365 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 25 August 1918; loc: Nakuru; [data according to LeCroy (2005: 87)]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.98067 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 9 January 1918; loc: Naivasha [Kenya]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.98068 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 20 February 1919; loc: Naivasha [Kenya]**

References:


FAMILY **Timaliidae**

*Cranorhynchus tenebrosus claudei* **Bannerman**, 1919


Current name: *Turdoides tenebrosus* (Hartlaub, 1883)

**HOLOTYPE** – BMNH 1919.10.12.150 – ♂; **rec:** C. Christy (1125) 13 August 1914; **loc:** Poko [Belgian Congo]; [data from original publication]; **rem:** presented by the RMCA [according to Warren & Harrison (1971: 121)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.7605 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** C. Christy (1126) 13 August 1914; **loc:** Poko [Belgian Congo]
FAMILY TIMALIIDAE

*Kupeornis chapini* SCHOUTEDEN, 1949


Current name: *Kupeornis chapini* SCHOUTEDEN, 1949

**HoloType** – RMCA A.35662 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** Mme Lepersonne (73) 10 June 1939; **loc:** Mongbwalu [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – AMNH 348502 – ♂; **rec:** A. Prigogine (496) 31 July 1949; **loc:** Loiki; **alt:** 1200 m [Congo Belge]; **rem:** ex RMCA 47251

**Paratype** – RMCA A.36006 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** Mme Lepersonne (114) 29 July 1939; **loc:** Mongbwalu [Congo Belge]; **rem:** [in register:] entr. date: 24 November 1939; ‘échange avec Mus. New York contre paratype Graueria vittata (May 1950)’

**Paratype** – RMCA A.36007 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** Mme Lepersonne (131) 26 July 1939; **loc:** Mongbwalu [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.47252 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (495) 31 July 1949; **loc:** Loiki; **alt:** 1200 m [Congo Belge]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The RMCA register indicates that there used to be four paratypes in the collection. In 1950, one of them was exchanged with a specimen of *Graueria vittata*, from the AMNH. In the register, it is said that RMCA nr 36007 was intended for the exchange, but in fact it was RMCA nr 47251 that departed.
FAMILY TIMALIIDAE

*Lioptilus chapini kalindei* PRIGOGINE, 1964


Current name: *Kupeornis chapini kalindei* (PRIGOGINE, 1964)

according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (2000: 71)

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.111154 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (excellent condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (11418) 17 May 1964; *loc*: Kiliza *alt*: 1420 m [Congo (Léopoldville)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.111153 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (11417) 6 June 1964; *loc*: Kitongo *alt*: 1450 m [Congo (Léopoldville)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.111155 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (11419) 30 May 1964; *loc*: Kiliza *alt*: 1390 m [Congo (Léopoldville)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.111156 – ♀ juv.; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (11420) 27 May 1964; *loc*: Kiliza *alt*: 1430 m [Congo (Léopoldville)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.111157 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Prigogine (11421) 7 June 1964; *loc*: Kitongo *alt*: 1470 m [Congo (Léopoldville)]

References:

FAMILY TIMALIIDAE

*Lioptilus chapini nyombensis* PRIGOGINE, 1960


Current name: *Kupeornis chapini nyombensis* (PRIGOGINE, 1960)

according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (2000: 71)

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.100576 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* A. Prigogine (9508) 10 June 1959; *loc:* Butokolo *alt:* 1460 m [Congo Belge]; *rem:* [in register:] ‘réinscrit sous nr. 102994’

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.100577 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* A. Prigogine (9507) 11 June 1959; *loc:* Butokolo *alt:* 1450 m [Congo Belge]; *rem:* [in register:] ‘réinscrit sous nr. 102993’

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.103741 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* A. Prigogine (9642) 10 June 1959; *loc:* Butokolo *alt:* 1340 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE (not found)** – Not traced (1) – ♂

**Remarks:**

*Types:* According to the publication the type series consisted of four males. The whereabouts of the remaining specimen are unknown.

**References:**

FAMILY TIMALIIDAE

*Pseudoalcippe atriceps kivuensis* SCHOUTEDEN, 1937


Current name: *Pseudoalcippe abyssinica atriceps* (SHARPE, 1902)

according to: Dowsett & Dowsett-Lemaire (1993: 365)

[synonymy according to: Deignan (in: Mayr & Paynter (eds.)) (1963: 412)]

LECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) – RMCA A.18079 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2536) 24 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.1324 – prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: Pauwels (Capt.); loc: Baraka [Congo Belge]; rem: this is probably the specimen mentioned in the original description for the locality Sibatwa.


PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.18062 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2960) 30 December 1925; loc: Nya Muzinga [Ruanda]


PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.18065 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2841) 21 December 1925; loc: Kibati [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.18066 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2790) 14 December 1925; loc: Burunga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.18067 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2739) 12 December 1925; loc: Burunga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.18068 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2737) 11 December 1925; loc: Burunga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.18069 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2690) 8 December 1925; loc: Burunga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.18070 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2690) 8 December 1925; loc: Burunga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.18071 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2690) 8 December 1925; loc: Burunga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) – RMCA A.18072 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2681) 8 December 1925; loc: Burunga [Congo Belge]
**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) –
RMCA A.18073 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2654)
6 December 1925; loc: Burunga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) –
RMCA A.18074 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2653)
6 December 1925; loc: Burunga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) –
RMCA A.18075 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2642)
5 December 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) –
RMCA A.18076 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2622)
1 December 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) –
RMCA A.18077 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2595)
29 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) –
RMCA A.18078 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2545)
24 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) –
RMCA A.18080 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2486)
21 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 58) –
RMCA A.18081 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2407)
17 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) –
RMCA A.18082 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2404)
17 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) –
RMCA A.18083 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2371)
16 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) –
RMCA A.18084 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2335)
15 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) –
RMCA A.18085 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2297)
13 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) –
RMCA A.18086 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2266)
10 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) –
RMCA A.23987 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** L. Burgeon 27 September 1932; loc: Mushumbangado [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) –
RMCA A.33441 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (511)
11-29 April 1934; loc: Kamatembe alt: 2100 m [Congo Belge]

**PARALECTOTYPE**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) –
RMCA A.33442 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (888)
23 September 1934; loc: V. Sabinyo, près du ravin Rwebeya alt: 3000 m [Congo Belge]
Remarks:

**Publ.** In total 30 syntypes are mentioned in the original description, although the specimen from NW Tanganyka is attributed to the new subspecies with some hesitation.

**Types:** All specimens are in the RMCA. The specimen RMCA number 1324 although from NW Tanganyka, is from the locality Baraka and not from Sibatwa as stated in the original publication. This specimen was not unequivocably attributed to the new taxon.

Schouteden labelled specimen RMCA number 18079 as ‘type’. This action has no nomenclatural validity.

In order to establish stability for the taxon, Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 59) designated specimen RMCA number 18079 as lectotype. Consequently, all other syntypes, including the doubtful specimen from NW Tanganyka, become paralectotypes.

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 66) indicated that specimen RMCA 18079 was labelled ‘Holotype’. This is not the case: it is labelled ‘Type’.

**References:**


**FAMILY TIMALIIDAE**

*Turdoides squamulata jubaensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1931


Current name: *Turdoides squamulata jubaensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1931

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**HOLOTYPE** – FMNH 196057 – ∞; **rec:** July 1922; **loc:** Serenli; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm); no note on type status]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.98074 – ∞; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren July 1922; **loc:** Jubaland, Hellesheid [Kenya (Jubaland)]

**Remarks:**

**Note:** Art. 30.1.4.4. of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (1999) states: ‘a compound genus-group ending in the suffix [. . .] -oides [. . .] is to be treated as masculine, unless its author, when establishing the name, stated that it had another gender or treated it as such by combining it with an adjectival species-group name in another gender.’

The type species of *Turdoides* CRETZSCHMAR, 1827 is *Turdoides leucocephala* CRETZSCHMAR, 1827, by monotypy. Its gender is obviously feminine, as already addressed by David & Gosselin (2002b: 261) and Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 609).

**References:**


FAMILY PARIDAE

*Parus fasciiventer kaboboensis* Prigogine, 1957
Current name: *Parus fasciiventer kaboboensis* Prigogine, 1957

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.77009 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* A. Prigogine (5665) 21 May 1955; *loc:* Mt. Kabobo *alt:* 2080 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.77008 – ♀; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* A. Prigogine (5664) 21 May 1955; *loc:* Mt. Kabobo *alt:* 2080 m [Congo Belge]
FAMILY Remizidae

*Anthoscopus musculus guasso* VAN SOMEREN, 1932

Novit. Zool. vol. 37 p. 359

Current name: *Anthoscopus musculus* (HARTLAUB, 1882)

according to: Snow (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 65)

[including synonymy]

**Holotype** (labelled: ‘Type’ according to Willard (pers. comm.)) – FMNH 199071 – ♂; **rec:** 14 June 1923; **loc:** Archer’s Post [Kenya]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**Paratype (?)** – RMCA A.98751 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 10 June 1923; **loc:** Archer’s police post [Kenya]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.98752 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 14 June 1923; **loc:** Archer’s police post [Kenya]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** For the holotype the following data are given: ♂ Archer’s police post 14 June 1923. In total nine specimens were used. No indication on the destination Museum is found.

**Types:** van Someren’s catalogue lists the male type, together with one male ‘paratype’ and one female ‘cotype’ (sic), plus a male and a female collected the same month at the same locality (and one more female from November 1920). This lot is at variance with the ‘series’ from the description.

Both FMNH and RMCA have a specimen that corresponds with the holotype’s data. In the FMNH lists (D. Willard, pers. comm.), the status of their specimen is marked as ‘type’. The label of specimen RMCA nr 98752 is marked ‘paratype’ by Schouteden. Although this specimen could equally be the holotype, we concur with Schouteden’s interpretation of the marks pencilled in the catalogue of the van Someren sale, indicating the material acquired by the RMCA not to be the ‘type’.

Specimen RMCA nr 98751, however, is not marked ‘paratype’ in the van Someren catalogue, but it is most likely one.

**References:**

FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Anthreptes tephrolaema elgonensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1921


Current name: *Anthreptes rectirostris tephrolaemus* (JARDINE & FRASER, 1851)

according to: David & Gosselin (2002b:276)

[synonymy according to: Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 218)]

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Specimen Information</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>HOLOTYPE</strong> – AMNH 686013 – ♂ ad.; rec: J. A. Turner (626) 22 January 1917; loc: Kaimosi, Nandi [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 133)]</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PARATYPE</strong> – AMNH 686014 – ♀; rec: J.A. Turner 22 January 1917; loc: Kaimosi [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 133)]</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PARATYPE</strong> – AMNH 686015 – ♀; rec: J.A. Turner 22 January 1917; loc: Kaimosi [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 133)]</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PARATYPE</strong> – AMNH 686016 – ♀; rec: J.A. Turner 14 March 1917; loc: Lerundo [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 133)]</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PARATYPE</strong> – AMNH 686017 – ♀; rec: J.A. Turner 19 January 1917; loc: Lucasi Road [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 133)]</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PARATYPE</strong> – RMCA A.99028 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 10 April 1918; loc: Kaimosi [Kenya]</td>
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References:


FAMILY NECTARINIDAE

*Cinayris afer chapini* PRIGOGINE, 1952


Current name: *Cinnyris stuhlmanni chapini* (PRIGOGINE, 1952)

according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (2000: 244)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Family: Family Name</th>
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<tr>
<td>Nectarinidae</td>
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</table>

**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.58986 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3090) 10 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3240 m [Congo Belge] |

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.52485 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1558) 24 May 1950; loc: Lubango [Congo Belge] |

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.56032 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2515) 25 October 1950; loc: Lubuka alt: 2450 m [Congo Belge] |

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58308 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2856) 22 September 1951; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2750 m [Congo Belge] |

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58309 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2857) 5 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3050 m [Congo Belge] |

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58987 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3091) 17 December 1951; loc: Mubuka alt: 2720 m [Congo Belge] |

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58988 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3092) 19 December 1951; loc: Mubuka alt: 2720 m [Congo Belge] |

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58989 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3093) 10 December 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3220 m [Congo Belge] |

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.58998 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3102) 26 March 1951; loc: Muusi alt: 2300 m [Congo Belge] |

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.60453 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (AP527) 26 March 1951; loc: Muusi [Congo Belge] |

**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** In the description the genus name appears as *Cinayris*, a typographical error for *Cinnyris*.

**References:**

**FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE**

*Cinnyris afer prigoginei* MACDONALD, 1958

Original spelling: *Cinnyris Afer Prigoginei*


Current name: *Cinnyris prigoginei* MACDONALD, 1958

according to: Cheke & Mann (in: Cheke, Mann & Allen) (2001: 269)

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 289664 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: A. L. Moses [Tanganika Exp.] (298) 28 February 1929; *loc*: Sambwe, Marungu highlands *alt*: 6100 ft [Belgian Congo]; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 144)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 289665 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: J. S. Rockefeller [Tanganyika Exp.] (626) 1 May 1929; *loc*: Pandi, Marungu highlands *alt*: 6100 ft [Belgian Congo]; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 144)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 289666 – ♀; *rec*: A. L. Moses [Tanganyika Exp.] (621) 27 April 1929; *loc*: Matafali, Marungu highlands *alt*: 6225 ft [Belgian Congo]; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 144)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.22454 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: G.-F. de Witte (1645) 20-27 June 1931; *loc*: Kasiki (Marungu) *alt*: 2300 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.22456 – ♂; *ppp*: dry skin (poor condition); *rec*: G.-F. de Witte (1698) 20-27 June 1931; *loc*: Kasiki (Marungu) *alt*: 2300 m [Congo Belge]

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**References:**


FAMILY NECTARINIDAE

*Cinnyris bifasciatus tsavoensis* V. G. L. van Someren, 1922

Novit. Zool. vol. 29 p. 196

Current name: *Cinnyris tsavoensis* V. G. L. van Someren, 1922

according to: Cheke & Mann (in: Cheke, Mann & Allen) (2001: 291)

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 688573 – ♀ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 3 April 1918; loc: Tsavo; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98880 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 7 April 1918; loc: Tsavo [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98882 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 4 August 1918; loc: Maungu [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98883 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 30 March 1918; loc: Tsavo [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98884 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 18 March 1918; loc: Tsavo [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98885 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 2 April 1918; loc: Tsavo [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98886 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 3 July 1918; loc: Tsavo [Kenya]

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**References:**

FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Cinnyris chloropygius pauwelsi* DUBOIS, 1911

Original spelling: *Cinnyris chloropygius* var. *Pauwelsi*

Rev. Fr. Ornithol. vol. 22 p. 17

Current name: *Cinnyris reichenowi reichenowi* SHARPE, 1891

according to: Chapin (1954: 247)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.1437 – **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** Capt. Pauwels;

**loc:** Baraka [Congo Belge]

**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** In the description, Dubois makes the following remark: ‘the rump colour in this species is not purple’, in deference to the notes made by Reichenow. Chapin corrected this during his visit in 1957 in a note on the label and in the RMCA register: specimen RMCA nr 1437 (holotype) does indeed have (the remaining) purple rump feathers. See Figure 4.

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 62) already agreed with Chapin (1954: 247) that *pauwelsi* is a member of the species *Cinnyris reichenowi*, and referred to it by the replacement name *Nectarinia preussi*.

Consequently, as ruled by Art. 23.3.5 of the ICZN Code, *Nectarinia preussi pauwelsi* (DUBOIS, 1911) has priority as a name for the subspecies often [e. g. by Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 256-257)] referred to as *Nectarinia preussi kikuyensis* (MEARNS, 1915), as long as it is placed in the same genus as *Depranorhynchus reichenowi* FISCHER, 1884.

At present, neither species is classified in *Nectarinia* and the name of the whole East African population (distinct from *preussi*) is *Cinnyris reichenowi reichenowi* SHARPE, 1891.

Brooke (1993: 343) confirms the opinion of Clancey & Irwin (1978: 348) that *Cinnyris erikssonii* TRIMEN, 1882 pertains to *Cinnyris ludovicensis* (BARBOZA DU BOCAGE, 1870) (as *Nectarinia ludovicensis ludovicensis*) and not to the present species as believed earlier.

**References:**


Figure 4. The holotype of *Cinnyris chloropygius pauwelsi*.
FAMILY NECTARINIDAE

*Cinnyris habessinicus turkanae* VAN SOMEREN, 1920


Current name: *Cinnyris habessinicus turkanae* VAN SOMEREN, 1920

‘Type’ [? Holotype] (labelled: ‘Type’) – AMNH 688424 – ♂ ad; rec: ‘van Someren Coll.’ March 1918; loc: Kobua River, Lake Rudolph [Kenya]; rem: without printed ‘van Someren Collection’ label [data according to LeCroy (2010:145) there listed as ‘syntype’]; ‘handwriting field label matches Turner’s’ [according to LeCroy (pers.comm.)]

‘Type’ [? Holotype] (labelled: ‘Type’) – FMNH 201849 – ♂; rec: March 1918; loc: Turkana, Kobua River; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm)]; rem: with printed ‘van Someren Collection’ label [according to LeCroy (2010: 145), there considered a syntype]

Paratype – AMNH 688423 – ♂ ad.; rec: Turner March 1918; [data according to LeCroy (2010:146)]

Paratype – AMNH 688425 – ♂ subad.; rec: Turner March 1918; [data according to LeCroy (2010:146)]

Paratype – AMNH 688426 – ♂ imm.; rec: Turner March 1918; [data according to LeCroy (2010:146)]

Paratype – AMNH 688428 – ♂; rec: ‘van Someren Collection’ 21 January 1917; [data according to LeCroy (2010:146)]

Paratype – FMNH (2) – rem: [according to D. Willard (pers.comm.) in LeCroy (2010:146)]

Paratype – NMZB (1) – ♀; rec: Turner March 1918; [data according to LeCroy (2010:146)], former number: AMNH 688427

Paratype – RMCA A.98893 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren April 1917; loc: Kobua river [Kenya]

Paratype (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.98906 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren March 1918; loc: Kobua river, W. Rudolf [Kenya]

Not accepted as type material:


Remarks:

*Publ.*: The original publication lists ‘Kohua river’ and not Kobua as found on the labels.

*Types*: Although labelled as such RMCA nr 98894 is not a paratype: it was collected after the date of publication.

RMCA nr 98906 is a paratype and not a cotype as stated on the label. As locality and date are the same as for the holotype, and it is of the opposite sex, it complies for the title ‘allotype’ (and not cotype) as one used to call such a specimen at that time.

The actual localisation of the holotype is in doubt.

LeCroy (2010: 145) clearly illustrates that there are two candidates (AMNH 688424 and FMNH 201849) for holotype status, based on label data. We agree that the listing by Hartert (1928: 206) does not unambiguously give holotype status to the AMNH specimen.

However, the proposition of LeCroy to consider both candidates as syntypes (hereby
depriving all other specimens of their paratype status) cannot be accepted. In the species description clearly one specimen is used as (holo)type. All other specimens should keep their paratype status. A thorough comparison of both candidates should be performed in order to decide which specimen fits best morphologically (and not only by its label data) with the holotype description.

References:
Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren.


FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Cinnyris regius kivuensis* SCHOUTEDEN, 1937


Current name: *Cinnyris regius kivuensis* SCHOUTEDEN, 1937

LECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 64) – RMCA A.17084 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2458) 20 November 1925; *loc*: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.4716 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: A. Pilette (D86) 23 March 1913; *loc*: Kibati [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17078 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2899) 27 December 1925; *loc*: Nya Muzinga (Karissimbi) [Ruanda]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17079 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2845) 21 December 1925; *loc*: Kibati [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17080 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2695) 9 December 1925; *loc*: Burunga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17081 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2285) 12 November 1925; *loc*: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17082 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2286) 12 November 1925; *loc*: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17083 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (poor condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2363) 16 November 1925; *loc*: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17085 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2542) 24 November 1925; *loc*: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17086 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2600) 29 November 1925; *loc*: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17087 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2604) 29 November 1925; *loc*: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17088 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2621) 1 December 1925; *loc*: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.17090 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2666) 7 December 1925; *loc*: Burunga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.23843 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Schouteden (2365) 16 November 1925; *loc*: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.23977 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (fair condition); *rec*: L. Burgeon 28 September 1932; *loc*: Kansenze [Congo Belge]
**Paralectotype**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.33662 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (462) 3-6 February 1934; **loc:** Ngesho **alt:** 1500 m [Congo Belge]

**Paralectotype**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.33663 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (508) 28 April 1934; **loc:** Tshumba **alt:** 2100 m [Congo Belge]

**Paralectotype**, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63) – RMCA A.33664 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** G.-F. de Witte (642) 11-12 April 1934; **loc:** Kamatembe **alt:** 2100 m [Congo Belge]

**Paralectotype** (possibly type) – Not traced ♂ – **rec:** G.-F. de Witte; **rem:** not present in RMCA

**Paralectotype** (possibly type) – Not traced ♀ – **rec:** H. Schouteden; **rem:** not present in RMCA

**Not accepted as type material:**
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.17089 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (poor condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden (2660) 6 December 1925; **loc:** Burunga [Congo Belge]; **rem:** bill broken; [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 63)]

**Remarks:**
**Publ.:** Careful reading of the description leads to the conclusion that there is no holotype indication, but a series of 21 syntypes.

**Types:** One of these, RMCA nr 17089 (designated PT = paratype by H. Schouteden), is indeterminate. Its bill is broken. Two other specimens of the original type series are not present in the RMCA collection. Due to the indeterminate status of a syntype, the designation of a lectotype was indicated. Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 64) formally designate RMCA nr 17084 as lectotype. This is the specimen that H. Schouteden had singled out (and indicated in pencil the word ‘type’ on its label), although this action had no nomenclatural value. The remainder of the original paratypes become paralectotypes (Art. 74 of the Code). They all bear the inscription ‘PT’ (= paratype), except RMCA nr 23843. The paralectotype status of two specimens, not present in the RMCA, is still pending, as they still could not be traced.

**References:**
FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Cinnyris superbus buvuma* VAN SOMEREN, 1932

Original spelling: *C[innyris]. superbus buvuma*

Novit. Zool. vol. 37 p. 352

Current name: *Cinnyris superbus buvuma* VAN SOMEREN, 1932

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**HOLOTYPE** – FMNH 204466 – ♂; rec: March 1922; loc: Buvuma Island [Uganda]; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98843 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 24 June 1914; loc: Kasala forest [British East Africa]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98844 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 31 May 1919; loc: Masindi [British East Africa]

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**References:**

FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE
*Cinnyris venustus sukensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1932
Original spelling: *C*[innyris]. *venustus sukensis*
Novit. Zool. vol. 37 p. 354
Current name: *Cinnyris venustus fazoqlensis* (VON HEUGLIN, 1871)
according to: Cheke & Mann (in: Cheke, Mann & Allen) (2001: 310)
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – FMNH 296549 – ♀; **rec**: 13 January 1931; **loc**: Turkwell River [Kenya];
[data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]
**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98830 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 4 January 1931; **loc**: Weiwei river [Kenya]

References:
FAMILY NECTARINIDAE

*Cyanomitra olivacea puguensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1939


Current name: *Cyanomitra olivacea changamwensis* (MEARNS, 1910)

[synonymy according to: Cheke & Mann (in: Cheke, Mann & Allen) (2001: 222)]

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**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98988 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: R. E. Moreau 29 November 1938; loc: Pugu forest (W. of Dar-Es-Salam) [Tanganyika Territory]

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References:


FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

_Nectarinia alinae derooi_ PRIGOGINE, 1975


Current name: _Cyanomitra alinae derooi_ (PRIGOGINE, 1975)
according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (2000: 174)

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.52502 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (1575) 10 April 1950; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.31546 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. J. Brédo 1 August 1937; _loc:_ forêt de Wago, environ 20 km à l’est de Blukwa _alt:_ 2400 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.31592 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. J. Brédo 1 August 1937; _loc:_ forêt de Kawa, lac Albert _alt:_ 2400 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.42089 – ♂ _ad._; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ J. M. Vrydag (2124) 26 November 1942; _loc:_ Djugu [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.42090 – ♂ _ad._; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ J. M. Vrydagh (2094) 6 November 1942; _loc:_ mt. Aboro (Ituri) [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.44167 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (136) 1 September 1948; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.47326 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (505) 16 July 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.47328 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (504) 16 July 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.47329 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (441) 9 July 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.47330 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (442) 6 July 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.47331 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (506) 24 July 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.48627 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (695) 17 October 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.48628 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (694) 18 October 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.49471 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (888) 9 July 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.49473 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (892) 16 December 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.51066 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (1006) 2 January 1950; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.51067 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (1007) 2 January 1950; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.51622 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (1215) 16 July 1949; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.52500 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (1573) 22 April 1950; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.52501 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (1574) 3 April 1950; _loc:_ Lutunguru _alt:_ 1500 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.52503 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ A. Prigogine (1576) 20 April 1950; _loc:_ Lutunguru [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.52504 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1577) 18 April 1950; loc: Lutunguru [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.52505 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1578) 20 March 1950; loc: Lutunguru [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.59919 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3344) 4 March 1952; loc: Lutunguru [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.59921 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3346) 13 March 1952; loc: Mt. Biakiri [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.66253 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 9 March 1953; loc: Mt. Biakiri [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.66254 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 14 March 1953; loc: Mt. Biakiri [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.71268 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 20 June 1954; loc: Butembo [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.72452 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 30 July 1954; loc: Butembo [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.72775 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 19 September 1954; loc: Butembo [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.72776 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 28 September 1954; loc: Butembo [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.73338 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 23 October 1954; loc: Butembo [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.83695 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 4 May 1956; loc: Butembo [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.91304 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 17 March 1958; loc: Vill. Alima (Kil. 68 route Mabwasa-Beni) [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.96319 – ♂ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: P. Dyleff 2 December 1958; loc: Butembo [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.126943 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (16314) 3 June 1971; loc: Malepe [Congo (Kinshasa)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.126944 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (16315) 4 June 1971; loc: Malepe [Congo (Kinshasa)]

References:
FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

Nectarinia alinae kaboboensis PRIGOGINE, 1975


Current name: Cyanomitra alinae kaboboensis (PRIGOGINE, 1975)

according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (2000: 174)

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.89196 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7484) 21 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2440 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.73793 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5146) 15 October 1954; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2000 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.73794 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5147) 21 October 1954; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2040 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.73795 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5148) 16 October 1954; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2000 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.73796 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5149) 11 October 1954; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2040 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.76937 – δ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5594) 22 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2100 m [Congo Belge]


PARATYPE – RMCA A.76940 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (5597) 22 May 1955; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2010 m [Congo Belge]; rem: [condition:] bill broken

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89193 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7481) 7 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2450 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89194 – δ; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7482) 28 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2360 m [Congo Belge]; rem: [condition:] lower bill broken

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89195 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7483) 1 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2440 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89196 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7485) 26 October 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2400 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89198 – δ; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7486) 15 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2350 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89199 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7487) 6 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2440 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.89200 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (7488) 17 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2450 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.104271 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (9995) 17 November 1957; loc: Mt. Kabobo alt: 2480 m [Congo Belge]

References:

FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Nectarinia alinae marungensis* PRIGOGINE, 1975


Current name: *Cyanomitra alinae marunguensis* (PRIGOGINE, 1975)

according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (2000: 174)

**HOLOTYPE** – NMZL 8362 – ♂ subad.; **rec**: R. J. Dowsett (1.439) 21 September 1972; **loc**: rivière Lufúko, près de Pepa, **alt**: 1710 m [Zaïre]; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.125475 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: A. Prigogine (15486) 10 June 1971; **loc**: Lyapenda **alt**: 1660 m [Congo (Kinshasa)]

References:

FAMILY **NECTARINIIDAE**

*Nectarinia dartmouthi* **OGILVIE-GRANT, 1906**


Current name: *Nectarinia johnstoni dartmouthi* **OGILVIE-GRANT, 1906**

according to: Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 268)

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**SYNTYPE** – BMNH 1906.12.23.549 – ♂; **rec**: R. E. Dent 19 February 1906; **loc**: Eastern Ruwenzori, **alt**: 13000 ft, West-Uganda; **rem**: labelled as the male type by the author [data according to Warren & Harrison (1971: 143)]

**SYNTYPES** – BMNH (?) – **rem**: listed as ‘several other syntypes in the collection’ by Warren & Harrison (1971: 143)

**SYNTYPE** – RMCA A.2986 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: D. Carruthers (1197) 29 January 1906; **loc**: Ruwenzori East **alt**: 12000 ft [British East Africa]

**SYNTYPE** – RMCA A.2987 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: D. Carruthers (1426) 3 April 1906; **loc**: Ruwenzori East **alt**: 13000 ft [British East Africa]

**SYNTYPE** – RMCA A.2988 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: D. Carruthers (1201) 30 January 1906; **loc**: Ruwenzori East **alt**: 12000 ft [British East Africa]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(possibly type), removed in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 67) – RMCA A.2985 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: R. E. Dent (230a) 5 April 1906; **loc**: Ruwenzori East **alt**: 14500 ft [British East Africa]

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**Remarks:**

*Publ.*: The number of types was not indicated by the describer.

**Types:** Four specimens in the RMCA are potential syntypes.

Because the altitudes mentioned in the description are situated between ‘12000 and 13000 feet’, specimen RMCA nr 2985, collected at 14500 feet, according to the label, must, however, be excluded from the type series.

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 66) indicated that the four RMCA specimens were labelled ‘Paratype’. This is not the case.

**References:**


FAMILY NECTARINIDAE

*Nectarinia johnstoni itombwensis* PRIGOGINE, 1977


Current name: *Nectarinia johnstoni itombwensis* PRIGOGINE, 1977

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.58288 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2836) 4 October 1951; **loc:** Mt. Mohi **alt:** 3060 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.56022 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2805) 28 March 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2690 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.56023 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2806) 25 March 1951; **loc:** Mt. Mohi **alt:** 2350 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.56024 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2807) 28 March 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2690 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.56025 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2808) 27 March 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2770 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.56026–♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2809) 26 March 1951; **loc:** Muusi **alt:** 2360 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.56027 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2810) 26 March 1951; **loc:** Muusi **alt:** 2340 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.56028 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2811) 26 March 1951; **loc:** Muusi **alt:** 2340 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58271 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2812) 22 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2750 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58272 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2820) 20 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2710 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58273 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2821) 4 October 1951; **loc:** Mt. Mohi **alt:** 3050 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58274 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2822) 23 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2750 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58275 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2823) 21 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2750 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58276 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2824) 20 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2720 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58277 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2825) 21 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2770 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58278 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2826) 20 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2720 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58279 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2827) 25 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2770 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58280 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2828) 20 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2720 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58281 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2829) 4 October 1951; **loc:** Mt. Mohi **alt:** 3020 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58282 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2830) 3 October 1951; **loc:** Mt. Mohi **alt:** 3080 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58283 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2831) 4 October 1951; **loc:** Mt. Mohi **alt:** 3030 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58284 – ♂ juv.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2832) 4 October 1951; **loc:** Mt. Mohi **alt:** 3020 m [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.58285 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2833) 4 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3050 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58287 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2835) 4 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3030 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58289 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2837) 4 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3050 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58290 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2838) 2 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3090 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58291 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2839) 4 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3030 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58292 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2840) 4 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3050 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58293 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2841) 4 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3020 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58294 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2842) 4 October 1951; loc: Mt. Mohi alt: 3060 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58296 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2844) 20 September 1951; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2720 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.58297 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2845) 20 September 1951; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2720 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.65988 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3767) 29 April 1953; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2680 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.65989 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3768) 28 April 1953; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2720 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.65990 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3769) 28 April 1953; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2710 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.65991 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3770) 30 April 1953; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2690 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.65992 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3771) 29 April 1953; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2690 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.65993 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3772) 30 April 1953; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2690 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.65994 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3773) 30 April 1953; loc: lac Lungwe alt: 2690 m [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA 74044-A-1245 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: F. L. Hendrickx (1749) 4 October 1951; loc: Mohi (Kivu) [Congo Belge]; rem: [label:] nr: 2848 [Prigogine]

PARATYPE – RMCA 74044-A-1246 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: F. L. Hendrickx (1751) 2 October 1951; loc: Mohi (Kivu) [Congo Belge]; rem: [label:] nr: 2834 [Prigogine]; [in register:] Prigogine lists different data for (his) nr. 2834.

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Publ.: Prigogine (1977) states that ‘all the males and females’ he collected ‘between March 1951 and April 1953’ are paratypes and they formed the basis for the published tables. In these tables data from at least 24 males and 11 females are used. In contrast to the literal interpretation of the text, the tables also include data from the male holotype.

Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren.

**Types:** The RMCA holds 11 adult females, 28 adult males (including the holotype), one juvenile female and one juvenile male collected by Prigogine that fit the collection period indicated, and consequently these 41 specimens are candidates for type status. This series excludes the juvenile male collected 1 May 1953. As the series under consideration contains exactly 11 adult females, these are all paratypes without question. Within the series nine specimens (four males and five females, including one juvenile) bear a note ‘paratype’ on their label, and therefore should belong to the paratype series. This inclusion of a female juvenile paratype, however, indicates that not all specimens entered the tables. Indeed, Prigogine did not state that all the paratypes are adults nor that all adult paratypes were used in the tables. Consequently, there is no reason to question the paratype status of the remaining 23 male paratype candidates (i.e. those not bearing the ‘paratype’ indication on their label), although some of them (four or less) were not used in the tables. This also applies to the remaining male juvenile.
FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Nectarinia nectarinoides beveni* VáN SOMEREN, 1930

J. E. Afr. Uganda Nat. Hist. Soc. vol. 35 p. 64

Current name: *Cinnyris nectarinioides erlangeri* (REICHENOW, 1905)

according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (2000: 268)

[synonymy according to: Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 266)]

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**Holotype** – RMCA A.98798 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (poor condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 13 June 1922; **loc:** Jubaland, Juba riv., Neboi [Kenya (Jubaland)]

**Remarks:**

**Note:** Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 266) indicates *Nectarinia nectarinoides beveni* as original name. Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 67), however, list *Nectarinia erlangeri beveni*. The latter must be an editorial error.

**References:**


FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Nectarinia reichenowi shelleyae* PRIGOGINE, 1952

Current name: *Drepanorhynchus reichenowi shelleyae* (PRIGOGINE, 1952)

according to: Cheke & Mann (in: Cheke, Mann & Allen) (2001: 259)

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.56073 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2556) 28 March 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2750 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.56071 – ♂ ad.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2554) 28 March 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2750 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.56072 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2555) 28 March 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2750 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58298 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2846) 20 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2720 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.58299 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (2847) 20 September 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe **alt:** 2720 m [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.60452 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** A. Prigogine (AP538) 28 March 1951; **loc:** lac Lungwe [Congo Belge]

References:
FAMILY ZOSTEROPIDAE

*Zosterops bayeri* LÖNNBERG, 1917
Arkiv Zool. vol. 11(5) p. 3

Current name: *Zosterops senegalensis jacksoni* NEUMANN, 1899
according to: Moreau (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 330)
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.8723 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: L. Bayer 29 March 1914; loc: Londiani [British East Africa]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The original paper appeared 5 March 1917.
It was translated into French and commented upon by Schouteden in the Revue Zoologique Africaine of 30 September 1917.
The translation still contains the indication ‘n. sp.’ but this has no nomenclatural value.

**References:**
FAMILY ZOSTEROPIDAE

*Zosterops elgonensis* **Van Someren, 1922**  
Novit. Zool. vol. 29 p. 191

Current name: *Zosterops senegalensis jacksoni* **Neumann, 1899**  
according to: Moreau (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 330)  
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 699455 – ♂; **rec:** 13 January 1916; **loc:** Bukedi, Elgon; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98714 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 20 December 1915; **loc:** W. Elgon, Bukedi [British East Africa]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**  
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98715 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 18 March 1932; **loc:** Kaimosi [Kenya]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 69)]

References:

FAMILY ZOSTEROPIDAE

Zosterops jacksoni NEUMANN, 1899
Orn. Monatsber. vol. 7 p. 23

Current name: Zosterops senegalensis jacksoni NEUMANN, 1899
according to: Moreau (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 330)

HOLOTYPE – ZMB 31777 – loc: Mau [Britisch Ost Afrika]; [data from original publication]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.27579 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: F. J. Jackson 16 February 1890; loc: mt. Elgon [British East Africa]; rem: [label/register:] ‘achat [= bought from] Rosenberg’

References:
FAMILY ZOSTEROPIDAE

Zosterops kikuyuensis chyuluensis van Someren, 1939


Current name: Zosterops senegalensis mbuluensis Sclater & Moreau, 1936

Paratype – RMCA A.99519 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 25 May 1938; loc: Chyulu hills alt: 5000 ft [Kenya]

Paratype – RMCA A.99520 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 20 May 1938; loc: Chyulu hills alt: 5000 ft [Kenya]
FAMILY ZOSTEROPIDAE

_Zosterops virens reichenowi_ Dubois, 1911

Rev. Fr. Ornithol. vol. 22 p. 18

Current name: _Zosterops senegalensis reichenowi_ Dubois, 1911

according to: Moreau (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 330)

**Holo**type – RMCA A.1317 – _prp:_ dry skin (excellent condition); _rec:_ Capt. Pauwels; _loc:_ Baraka [Congo Belge]

References:
**FAMILY ZOSTEROPIDAE**

*Zosterops yalensis* **van Someren, 1922**

Novit. Zool. vol. 29 p. 191

Current name: *Zosterops senegalensis jacksoni* **Neumann, 1899**

according to: Moreau (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 330)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – AMNH 699436 – ♀ ad.; **rec:** A. Turner (614) 22 January 1917; **loc:** Kaimosi; [data according to Hartert (1928) and M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98716 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 27 October 1915; **loc:** Yala riv., Kavirondo [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.98717 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 26 September 1915; **loc:** Yala riv., Kavirondo [Kenya]

**PARATYPE (?)** – RMCA A.98718 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 24 May 1916; **loc:** Kisumu [Kenya]

**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** van Someren (1922) does indicate ‘thirty skins’ but does not give any identification of the paratypes. The terra typica included the park country on the Kisumu-Kakamega Road and in Kakamega Forest. However, the four localities listed (i.e. Yala, Mumias, Nyarondo and Kaimosi) are not from that region.

**Types:** Two specimens (RMCA nrs 98716 and 98717) were labelled ‘paratypes’, and were collected from Yala, which is mentioned explicitly in the list of localities. The specimen RMCA nr 98718 collected at Kisumu is possibly also a paratype although it is not labelled as such. The fact that van Someren did in all probability examine this specimen when describing this taxon, is reflected in the designated terra typica.

In the AMNH three males comply to the original published data on the holotype. However, Hartert (1928: 207) specified the data of the holotype. According to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.), there is only one specimen corresponding with this collection date, i.e. AMNH nr 699436, which is also marked as ‘type’ by V. G. L. van Someren.

**References:**


FAMILY MALACONOTIDAE

*Chlorophoneus elgeyuensis* Van Someren, 1919

*Chlorophoneus nigrifrons nigrifrons* (Reichenow, 1896)

Current name: *Chlorophoneus nigrifrons nigrifrons* (Reichenow, 1896)

[synonymy according to: Rand (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 335)]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 663823 – ♀ ad.; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 5 October 1918; **loc:** Marakwet Elgeyu; **rem:** ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication]; **loc:** Marakweti, Elgeyo Escarpment [Kenya] [label data according to LeCroy (2003: 98)]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.97714 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 3 October 1918; **loc:** Maligweti (Marakwet) [Kenya]

References:


FAMILY MALACONOTIDAE

**Chlorophoneus melamprosopus ituriensis** Schouteden, 1914


Current name: *Chlorophoneus multicolor batesi* Sharpe, 1908

according to: Harris & Franklin (2000: 86)

[synonymy according to: Rand (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 336)]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.3159 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** M. Thélie; **loc:** région de Kilo [Congo Belge]

References:


FAMILY MALACONOTIDAE

*Chlorophoneus multicolor theliei* Schouteden, 1914  

Current name: *Chlorophoneus multicolor batesi* Sharpe, 1908
going to: Harris & Franklin (2000: 86)
[synonymy according to: Rand (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 336)]

**HoLOTYPE** – RMCA A.3176 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** M. Thélie; **loc:** région de Kilo [Congo Belge]

**ParatyPe** – RMCA A.2278/A – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** M. Thélie; **loc:** Kilo [Congo Belge]

**ParatyPe** – RMCA A.2278/B – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** M. Thélie; **loc:** Kilo [Congo Belge]

**ParatyPe** – RMCA A.3172 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** M. Thélie; **loc:** région de Kilo [Congo Belge]

**ParatyPe** – RMCA A.3173 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** M. Thélie; **loc:** région de Kilo [Congo Belge]

References:


FAMILY MALACONOTIDAE

Harpolestes australis littoralis Van Someren, 1921


Current name: Tchagra australis minor (Reichenow, 1887)

according to: White (1962: 21)

[including synonymy]

**Holotype – AMNH 663188 – ♂ ad.; rec: ‘van Someren Coll.’ 18 July 1918; loc: Changamwe [Kenya]; [correction of collecting year (not 1912) by Hartert (1928: 211); data according to LeCroy (2003: 97)]

**Paratype – AMNH 663187 – rem: [according to LeCroy (2003: 97)]

**Paratypes – AMNH 663189-663190 – rem: [according to LeCroy (2003: 97)]

**Paratype – RMCA A.97696 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 19 July 1918; loc: Changamwe [Kenya]

**Paratype – RMCA A.97697 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 18 July 1918; loc: Changamwe [Kenya]

Remarks:

Publ.: The holotype is listed with 18 July 1912 as the collection date. According to Hartert (1920: 450) and LeCroy (2003: 97) this is undoubtedly a misprint as the three paratypes in the AMNH were all collected in 1918 or 1919 and the label on the holotype specimen shows 18 July 1918.

References:


**FAMILY MALACONOTIDAE**

*Laniarius ruficeps cooki* **VAN SOMEREN, 1919**


Current name: *Laniarius ruficeps rufinuchalis* (SHARPE, 1895)

according to: Rand (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 327)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’), confirmed as holotype in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002) – AMNH 662699 – **♂** ad.; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 18 March 1918; **loc**: Tsavo [Kenya]; [data according to Hartert (1928: 211) and LeCroy (2003: 97)]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’), confirmed as paratype in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002) – RMCA A.97667 – **♂** prp: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 18 March 1918; **loc**: Tsavo [Kenya]

**Remarks:**

**Publ:** The publication indicates only one holotype specimen ‘in my collection’. However the given wing measurements and the range indicate that several specimens were available.

**Types:** Both AMNH nr 662699 and RMCA nr 97667 comply with the holotype description. The holotype was not indicated as being deposited in the Tring Museum, so it was not automatically transferred to the AMNH. Hartert (1928: 211) listed the AMNH specimen as ‘type’, an action interpreted as a lectotype designation by LeCroy (2003: 97). The indication ‘lectotype of littoralis’ as found in LeCroy (2003: 97) must be an editorial error: Hartert (1928: 211) just gives type information on *Laniarius ruficeps cooki*, and then discusses the synonymy of *Laniarius ruficeps kismayensis* with *Laniarius ruficeps rufinuchalis*. Moreover, the RMCA specimen bears the mention ‘co-type’ on its label, while the AMNH specimen is labelled ‘type’, as confirmed by LeCroy (2003: 97).

In the van Someren catalogue the Tsavo 18.3.18 line flagged for the RMCA shows the indication ‘topotypical series’ with a handwritten correction by Schouteden ‘cotype (on label)’.

According to these indications (‘type’ versus ‘cotype’) Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 70) confirmed the holotype status of the AMNH specimen.

**References:**


FAMILY PRIONOPIDAE

Prionops alberti SCHOUTEDEN, 1933


Current name: Prionops alberti SCHOUTEDEN, 1933

HoloTYPE – RMCA A.24144 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: Ganshof van der Meersch début du mois d’août 1932 [August 1932]; loc: sommet du Miheno, Kivu [Congo Belge]; rem: [in register:] reçu le [= received on] 22/03/1933, expédié par [= sent by] L. Burgeon
**FAMILY PRIONOPIDAE**

*Sigmodus scopifrons keniensis* **VAN SOMEREN, 1923**


Current name: *Prionops scopifrons keniensis* (VAN SOMEREN, 1923)

according to: Rand (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 314)

**HOLOTYPE** — AMNH 656140 – ♀ ad.; *rec*: Noël van Someren 3 January 1921; *loc*: Meru [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2003: 94)]

**PARATYPES** — AMNH 656141-656142 – *rem*: [according to LeCroy (2003: 94)]

**PARATYPE** — RMCA A.97781 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 3 January 1921; *loc*: Meru [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** — RMCA A.97782 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 3 January 1921; *loc*: Meru [Kenya]

**References:**


FAMILY VANGIDAE

*Cyanolanius madagascarinus bensoni* LOUETTE & HERREMANS, 1982


Current name: *Cyanolanius madagascarinus bensoni* LOUETTE & HERREMANS, 1982

**Holotype** – RMCA 81052-A-0102 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** M. Louette (102) 15 August 1981; **loc:** Mvouni, Karthala (Gr. Comore) **alt:** 900 m [Comores]; **rem:** [label:] ‘oog bleekblauw; poten grijsblauw; bek basis bleek, punt donker; ov. weinig ontwikkeld’ [= eye faintblue; legs greyblue; bill fainted at base, dark at tip; ov. [= ovary] slightly developed]
FAMILY DICRURIDAE

*Dicrurus adsimilis jubaensis* Van someren, 1931


Current name: *Dicrurus adsimilis divaricatus* (Lichtenstein, 1823)

according to: Vaurie (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 139)

[including synonymy]

**LECTOTYPE,** designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 72) – FMNH 200482 – ♂; **rec:** August 1922; **loc:** Serenli, mid Jubba River; **rem:** labeled ‘type’ [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARALECTOTYPE,** designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 72) – RMCA A.97970 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren October 1922; **loc:** Jubaland, Juba riv., Mandaira [Kenya (Jubaland)]

*Remarks:*

**Publ.:** On the holotype the following data are given: ♂ Juba River, no date. No indication on the destination Museum is found.

**Types:** Both FMNH and RMCA have a specimen that corresponds with the holotype’s data in the publication.

On the label of the RMCA specimen is marked ‘paratype’. In the FMNH lists (D. Willard), the status of their specimen is marked as ‘type’.

The catalogue of van Someren indicates the Serenli specimen (August 1922) as ‘type’ and gives no type status for the Mandaira specimen (October 1922).

As the publication is uninformative and the indications by the author, as in his catalogue, are not covered by the Code, the selection of a lectotype is indicated.

Conforming to the indications made by the author, Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 72) designated specimen FMNH nr 200482 as lectotype. Consequently, the other syntype, present in the RMCA, became a paralectotype.

*References:*


FAMILY STURNIDAE

Cosmopsarus regius magnificus Van Someren, 1924


Current name: Lamprotornis regius magnificus (Van Someren, 1924)
according to: Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 657)

HOLOTYPE – FMNH 198857 – ♂; rec: 5 April 1918; loc: Tsavo [Kenya]; [data from
D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.97332 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L.
van Someren 5 August 1918; loc: Maungu [Kenya]

References:

FAMILY STURMIDAE

_Lamprocolius sycobius pestis_ **VAN SOMEREN, 1921**


Current name: _Lamprotornis chalybaeus sycobius_ (HARTLAUB, 1859)

according to: Amadon (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 95)

[including synonymy]

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**HOLOTYPE – AMNH 668696 – ♂; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 18 October 1917; loc: Samburu; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]**

**PARATYPE – RMCA A.97313 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 27 July 1918; loc: Samburu, Kenya coast [Kenya]**

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**References:**

FAMILY STURNIDAE

*Lamprotornis acuticaudus katangae* Dirickx, 1949

Current name: *Lamprotornis acuticaudus acuticaudus* (Barboza du Bocage, 1870)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.6531 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (234) 25 March 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.2872 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: O. Legros; loc: Nieuwdorp, Katanga [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.3359 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: O. Legros 22 June 1912; loc: Kapiri [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.3372 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: O. Legros 6 July 1912; loc: plateau de Kapiri [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6523 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (129) 24 January 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6524 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (152) 4 February 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6525 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (192) 15 February 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6526 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (229) 24 March 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6527 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (230) 24 March 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6528 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (231) 24 March 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6529 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (232) 24 March 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6530 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (233) 26 March 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6532 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (235) 25 March 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6533 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (236) 25 March 1914; loc: Funda Biabo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6534 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (454) 6 August 1914; loc: Kinda [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6535 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (455) 6 August 1914; loc: Kinda [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6536 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (456) 6 August 1914; loc: Kinda [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6540 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (734) 25 October 1914; loc: Kinda [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6541 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (735) 3 November 1914; loc: Kinda [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6542 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (736) 3 November 1914; loc: Kinda [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.6543 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (737) 7 November 1914; loc: Kinda [Congo Belge]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.6544 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (738) 28 November 1914; loc: Kinda [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.16161 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (6036) 21 March 1926; loc: Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.16162 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (5257) 10 April 1926; loc: Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.16163 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (4532) 10 March 1926; loc: Kabalo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.16164 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (4513) 8 March 1926; loc: Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.16165 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (3551) 4 March 1926; loc: Tembwe [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.16166 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (969) 26 April 1931; loc: Kiambi [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.21616 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (970) 26 April 1931; loc: Kiambi [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.21617 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1068) 27 April - 3 May 1931; loc: Kiambi [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.21618 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1187) 7-9 April 1931; loc: Kiambi [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.29397 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: E. Storms (45); loc: lac Tanganika, Mpala [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.46894 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: J. De Riemaecker (162) 23 December 1923; loc: Munama, Katanga [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.46895 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: J. De Riemaecker (109) 6 May 1923; loc: Elisabethville, Katanga [Congo Belge]

NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.6537 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (513) 25 August 1914; loc: lac Musolo, Kangué [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 73)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.6538 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (514) 25 August 1914; loc: lac Musolo, Kangué [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 73)]

(labeled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.6539 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. de Baillet-Latour (515) 25 August 1914; loc: lac Musolo, Kangué [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 73)]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Types: RMCA nrs 6537, 6538 and 6539, although collected in 1914, are not mentioned in the list of type material by Dirickx, the describer. As Dirickx studied the taxon in the RMCA, he must have seen them and, in fact, the specimens were labelled ‘paratype’ at that time.

They probably were used as paratypes, but as their mentioning was forgotten in the publication, they do not figure among the type material.

Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 232
References:

**FAMILY STURNIDAE**

*Stilbopsar kenricki bensoni* **VAN SOMEREN, 1945**


Current name: *Poeoptera kenricki bensoni* (**VAN SOMEREN, 1945**)

according to: Amadon (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 86)

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**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’ according to Willard (pers. comm.)) – FMNH 198927 – δ; **rec:** J. P. Benson (31) February 1944; **loc:** Meru, Mt. Kenya **alt:** 6500 ft.; [data from original publication]; **rem:** **rec:** (3) 29 February 1944 **alt:** 5500 ft. [according to D. Willard (pers. comm.) based on a note by A. Rand]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.97343 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 3 November 1920; **loc:** mt. Kenia, Meru, Chuka [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97345 – δ; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 30 April 1944; **loc:** mt. Kenia, Meru, Chuka [Kenya]

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**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The data in the original publication show discrepancies (in field number and altitude) compared with the label of the type registered in the FMNH.

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**References:**

FAMILY PASSERIDAE

Passer griseus jubaensis Benson, 1942


Current name: Passer griseus gongonensis (Oustalet, 1890)

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 17)

[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE (labelled: ‘Type’ according to Willard (pers. comm.)), confirmed as holotype in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 74) – FMNH 202509 – ♂; rec: October 1922; loc: Mandaira, Jubba River; [data according to D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

PARATYPE (labelled: ‘Paratype’), confirmed as paratype in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 74) – RMCA A.96735 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren October 1922; loc: Jubaland, Juba riv., Mandaira [Kenya (Jubaland)]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.96736 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren September 1922; loc: Jubaland, Juba riv., Mandaira [Kenya (Jubaland)]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Publ.: Benson gives for the holotype as collection date October 1922 and as locality: Mandera [probably a typographical error]. A full list of wing measurements is given for six males: 91, 93, 94, 95, 96 (holotype) and 97 mm, for the female paratype: 88 mm and for ‘one, sex undetermined’: 87 mm.

Types: In collection date and locality, the male RMCA nr 96735 does not differ from the data given for the holotype, although it was marked ‘paratype’ in the RMCA registers and on its label. Also the FMNH has a specimen that corresponds to the holotype description. In the FMNH lists (D. Willard), the status of their specimen is marked as ‘type’.

In this case, the wing data given by Benson can be used to check the status of the specimens. Careful measuring of the wing of RMCA nr 96736 yielded 88 mm and of RMCA nr 96735 96 mm, whereas on their labels respectively ‘87’ and ‘95’ is pencilled. These figures on the label are probably the measurements made by van Someren. These wing measurements, and also the van Someren figures (being one mm ‘too short’), raise the question of whether specimen RMCA nr 96736 might be the actual holotype.

However, it is best treated as a paratype, as suggested by the little signs pencilled in the catalogue of the van Someren sale. These signs, indicating the material acquired by the RMCA, are not quite on the same row as the ‘Type’.

It would be nice to measure all wings of the type material (in a similar way). Probably, the holotype status of the FMNH specimen could be proven if it had the second highest value.

Note: Since 1925 Jubaland is no longer part of Kenya; it belongs now to Somalia.

References:

**FAMILY PASSERIDAE**

*Passer griseus turkanae* GRANVIK, 1934  

Current name: *Passer griseus gongonensis* (OUSTALET, 1890)  
according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 17)  
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.25579 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition);  
**rec:** H. Granvik (817) 1 July 1926; **loc:** Kolosia [Kenya]; **rem:** data in original publication are erroneous.

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 3.1766 – ♂; **rec:** H. Granvik (914) 10 July 1926; **loc:** Lotonok;  
[data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]; **rem:** ♀ in original publication

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 4.1767 – ♂; **rec:** H. Granvik (1128) 11 July 1926; **loc:** Lotonok;  
[data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 5.1768 – ♂; **rec:** H. Granvik (945) 30 July 1926; **loc:** Lotonok;  
[data from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.25580 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Granvik (867) 7 July 1926; **loc:** Lotonok [Kenya]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)  
**Publ.:** According to the bill measurements the type series consists of four males and one female. The holotype data are: ♂, Lotonok, 11 July 1926, N° 817.  
The data in the publication are mixed up, as the combination Lotonok and 11 July 1926 given for the type (on page 151) does not comply with the locality-date list on page 150.

**Types:** The specimen labelled ‘Type’ on the original Granvik label has field number 817. However, the other data (locality Kolosia, date 1 July 1926) on its label do not correspond to those in the description.  
On the other hand, NHMM nr 4.1767, with field number 1128, carries a label with the locality Lotonok and collection date 11 July 1926.  
We consider the field number as the most reliable identifier for a specimen.

Because numbering occurs chronologically, the specimen carrying field number 817 could not have been collected after those with field numbers 837 (2 July), 840 (3 July), 867 (7 July) and 914 (10 July) (see other type material in Granvik, 1934).  
Locality and collection dates on the labels prove to be consistent.  
Only the combination 11 July and 30 July with field numbers 945 and 1128 must have been switched on the labels of NHMM nrs 4.1767 and 5.1768.

Specimen NHMM nr 3.1766 carries all the data from the unique female paratype, but it is listed as a male [according to S. Wadén (pers. comm.)].

**References:**  
FAMILY PASSERIDAE

*Sorella emini guasso* van Someren, 1922


Current name: *Passer eminibey* (Hartlaub, 1880)

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 22)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 719989 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren April 1919; **loc:** N. Guasso Nyiro; **rem:** ‘in Tring Museum’; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.96742 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren April 1919; **loc:** N’Guasso Nyiro [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.96743 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren April 1919; **loc:** N’Guasso Nyiro [Kenya]

**Remarks:**

*Note:* Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 22) mention *Sorella eminibey guasso* as original name. However, the name in the original publication is *Sorella emini guasso*, as mentioned by Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 75). Probably *’eminii’* is a misspelling (by omission) in the species epithet of the name, and not an unjustified emendation.

**References:**


FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

_Amblyospiza albifrons kasaica_ SCHOUTEDEN, 1953


Current name: _Amblyospiza albifrons kasaica_ SCHOUTEDEN, 1953

<table>
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**HOLOTYPE –** RMCA A.62399 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ P. Van Assche (768) 16 September 1952; _loc:_ Kasansa [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE (labelled: ‘Allotype’) –** RMCA A.62172 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (fair condition); _rec:_ P. Van Assche (694) 10 September 1952; _loc:_ Kasansa [Congo Belge]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** In the description, the date of collection of the holotype (RMCA nr 62399) is mistakenly given for the allotype (RMCA nr 62172), and vice versa.

**Types:** Because a female allotype is designated, there are no further paratypes.
FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

*Amblyospiza albifrons montana* VAN SOMEREN, 1921


Current name: *Amblyospiza albifrons montana* VAN SOMEREN, 1921

Holotype – AMNH 725323 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 25 April 1918; loc: Sabasaba near Ft. Hall; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]


Paratype – RMCA A.96912 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 10 August 1917; loc: Fort Hall [Kenya]
FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

*Drepanoplectes jacksoni* SHARPE, 1891

Ibis Ser. 6 vol. 3 p. 246

Current name: *Euplectes jacksoni* (SHARPE, 1891)

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 74)

| SYNTYPE – BMNH 1893.12.1.3 – ♂ ad.; rec: F. J. Jackson 22 July 1890; loc: Masailand, Kenya (north of Lake Nakuro); [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 269)] |
| SYNTYPE – RMCA A.27542 – ♂ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: F. J. Jackson (57) 22 July 1890; loc: lake Elmenteita [British East Africa]; rem: [label/register:] ‘achat [= bought from] Rosenberg’ |
| SYNTYPE – RMCA A.27543 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: F. J. Jackson (122) 14 October 1889; loc: Lumbwa [British East Africa]; rem: [label/register:] ‘achat [= bought from] Rosenberg’ |

Remarks:

**Publ.** The describer indicates six syntypes (four males with field number 122, 56, 57 and 60 and two females with field number 58 and 59).

**Types:** Warren & Harrison (1971: 269) list the two syntypes in the BMNH. However, their formulation ‘the female syntype’ might erroneously suggest that there is only one female syntype.

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 75-76) indicated that the specimens RMCA 27642 and 27643 were labelled ‘Paratype’. This is not the case.

References:


FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

*Heteryphantes nigrigollis vacillans* van Someren, 1921


Current name: *Ploceus nigrigollis nigrigollis* (Vieillot, 1805)

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 39)

[including synonymy]

**Holoype – AMNH 724577 –♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 17 December 1918; loc: Budongo; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]**

**Paratype – RMCA A.96901 –♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 27 September 1913; loc: Mabira [British East Africa]**

**Paratype – RMCA A.96902 –♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren March 1921; loc: Mabira [Uganda]**

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Note:** *Heteryphantes* is a misspelling of *Heterhyphantes* Sharpe, 1890, and should be treated as an unjustified emendation by van Someren, 1921.

**References:**

**FAMILY PLOCEIDAE**

*Hyphantornis feminina* Ogilvie-Grant, 1907

Current name: *Ploceus cucullatus bohndorffi* Reichenow, 1887

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 46)

[including synonymy]


**SYNTYPE** – RMCA A.1675 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: R. E. Legge (2302) 29 April 1906; loc: Ruwenzori S. E. alt: 3400 ft [British East Africa]; rem: [label/register:] ‘acquis de la maison [= acquired from the firm] Rosenberg’

**SYNTYPE** – RMCA A.1676 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: D. Carruthers (1464) 30 April 1906; loc: Ruwenzori S. E. [British East Africa]; rem: [label/register:] ‘acquis de la maison [= acquired from the firm] Rosenberg’

**SYNTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.1677 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: R. E. Dent (327) 14 May 1906; loc: Ruwenzori S. E. [British East Africa]; rem: [label/register:] ‘acquis de la maison [= acquired from the firm] Rosenberg’

**SYNTYPE** – RMCA A.3029 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: R. E. Legge (2296) 28 April 1906; loc: Ruwenzori S. E. alt: 3400 ft [British East Africa]; rem: [label/register:] ‘acquis de la maison [= acquired from the firm] Rosenberg’

**SYNTYPE** – RMCA A.3030 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: R. E. Dent (363) 24 May 1906; loc: Ruwenzori S. E. alt: 3400 ft [British East Africa]; rem: [label/register:] ‘acquis de la maison [= acquired from the firm] Rosenberg’

**Remarks:**

Publ.: The describer only gives the following information on the type series: ‘a large series’ collected by the Ruwenzori Expedition and ‘also several examples’ in Mr Jackson’s collection.

Note: Specimens RMCA nrs 3029 and 3030 were inadvertently forgotten in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002), as noted by H. D. Oschadleus (pers. comm.). Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 76) indicated that the three RMCA specimens were labelled ‘Paratype’. This is not the case: specimen RMCA 1677 is labelled ‘Type’.

References:


Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 242

FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

*Hyphantornis intermedius kisumui* VAN SOMEREN, 1921


Current name: *Ploceus intermedius intermedius* RÜPPELL, 1845

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 44)

[including synonymy]

**Holotype** – AMNH 623691 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 10 May 1918; *loc*: Kisumu; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.96791 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 11 May 1917; *loc*: Kisumu [Kenya]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.96792 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (excellent condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 11 May 1917; *loc*: Kisumu [Kenya]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.96793 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (excellent condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 16 December 1916; *loc*: Simba [Kenya]

**References:**

FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

Melanopteryx weynsi Dubois, 1900

Orn. Monatsber. vol. 8 p. 69

Current name: Ploceus weynsi (Dubois, 1900)

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 48)

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.419 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes et bec noir’ [= eyes yellow, legs and bill black]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.420 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes et bec noir’ [= eyes yellow, legs and bill black]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.421 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes et bec noir’ [= eyes yellow, legs and bill black]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.422 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes et bec noir’ [= eyes yellow, legs and bill black]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.423 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes et bec noir’ [= eyes yellow, legs and bill black]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.424 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes et bec noir’ [= eyes yellow, legs and bill black]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.425 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes et bec noir’ [= eyes yellow, legs and bill black]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.427 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes grises’ [= eyes yellow, legs grey]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.428 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes grises’ [= eyes yellow, legs grey]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.429 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]; rem: [label:] ‘yeux jaunes, pattes grises’ [= eyes yellow, legs grey]

Syntype (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.430 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition);
rec: A. Weyns; loc: Bumba [Etat Indép. du Congo]

Remarks:

Publ.: According to the description, there are 15 syntypes.

Types: Only 11 specimens of the type series are present in the RMCA. The whereabouts of the missing specimens are unknown.
The action by Schouteden labelling the specimens with ‘male type’, ‘female type’ and ‘paratype’ indications has no nomenclatural value.

References:


Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 244
FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

*Otyphantes emini budongoensis* Van Someren, 1921

*Otyphantes emini budongoensis* Van Someren, 1921


Current name: *Ploceus baglafecht emini* (Hartlaub, 1882)

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 36)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 723062 – ♂; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 7 June 1919; **loc:** Busindi; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.96848 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 12 June 1919; **loc:** Budongo forest, Masindi [British East Africa]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.96849 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 18 December 1918; **loc:** Budongo forest, Masindi [British East Africa]

Remarks:

**Note:** Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 36) lists *Othyphantes emini budongoensis* as original name. This is an editorial error.

References:

**FAMILY PLOCEIDAE**

*Penthetria ardens teitensis* van Someren, 1921  

Current name: *Euplectes ardens ardens* (Boddart, 1783)  
according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 73)  
[including synonymy]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Taxonomy</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>HOLOTYPE</strong> – AMNH 727143 – ♂</td>
<td>rec: V. G. L. van Someren 21 March 1919; loc: Bura Hills; [data according to original publication]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PARATYPE</strong> – RMCA A.96980 – ♂</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 21 March 1919; loc: Bura Hills [Kenya]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PARATYPE</strong> – RMCA A.96981 – ♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 21 March 1919; loc: Bura Hills [Kenya]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)  
**Publ.** The original description lists for the holotype: ♂ Bura Hills 21 March 1919. The specimen was at the Tring Museum.  

**Types:** Both AMNH and RMCA have a specimen that corresponds with the holotype’s data. On the label of the RMCA specimen nr 96980 is marked ‘paratype’. In the catalogue of van Someren the line with ‘21 March 1919 Bura ♂ and ♀ paratypes’ is flagged for sale to the RMCA. The holotype is probably at the AMNH.

**References:**  
FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

Ploceus preussi congoensis Neunzig, 1927


Current name: Ploceus preussi (Reichenow, 1892)

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 56)

[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.10645 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2685) 25 March 1922; loc: Makaia N’Tete [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.10641 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2538) 15 March 1922; loc: Temvo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.10642 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2414) 6 March 1922; loc: Temvo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.10643 – ♀ juv.; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2412) 6 March 1922; loc: Temvo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.10644 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2413) 6 March 1922; loc: Temvo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.10646 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2660) 23 March 1922; loc: Makaia N’Tete [Congo Belge]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Publ.: The publication mentions RMCA nr 10645 as type.

Types: The register mentions RMCA nr 10646 as ‘type de congoensis’, not RMCA nr 10645. However, the published designation must be considered correct.

References:

FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

Ploceus ruweti LOUETTE & BENSON, 1982

Current name: Ploceus ruweti LOUETTE & BENSON, 1982

HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.113379 – ♂; prep: dry formalin fixed specimen (fair condition); rec: J. C. Ruwet; loc: Kinsambo, riv. Lufira supérieure, Katanga [Congo (Léopoldville)]; rem: [in register:] reçu [= received] 1964; rec: January - April 1960 [according to Ruwet (1965: 130, 121, 237)]
FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

*Quelea sanguineirostris centralis* Van Someren, 1921


Current name: *Quelea quelea aethiopica* (Sundevall, 1850)

according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 62)
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 725660 – ♀; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 28 November 1910; **loc:** Izanga Isl., L. Edward; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.96924 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 24 October 1910; **loc:** Isinga Isl. (lac Edouard) [British East Africa]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.96925 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 28 October 1910; **loc:** Isinga Isl. (lac Edouard) [British East Africa]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.96926 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 30 September 1919; **loc:** S. Ankole [British East Africa]

**Remarks:**

**Note:** Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 62) give *Quelea sanguineirostris centralis* as the original name of the taxon. However, Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 78) mention *Quelea sanguineirostris centralis*. The former is probably an editorial error.

**References:**


FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

*Aidemosyne cantans tavetensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1921


Current name: *Euodice cantans orientalis* (LORENZ & HELLMAYER, 1901)

according to: Fry (in: Fry & Keith (eds.)) (2004: 413)

[synonymy according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 369)]

**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’) – AMNH 727808 – ♀; *rec:* V. G. L. van Someren 17 October 1917; *loc:* Simba [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 727811 – ♀; *rec:* V. G. L. van Someren 17 October 1917; *loc:* Simba [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97015 – ♀; *ppp:* dry skin (excellent condition); *rec:* V. G. L. van Someren 20 October 1919; *loc:* Simba [Kenya]; *rem:* [in register:] ♂ *rec:* 17 October 1917 [handwriting Schouteden]; corrected [August 2000] using data of original van Someren label.

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Publ.: The original publication states ‘type in Tring Museum’, and that in total nine males and five females examined.

Types: In the AMNH two females comply with the published data on the holotype. However, according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.), the Rothschild type label (plus another marking ‘type’) is tied to AMNH nr 727808.

References:


**FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE**

*Cryptospiza jacksoni pilettei* SCHOUTEDEN, 1918  
Original spelling: *Cr[yp]tospiza*. *Jacksoni Pilettei*  

Current name: *Cryptospiza jacksoni* SHARPE, 1902  
according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 318)  
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.4258 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** A. Pilette (D73)  
21 March 1913; **loc:** pied du Karisimbi [Congo Belge]

**References:**  
FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

**Cryptospiza salvadorii chyuluensis** Van Someren, 1939


Current name: *Cryptospiza salvadorii kilimensis* Moreau & Sclater, 1934

according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 318)

[including synonymy]

**Holoype** – BMNH 1948.11.27 – ♀ ad.; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 30 June 1938;

**loc**: Camp 3, **alt**: 6800 ft, Chyulu, Kenya; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 115)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.97046 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 4 July 1938; **loc**: Chyulu hills [Kenya]

**References**:


FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

_Estrilda astrild schoutedeni_ Wolters, 1962

_J. Orn._ vol. 103 p. 305

Current name: _Estrilda astrild schoutedeni_ Wolters, 1962

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.44624 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ P. G. Windmolders (1306) 18 September 1948; _loc:_ Bakwanga [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.16623 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (5242) 9 April 1926; _loc:_ Elisabethville [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.16624 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (4588) 16 March 1926; _loc:_ Kabalo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.37473 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ H. Schouteden (3548) 3 March 1926; _loc:_ Tembwe [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.44625 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ P. G. Windmolders (1289) 13 September 1948; _loc:_ Bakwanga [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.61501 – ♀; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ P. G. Windmolders 28 September 1951; _loc:_ Gandajika [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.61596 – ♂; _prp:_ dry skin (good condition); _rec:_ P. G. Windmolders (2460) 28 September 1951; _loc:_ Gandajika [Congo Belge]
FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

_Estrilda atricapilla marungensis_ PRIGOGINE, 1975


Current name: _Estrilda atricapilla marungensis_ PRIGOGINE, 1975

HOLOTYPE – NMZL 8422 – ♂ ad.; _rec_: R. J. Dowsett (1425) 20 September 1972; _loc_: riv. Lufuko (near Pepa) _alt_: 1890 m; [data from original publication]

PARATYPE – NMZL 8417-8421 –

PARATYPE – RMCA A.125436 – ♀; _prp_: dry skin (good condition); _rec_: A. Prigogine (15447) 8 June 1971; _loc_: Lyapenda _alt_: 1740 m [Congo (Kinshasa)]
FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

*Estrilda charmosyna kiwanukae* Ván Someren, 1919


Current name: *Estrilda charmosyna kiwanukae* Ván Someren, 1919

**Holotype** – AMNH 451888 – ♂; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 26 July 1918; *loc*: M’byuni; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.97138 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (excellent condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 23 June 1918; *loc*: Mbuyuni [Kenya]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.97139 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 3 October 1917; *loc*: Simba [Kenya]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.97140 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 13 August 1913; *loc*: Kasigou [Kenya]
FAMILY ESTRILIDIAE

Estrilda paludicola ruthae CHAPIN, 1950


Current name: Estrilda paludicola ruthae CHAPIN, 1950

HOLOTYPE – AMNH 297187 – ♂ imm.; rec: J. P. Chapin (587) 26 March 1931; loc: Mompoto above Lukolela, Congo R.; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.12767 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: T. N’Gwe (102); loc: Kunungu [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.31059 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (274) July 1937; loc: Kunungu [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.32586 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (204) 1 January - 1 July 1938; loc: Kunungu [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.32587 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (308) 1 January - 1 July 1938; loc: Kunungu [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.39292 – ♀; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: N’Kele (240) 1939; loc: Keseki [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.39293 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: N’Kele (31) 1942; loc: Bolobo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.39294 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: N’Kele (36); loc: Ndwa [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.39295 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: N’Kele (32) 1942; loc: Bolobo [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.39296 – prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: N’Kele (43) 1942; loc: Ndwa [Congo Belge]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.39297 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: N’Kele (236) 1939; loc: Keseki [Congo Belge]
FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

Granatina ianthogaster montana VAN SOMEREN, 1919


Current name: Granatina ianthinogaster (REICHENOW, 1879)

according to: Payne (in: Fry & Keith (eds.)) (2004: 334)
[synonymy according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 336)]

HoloTYPE – AMNH 452222 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 20 February 1919; loc: Naivasha; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

ParATYPE – RMCA A.97172 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 16 March 1918; loc: Naivasha [Kenya]

ParATYPE – RMCA A.97173 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 25 February 1919; loc: Naivasha [Kenya]

ParATYPE – RMCA A.97174 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 22 October 1916; loc: Naivasha [Kenya]

References:

FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

Granatina ianthogaster ugandae

VAN SOMEREN, 1919


Current name: Granatina ianthinogaster (REICHENOW, 1879)
according to: Payne (in: Fry & Keith (eds.)) (2004: 334)
[synonymy according to: White (1963: 198)]

HOLOTYPE – AMNH 452214 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 30 November 1917; loc: Moroto, Uganda; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.97166 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 8 June 1917; loc: Marich pass, Suk [Kenya]

PARATYPE – RMCA A.97167 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 30 December 1917; loc: Moroto, Karamoja [British East Africa]

References:
FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

*Hypargus monteiri ugandensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1921


Current name: *Clytospiza monteiri* (HARTLAUB, 1860)

according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 322)

[including synonymy]

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 728085 – ♂; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 15 December 1918; **loc**: Masindi; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97038 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 18 December 1918; **loc**: Masindi [British East Africa]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97039 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 11 October 1916; **loc**: Mubango [British East Africa]

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References:

FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

*Lagonosticta jamesoni taruensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1919


Current name: *Lagonosticta rhodopareia jamesoni* SHEEL. 1882

according to: White (1963: 203)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 728893 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 14 March 1918; **loc**: Tsavo; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97089 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 8 August 1918; **loc**: Sagala Teita [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97090 – **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 21 June 1919; **loc**: Sagala road, Voi [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97091 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren April 1917; **loc**: Tsavo [Kenya]

**References**:

**FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE**  
*Lonchura bicolor woltersi* Schouteden, 1956  
Original spelling: *Lonchura bicolor Woltersi*  
Current name: *Lonchura bicolor woltersi* Schouteden, 1956

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.31636 – *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* F. Freyne; *loc:* Luashi [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.79939 – *♀; prp:* dry skin (fair condition); *rec:* S. Fisher (732) 12 September 1955; *loc:* Kasaji [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.80019 – *prp:* dry skin (fair condition); *rec:* S. Fisher (594) 17 December 1955; *loc:* Kasaji [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.80020 – *prp:* dry skin (fair condition); *rec:* S. Fisher (595) 17 December 1955; *loc:* Kasaji [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.80021 – *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* S. Fisher (596) 17 December 1955; *loc:* Kasaji [Congo Belge]
**FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE**

*Pseudospernestes goossensi* Dubois, 1905  
Current name: *Lonchura bicolor poensis* (Fraser, 1843)  
according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 371)  
[including synonymy]

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**HOLOTYPE – RMCA A.1227 – prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** F. Goossens (153)  
16 January 1905; **loc:** Kisantu [Etat Indép. du Congo]

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**References:**

FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

*Pyrenestes ostrinus schoutedeni* NEUNZIG, 1928

Current name: *Pyrenestes ostrinus ostrinus* (VIEILLOT, 1805)

according to: Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 81)

[synonymy according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 319)]

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**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.9275 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** E. P. Callewaert
2 December 1920; **loc:** Luluabourg [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.9276 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** E. P. Callewaert
2 December 1920; **loc:** Luluabourg [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.10512/A – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden
(1371A) 23 August 1921; **loc:** Luebo [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.10513 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden
(1910) 11 November 1921; **loc:** Ngombé (Kasai) [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.10515 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Schouteden
(2643) 21 March 1922; **loc:** Makaia N’Tete [Congo Belge]

**PARATYPE (?)** – RMCA A.13797 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** E. P. Callewaert
17 May 1923; **loc:** Luluabourg, Kasai [Congo Belge]; **rem:** [in register:] ‘paratype??’

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** Five specimens of the RMCA collection are listed among the material examined.

Holotype RMCA nr 9275: in the description, the date of collection is given as 2 December 1910, but on the label one reads 17 September 1920.

Paratype RMCA nr 9276 bears as date 2 December 1920 on the label, possibly the source for a mistaken date for the holotype in the description.

Neunzig spells the name of the collector Callewaert wrongly as ‘Callenworth’.

**Types:** It is unclear if the figure of five for the material examined includes the holotype. If not, then RMCA nr 13797 would also be a candidate paratype.

**References:**


FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

*Pytilia belli* Ogilvie-Grant, 1907


Current name: *Pytilia melba belli* Ogilvie-Grant, 1907

according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 314)

**Remarks:**

**Note:** Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002) inadvertently omitted this taxon.

**References:**


FAMILY ESTRILIDAE

*Pytilia melba jubaensis* Van Someren, 1932

Original spelling: *Pytilia melba jubaensis*

Novit. Zool. vol. 37 p. 326

Current name: *Pytilia melba soudanensis* (Sharpe, 1890)

according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 313)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** (labelled: ‘Type’ according to Willard (pers. comm.)), confirmed as holotype in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002) – FMNH 203860 – ♀ ad.;

rec: July 1922; loc: Serenli, mid Juba River; [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97081 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 12 June 1922; loc: Jubaland, Juba riv., Neboi [Kenya (Jubaland)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97082 – ♁; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 7 June 1922; loc: Jubaland, Juba riv., Neboi [Kenya (Jubaland)]


**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.**: On the holotype the following data are given: ♀ Serenli, July 1922 ‘in my collection’. No indication on the final destination museum is found.

**Types:** Both FMNH and RMCA have a specimen that corresponds to the holotype description.

On the label of the RMCA specimen is marked ‘paratype’. In the FMNH lists (D. Willard), the status of the FMNH specimen is marked as ‘type’.

As the RMCA specimen is subadult, it is unlikely to be the holotype. According to D. Willard (pers. comm.) the FMNH specimen is adult so its holotype status is beyond any doubt.

**References:**

FAMILY FRINGILLIDAE

*Linurgus keniensis* Van Someren, 1923

*Linurgus keniensis* Van Someren, 1923

*Linurgus olivaceus elgonensis* Van Someren, 1918

[including synonymy]

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**HOLOTYPE** – FMNH 204361 – ♂; **rec**: 27 December 1920; **loc**: Meru [Kenya]: [data from D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97272 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 1921; **loc**: Mt Kenia, above Meru [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.97274 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 3 January 1921; **loc**: Mt Kenia, above Meru [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97275 – ♂ juv.; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 3 January 1921; **loc**: Mt Kenia, above Meru [Kenya]

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**References**:

FAMILY FRINGILLIDAE

**Linurgus olivaceus prigoginei** SCHOUTEDEN, 1950


Current name: *Linurgus olivaceus prigoginei* SCHOUTEDEN, 1950

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**Holotype** – RMCA A.53413 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1764) 30 June 1950; loc: Zombe alt: 1810 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – AMNH 348325 – ♂; rec: A. Prigogine (2244) 10 October 1950; loc: Miki alt: 1970 m [Congo Belge]; rem: gift from RMCA (ex RMCA 54333); label changed into: alt: 2000 m [according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.48616 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (671) 24 October 1949; loc: Manzia alt: 1780 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.52519 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1592) 16 August 1950; loc: Bitakongo alt: 1850 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.53412 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1763) 30 June 1950; loc: Zombe alt: 1810 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.53414 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1765) 30 June 1950; loc: Zombe alt: 1800 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.53415 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1766) 30 June 1950; loc: Zombe alt: 1800 m [Congo Belge]


**Paratype** – RMCA A.53789 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2015) 26 September 1950; loc: Kapanga alt: 1900 m [Congo Belge]; rem: [condition:] tail missing

**Paratype** – RMCA A.53790 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2016) 27 September 1950; loc: Miki alt: 1980 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.54332 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2243) 6 October 1950; loc: Miki alt: 1940 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.54334 – ♂; prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2245) 27 September 1950; loc: Miki alt: 1980 m [Congo Belge]; rem: [condition:] bill broken

**Paratype** – RMCA A.54335 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (2246) 27 September 1950; loc: Miki alt: 2010 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.54722 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (1870) 15 August 1950; loc: Mwana alt: 1660 m [Congo Belge]

**Paratype** – RMCA A.65983 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Prigogine (3762) 17 July 1950; loc: Nzombe alt: 1770 m [Congo Belge]

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**Remarks**: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.**: In the description, Schouteden indicates the holotype but does not list the number of paratypes he examined.

**Types**: The RMCA number 45413, given by Schouteden for the holotype, should be corrected in RMCA nr 53413.

Schouteden had without any doubt examined all specimens present in the RMCA, i.e. those collected before the date of publication. Consequently, all of them belong to the type series.

RMCA nr 54333 is no longer present in the RMCA collection.
**FAMILY FRINGILLIDAE**

*Poliospiza striolata kivuensis* SCHOUTEDEN, 1937

Current name: *Serinus striolatus graueri* HARTERT, 1907

according to: Howell, Paynter & Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 227) [including synonymy]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Repository</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Additional Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.23947</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. Burgeon 23 September 1932; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.4209</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Pilette (D62) 20 March 1913; loc: pied du Karisimbi [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.4210</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Pilette (D63) 20 March 1913; loc: Kibati [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.4595</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♂</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Pilette (D97) 23 March 1913; loc: Tsirirongo [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.4596</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♂</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: A. Pilette (D21) 13 March 1913; loc: Mukobo [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.4599</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: A. Pilette (E100) 11 April 1913; loc: Beni [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.5900</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: R. Van Saceghem November 1924; loc: Muhungwe [Ruanda]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.14132</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (fair condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2869) 25 December 1925; loc: SE Karissimbi [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.16728</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♂</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2868) 25 December 1925; loc: SE Karissimbi [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.16729</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2868) 25 December 1925; loc: SE Karissimbi [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.16730</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♂</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2868) 25 December 1925; loc: SE Karissimbi [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.16731</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2868) 25 December 1925; loc: SE Karissimbi [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.16732</td>
<td>RMCA</td>
<td>♀</td>
<td>prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2868) 25 December 1925; loc: SE Karissimbi [Congo Belge]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren.
PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 83) – RMCA A.16733 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2508) 22 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 83) – RMCA A.16734 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2471) 20 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 83) – RMCA A.16735 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2324) 14 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 83) – RMCA A.16736 – prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden (2244) 9 November 1925; loc: Lulenga [Congo Belge]


PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 83) – RMCA A.19555 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: L. Bastiaens March 1926; loc: Kissenyi à Ruhengeri [Ruanda]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 83) – RMCA A.24249 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Hackars 10 June 1933; loc: Bweza, Parc Albert [Congo Belge]


PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 83) – RMCA A.33781 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1280) 23 February 1935; loc: Nyabirehe alt: 2400 m [Ruanda]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 83) – RMCA A.33782 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1232) 7-19 March 1935; loc: Kibga alt: 2400 m [Ruanda]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 84) – RMCA A.33783 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (538) 28 April - 1 May 1934; loc: Tshumba alt: 2100 m [Congo Belge]
PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 84) – RMCA A.33784 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (532) 28 April - 1 May 1934; loc: Tshumba alt: 2100 m [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 84) – RMCA A.33785 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (360) 8-17 March 1934; loc: Burunga, Mokoto alt: 2000 m [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 84) – RMCA A.33786 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (359) 8-17 March 1934; loc: Burunga, Mokoto alt: 2000 m [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 84) – RMCA A.37126 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (164) 13 January 1934; loc: N’Goma alt: 1460 m [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 84) – RMCA A.37127 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: G.-F. de Witte (1263) 7-19 February 1935; loc: Nyabitsindi alt: 2400 m [Ruanda]

PARALECTOTYPE (possibly type) – RMCA A.37382 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Hackars (197) May 1934; loc: mt. Tshiaberimu (crête NO du lac Edouard) [Congo Belge]

PARALECTOTYPE, designated in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 84) – RMCA A.37484 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Schouteden December 1925; loc: Volcan Karisimbi, Nya Muzinga [Ruanda]

Remarks:
Publ.: The original publication indicates a total of 41 syntypes, all from the Kivu region.

Types: On the label of RMCA nr 23947 Schouteden noted ‘type’. All other specimens are marked ‘PT’ (for paratype). This action has no nomenclatural value. From the 17 syntypes collected by de Witte, only nine are present in the RMCA. According to the publication the syntypes series contained 11 specimens collected by Schouteden himself (five males, five females, one unsexed). However, the series present in the RMCA consists of four males, seven females and two unsexed specimens. Referring to this situation, Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 84) designated RMCA nr 23947 as lectotype. Consequently, as they state explicitly, ‘all other syntype specimens, including the unresolved ones, become paralectotypes’. The paralectotype status of RMCA nrs 5900, 14132, 24249 and 37382, not refuted as types, neither listed as paralectotype, remains unresolved.

References:
FAMILY Fringillidae
Poliospiza striolata ugandae  van Someren, 1921
Current name: Serinus striolatus striolatus (Rüppell, 1840)
according to: White (1963: 115)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – AMNH 714161 – ♀ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 18 July 1916; loc: Mt. Elgon; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]
PARATYPE – RMCA A.97260 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 26 July 1916; loc: Elgon [British East Africa]

Remarks:
Note: Dickinson (ed.) (2003: 748) states that White (1963) inferentially included affinis.
Checking Serinus striolatus in White (1963: 115-116) only revealed an explicate mention of ugandae but no mention of affinis.

References:
FAMILY FRINGILLIDAE

*Serinus capistratus koliensis* GRANT & MACKWORTH-PRAED, 1952


Current name: *Serinus koliensis* GRANT & MACKWORTH-PRAED, 1952

according to: Howell, Paynter & Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 214)

**HoloTYPE** – BMNH 1923.8.7.2375 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: T. V. Fox 13 March 1910; *loc*: Onyulu’s, Koli River, Lango, Uganda; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 285)]

**ParatyPE** – RMCA A.33792 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: G.-F. de Witte (361) 8-17 March 1934; *loc*: Burunga, Mokoto *alt*: 2000 m [Congo Belge]

References:


FAMILY **FRINGILLIDAE**

*Serinus flavivertex elgonensis* GRANVIK, 1934


Current name: *Serinus canicollis flavivertex* (BLANFORD, 1869)

according to: Howell, Paynter & Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 211)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – RMCA A.25731 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Granvik (1271) 3 November 1926; *loc*: mt. Elgon [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 1.1944 – ♂ juv.; *rec*: H. Granvik (559) 31 May 1926; *loc*: Mt. Elgon; [data from original publication and from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 2.1945 – ♂ juv.; *rec*: H. Granvik (314) 2 April 1926; *loc*: Mt. Elgon; [data from original publication and from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – NHMM 3.1946 – ♀ ad.; *rec*: H. Granvik (1250) 1 November 1926; *loc*: Mt. Elgon; [data from original publication and from S. Wadén (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.25732 – ♀ juv.; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Granvik (449) 23 April 1926; *loc*: mt. Elgon [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.25733 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: H. Granvik (1240) 29 October 1926; *loc*: mt. Elgon [Kenya]

**Remarks**: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.**: The type series consists of one adult male, two adult females and three juveniles.

**References**:


**FAMILY FRINGILLIDAE**

*Serinus maculicollis taruensis* Van Someren, 1921  
Current name: *Serinus dorsostriatus taruensis* Van Someren, 1921  
according to: Fry (in: Fry & Keith (eds.)) (2004: 483)

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 713666 – ♂; *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 27 June 1918; *loc*: M'buyuni; [data according to M. LeCroy (pers. comm.)]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97224 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (excellent condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 27 June 1918; *loc*: Mbuyuni [Kenya]

**PARATYPE** – RMCA A.97225 – ♂; *prp*: dry skin (excellent condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 30 May 1918; *loc*: Mbuyuni [Kenya]

**References:**  
**FAMILY FRINGILLIDAE**

*Serinus pseudobarbatus* VAN SOMEREN, 1919


Current name: *Serinus mozambicus barbatus* (VON HEUGLIN, 1864)

according to: Howell, Paynter & Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 218)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 713851 – ♂; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 24 August 1918; **loc:** Fort Ternan; **rem:** ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** (labelled: ‘Cotype’) – RMCA A.97216 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 12 April 1917; **loc:** Nyarondo (Kavirondo), Kibigori [Kenya]

References:

LIST OF TAXA CONTAINING ONLY REFUTED TYPE SPECIMENS IN THE RMCA

FAMILY COLIIDAE

*Colius macrourus laeneni* Niethammer, 1955

Bonn. Zool. Beitr. vol. 6 p. 56

Current name: *Urocolius macrourus laeneni* (Niethammer, 1955)

according to: Schifter (1975: 132)

**HOLOTYPE – ZFMK 54468 – ♂; rec: Laenen 8 February 1954; loc: Baguezan, 150 km nördlich Agades; [data from original publication]**

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**


**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The specimens RMCA nrs 111411, 111412 and 111413 are collected after the date of publication, and cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on their label, be among the type series.

**References:**

**FAMILY TROGONIDAE**

*Apaloderma narina littoralis* (VAN SOMEREN, 1931)

- **Current name:** *Apaloderma narina littorale* (VAN SOMEREN, 1931)
  - according to: Cunningham-van Someren & Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (1988a: 260)

**HOLOTYPE** – FMNH 194698 – ♂; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 20 May 1921; **loc:** Sokoke Forest [Kenya]; [data from original publication]; **rem:** ‘in my collection’ [van Someren (1932)]

**PARATYPE** – Not traced – ♂; **rec:** V. G. van Someren March 1923; **loc:** Hellesheid, Juba River [Kenya]; [data from original publication]; **rem:** ‘in my collection’ [van Someren (1932)]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

- (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.97562 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 10 October 1920; **loc:** Rabai [Kenya]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 86)]

- (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.97563 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 25 January 1921; **loc:** Sokoke forest [Kenya]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 86)]

- (labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.97572 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 25 March 1921; **loc:** Sokoke forest [Kenya]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 86)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** In the description, besides the designation of the holotype (male), there is also a female indicated as paratype.

**Types:** Consequently, there are no further paratypes, and those labelled as such in RMCA have no type status.

**References:**


FAMILY LYBIIDAE

Barbatula mfumbiri Ogilvie-Grant, 1907

Current name: Pogoniulus bilineatus mfumbiri Ogilvie-Grant, 1907
according to: Peters J. L. (1948: 49)

HOLOTYPE – BMNH 1907.6.26.217 – ♂; rec: D. Carruthers 26 November 1906; loc: Mfumbiro Vulcano, alt: 6000 ft, North of Lake Kivu; [data from original publication]

NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)
Publ.: The publication only describes one specimen.

Types: Given the published data on the holotype (by monotypy), the specimen RMCA nr 2971 cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

References:
FAMILY EURYLAIMIDAE

*Smithornis capensis medianus* Hartert & Van Someren, 1916


Current name: *Smithornis capensis medianus* Hartert & Van Someren, 1916

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**Holoype** – AMNH 553173 – ♂; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 10 October 1915; **loc**: Kyambu Forest, Kenya; [data according to LeCroy & Sloss (2000)]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98699 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 27 February 1916; **loc**: Kiambu forest [Kenya]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 87)]

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**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The original publication appeared 22 February 1916.

**Types:** The specimen RMCA nr 98699 is collected after the date of publication, and cannot, whatever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

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**References:**

FAMILY ALAUDIDAE

Aethocorys personata intensa  ROTHSCCHILD, 1931


Current name: Spizocorys personata intensa (ROTHSCCHILD, 1931)

according to: Dean & Keith (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 88)

HOLOTYPE – AMNH 557778 – ♂ ad.; rec: Noel van Someren 14 December 1920; loc: Chanler’s Falls, N’Guaso Nyiro River; [data from original publication]; loc: Chanler’s Falls, Nyiro River [Kenya] [label data according to LeCroy (2003: 18)]

PARATYPE – BMNH 1939.12.9.283 – ♂; rec: Dr. van Someren 10 December 1920; loc: N’Guaso Nyiro; [data from original publication]; rem: mentioned as being in the BMNH in the original publication; identified by M. Walters in LeCroy (2003: 18).

NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98212 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren (4142) 10 December 1920; loc: N’Guasso Nyiro [Kenya]; rem: [on original label:] loc: Uaso Nyiro; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 87)]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)
Publ.: The description mentions one male holotype and one male paratype.

Types: The male paratype is probably part of the Rothschild collection. The RMCA has a female from the same locality and date, which, however, is not a paratype, although it was labelled as such.

References:


FAMILY CAMPEPHAGIDAE

**Campophaga martini** JACkSON, 1912


Current name: *Campephaga quisicalina martini* JACkSON, 1912

according to: Peters, Mayr & Deignan (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1960: 206)

**SYNTYPE** – BMNH 1912.11.20.1 – ♀; **rec**: F. J. Jackson 23 August 1897; **loc**: Ravine, **alt**: 7500 ft; [data from original publication]

**SYNTYPE** – BMNH ♂ – ♂; **rec**: F. J. Jackson 2 May 1898; **loc**: Nandi, **alt**: 6500 ft; [data from original publication]; **rem**: presence in BMNH verified by M. Herremans

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.30437 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: F. J. Jackson 12 May 1898; **loc**: Nandi [British East Africa]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 87)]

**Remarks**: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.**: The publication indicates two syntypes ‘in the British Museum’, male and female.

**Types**: As the male syntype is still in the BMNH, the specimen labelled as ‘paratype’ in the RMCA is not a syntype. It is a toptype.

**Note**: Warren & Harrison (1971: 332) list the female syntype with collection date 23 July 1897, and confirm the presence of the male syntype in the BMNH collection.

**References**:


FAMILY PYCNONOTIDAE

Andropadus ugandae VAN SOMEREN, 1915


Current name: Andropadus gracilis ugandae VAN SOMEREN, 1915

Syntype (‘Type’ in Hartert (1922)) – AMNH 567343 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren (19a) 7 February 1914; loc: Mabira Forest [Uganda]; rem: ‘Tring Museum’; date 20 April 1914 as in original publication is in error; [data according to Hartert (1922: 370) and LeCroy (2003: 82), there listed as lectotype]

Syntype – AMNH 567344 – ♀; rec: van Someren 20 April 1914; loc: Mabira Forest; rem: ‘Tring Museum’; date 7 February 1914 as in original publication is in error; [data according to LeCroy (2003: 83)]

Not accepted as type material:
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98538 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 1 March 1912; loc: Namwave forest [British East Africa]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 87)]

Remarks:

Publ.: The two specimens with type status (both in ‘Tring Museum’) are mentioned in the description.

Types: According to Art. 72.4.6. of the Code, this action deprives all other specimens examined from type status.

Hartert (1922: 370) only lists the male specimen as ‘Type’, and corrects the collecting date. The interpretation that Hartert designated a lectotype, as suggested by LeCroy & Sloss (2000: 4), cannot be followed here. According to the Code (Art. 74.5) a lectotype designation before 2000 is made when the term ‘lectotype’ or equivalent expression (e.g. ‘the type’) has been used or the author unambiguously selected a particular syntype to act as the unique name-bearing type of the taxon. As Hartert only mentions one specimen (and simply corrects the date as found in the publication) the use of ‘type’ for only one specimen does not comply with this Article. LeCroy (2003: 82) still mentions AMNH 567343 as lectotype.

References:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Apalis jacksoni* Sharpe, 1891

*Apalis jacksoni* SHARPE, 1891

Ibis Ser. 6 vol. 3 p. 119

Current name: *Apalis jacksoni* Sharpe, 1891

**HOLOTYPE** – BMNH 1893.12.1.23 – ♂ ad.; **loc:** Mount Elgon, north-east of Lake Victoria Nyanza; [data from Warren & Harrison 1971]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Type’) – RMCA A.27653 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** F. J. Jackson 23 February 1890; **loc:** Mt. Elgon, forêt alt: 7000 ft [British East Africa]; **rem:** [label/register:] ‘achat [= bought from] Rosenberg’; [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 88)]

Remarks:

*Publ.:* From the description it does not appear how many specimens were examined, but only the male bird is described.

*Types:* As the specimen labelled ‘type’ is a female, and the type in the BMNH is already listed as ‘holotype’ by Warren & Harrison (1971: 269), the RMCA specimen has no type status.

**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Apalis personata* SHARPE, 1902


Current name: *Apalis personata* SHARPE, 1902

**HOLOTYPE** – BMNH 1902.12.8.13 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** F. J. Jackson 11 February 1902; **loc:** Ruwenzori Mountains, West Uganda; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 430)]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.27594 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** F. J. Jackson 21 February 1902; **loc:** Ruwenzori [British East Africa]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 89)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.27595 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** F. J. Jackson 10 February 1902; **loc:** Ruwenzori [British East Africa]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 89)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The specimens labelled ‘paratype’ in the RMCA collection are probably not among the type series, as their collection date does not correspond to the date 11 February 1902 mentioned in the publication.

**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola dambo* LYNES, 1931


Current name: *Cisticola dambo* LYNES, 1931

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**HOLOTYPE** (‘Type’ in original publication) – BMNH 1931.10.8.1 – ♂ ad.; rec: H. Lynes & J. Vincent 6 January 1931; loc: Nasondoye, Southern Belgian Congo, 10½°S 25°E alt: 3300 ft; [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** (‘Cotype’ in original publication) – BMNH 1931.10.8.2 – ♀ ad.; rec: H. Lynes & J. Vincent 6 January 1931; loc: Nasondoye, Southern Belgian Congo, 10½°S 25°E alt: 3300 ft; [data from original publication]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.24177 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Lynes (1413) 3 January 1930; loc: 2 miles W de Nasondayi, SE Katanga alt: 3300 ft [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 89)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.24178 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: H. Lynes (1421) 5 January 1930; loc: 2 miles W de Nasondayi, SE Katanga alt: 3300 ft [Congo Belge]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 89)]

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**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The original publication clearly identifies a holotype and one paratype.

**Types:** According to Art. 72.4.6. of the Code, this action deprives all other specimens examined of type status.

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**References:**

FAMILY **SYLVIIDAE**

**Cisticola distincta** LYNES, 1930

*Ibis* Ser. 12 vol. 6 suppl. p. 240

Current name: *Cisticola lais distinctus* LYNES, 1930

according to: Tye (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 171)

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 263393 – ♂ ad.; *rec*: F. P. Mathews & J. P. Chapin (408) 1 June 1926; *loc*: rocky hill north of Quarantine Station in the Kidong Valley [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 39)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 263394 – ♀ ad.; *rec*: F. P. Mathews & J. P. Chapin; *loc*: rocky hill north of Quarantine Station in the Kidong Valley [Kenya]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 39)]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.99456 – ♀; *prp*: dry skin (good condition); *rec*: V. G. L. van Someren 13 December 1931; *loc*: Lukenia [Kenya]; *rem*: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 89)]

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**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The specimen RMCA nr 99456 is collected after the date of publication, and cannot, whatever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

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**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola natalensis littoralis* Van Someren, 1943

*Current name:* *Cisticola natalensis strangei* (Fraser, 1843) according to: Tye (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 186) [including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** (‘Type’ in original publication) – FMNH 19941 – ♂; *rec:* van Someren 4 May 1921; *loc:* Rabai [Kenya]; *rem:* ‘in my collection’: [data from original publication]

**PARATYPE** (‘Cotype’ in original publication) – Not traced – ♂; *rec:* van Someren 18 November 1920; *loc:* Rabai [Kenya]; *rem:* ‘in my collection’: [data from original publication]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**
(labelled: ‘Allotype’) – RMCA A.99446 – ♀; *prp:* dry skin (excellent condition); *rec:* V. G. L. van Someren 17 November 1920; *loc:* Rabai [Kenya]; *rem:* [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 89)]

– RMCA A.99447 – ♂; *prp:* dry skin (good condition); *rec:* V. G. L. van Someren 18 December 1920; *loc:* mt. Kenia, Jombeni hills [Kenya]; *rem:* [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 89)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** van Someren designates one holotype and one paratype (‘co-type’) in the description. Both are males.

**Types:** According to Art. 72.4.6. of the Code, this action deprives all other specimens examined from type status. This applies for the ‘Fifteen other totopypical skins’ mentioned in the original publication.

RMCA nr 99446 was marked ‘allotype’ on the label, and probably belongs to this totopotypical series; the same might be the case for RMCA nr 99447, although this specimen bears no such indication. In any case, both RMCA specimens do not qualify for paratype status.

**References:**

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Cisticola textrix bulubulu* LYNES, 1931


Current name: *Cisticola textrix bulubulu* LYNES, 1931

**Holotype** – BMNH 1931.10.8.3 – ♂ ad.; rec: H. Lynes & J. Vincent 12 February 1931; loc: near Bihe, alt: 5700 ft., central-western Angola; [data from original publication]

**Paratype** – BMNH 1931.10.8.4 – ♂ ad.; rec: H. Lynes & J. Vincent 12 February 1931; loc: near Bihe, alt: 5700 ft., central-western Angola; [data from original publication]

**Not accepted as type material:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.24157 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: H. Lynes (1522) 9 February 1931; loc: Burru Burru prairie, 14 miles NW Bibu [Angola]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 90)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.24164 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: H. Lynes (1523) 9 February 1931; loc: Burru Burru prairie, 14 miles NW Bibu [Angola]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 90)]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Publ.: The original publication clearly identifies a holotype and one paratype.

Types: According to Art. 72.4.6. of the Code, this action deprives all other specimens examined of type status.

References:

FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

*Eremomela icteropygialis karamojensis* STONEHAM, 1925


Current name: *Eremomela icteropygialis griseoflava* VON HEUGLIN, 1862

according to: Lack (in: Urban, Fry & Keith (eds.)) (1997: 319)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** (not found) – Not traced ♀ – ♂; **rec:** H. F. Stoneham (B.7105) 5 May 1924;

**loc:** Northern Karamoja; **rem:** ‘in my collection’; [data from original publication]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.99367 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren December 1917; **loc:** Moroto, Karamoja [Uganda]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 90)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The description designates merely a holotype.

**References:**


**FAMILY SYLVIIDAE**

*Eremomela icteropygialis laeneni* Niethammer, 1955  
Bonn. Zool. Beitr. vol. 6 p. 65

Current name: *Eremomela icteropygialis alexandri* Sclater & Mackworth-Praed, 1918  
according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 197)  
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – ZFMK 54390 – ♂; **rec:** Laenen 3 April 1954; **loc:** Bol/Tschad; [data from original publication]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**  
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.111444 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition);  
**rec:** J. Laenen 17 January 1960; **loc:** Agades [Niger]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 90)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The specimen RMCA nr 111444 is collected after the date of publication, and cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

**References:**


FAMILY SYLVIIDAE

_Hippolais pallida laeneni_ **Niethammer, 1955**

Bonn. Zool. Beitr. vol. 6 p. 66

Current name: _Iduna pallida laeneni_ (Niethammer, 1955)

**HOLOTYPE** – ZFMK 54417 – ♂; **rec:** Laenen 15 April 1954; **loc:** Bol/Tschad; [data from original publication]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.111443 – **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** J. Laenen 13 January 1960; **loc:** Agades [Niger]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 90)]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The specimen RMCA nr 111443 is collected after the date of publication, and cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

References:


FAMILY **MUSCICAPIDAE**

**Bradornis griseus ukamba** **VAN SOMEREN, 1932**

Novit. Zool. vol. 37 p. 293

Current name: *Melanornis microrhynchus microrhynchus* (REICHENOW, 1887) according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 303) [including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE (not found) – Not traced ♂ – ♀; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 1921; loc: Kiu; [data from original publication]**

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98585 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 5 May 1943; loc: Stony hill [Kenya]; rem: [original label shows in pencil:] ‘ukamba Topotype’; [other label (made by Schouteden) shows following indications -in different writings-:] ‘Topotype ♀’, ‘Paratype’ and ‘(uk cotype)’; [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 91)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ:** A holotype is indicated with the following information: ‘male, in my collection, Kiu, 1921’. According to the wing measurements at least two males and two females must constitute the type series, but it is certainly larger as van Someren calls it a ‘very long series’ with the following range: southern end of the Southern Masai Reserve (incl. Magadi area) extending through the northern part of Ukamba province, also Northern Guasso Nyiro.

**Types:** In van Someren’s Catalogue, only one specimen is collected at Kiu in 1921 (11 June 1921), but this is listed as a female and not flagged as a type. The specimen indicated as type with data ‘Stony Athi 24 April 1941’ must be excluded from the type series. Some other specimens are indicated as ‘paratypes’, but only two are not collected after 1932.

The specimen RMCA nr 98585 (‘co-type’ in van Someren’s Catalogue) is also collected after the date of publication, and cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

**References:**


FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

**Bradornis taruensis** van Someren, 1921


Current name: *Melaenornis microrhynchus taruensis* (van Someren, 1921)

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 302)

**HOLOTYPE** (labelled ‘Type’) – AMNH 603414 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: van Someren 3 July 1918; **loc**: Campi-ya-bibi; **rem**: ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication and from LeCroy (2008: 77), there listed as lectotype and designated lectotype status]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 603415-603427 – **rec**: van Someren 1918; **loc**: Campi-ya-Bibi; [data from LeCroy (2008: 78), there designated paralectotype status]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 603428-603430 – **rec**: van Someren 1918; **loc**: Manugu; [data from LeCroy (2008: 78), there designated paralectotype status]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 603431-603434 – **rec**: van Someren 1918; **loc**: M’buyuni; [data from LeCroy (2008: 78), there designated paralectotype status]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98586 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 13 October 1917; **loc**: Simba [Kenya]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 91)]

**Remarks:**

**Publ.**: A male from Campi-ya-bibi is designated holotype, and the list of localities indicates five other localities: Maungu, Samburu, Sagala, Taveta and M’buyuni.

**Types:** Simba, the locality of specimen RMCA nr 98586, lies in the Ukambani region. All localities given are precise and are either in Kwale or Taita-Taveta districts, except for the holotype, which is from Kajiado. Simba is between Machakos and Kajiado. The localities mentioned in the original description do not seem to imply the locality Simba. The specimen RMCA nr 958486 is to be excluded from the paratype list.

LeCroy (2008: 78) designates ‘for unambiguity’ AMNH 603414 as lectotype, although she only verified and confirmed its holotype status.

**References:**


Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 293


FAMILY **MUSCICAPIDAE**

**Cercomela turkana** VAN SOMEREN, 1920


Current name: *Cercomela scotocerca turkana* VAN SOMEREN, 1920

according to: Ripley (in: Mayr & Paynter (eds.)) (1964: 103)

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 582881 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren February 1918; *loc:* Turkana country, west of Lake Rudolf [Kenya]; *rem:* ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication and from LeCroy (2005: 20)]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98270 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren January 1918; *loc:* Meuressi, Turkwell Riv. [Kenya]; *rem:* [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 88)]

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**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** The publication only describes one specimen.

**Types:** Given the monotypical description, no paratypes exist and the specimen RMCA nr 98270 cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

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**References:**


FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE
Cossypha somereni HARTERT, 1912
Current name: Cossypha polioptera polioptera REICHENOW, 1892
according to: Sclater (1930: 473)
[including synonymy]

HOLOTYPE – AMNH 580733 – ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren (11) 14 December 1911; loc: Kyetume [Uganda]; [data according to LeCroy (2005: 13), there listed as lectotype]
NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98316 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 8 November 1914; loc: Sezibwa river [British East Africa]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 88)]

Remarks:
Types: The specimen RMCA nr 98316 is collected after the date of publication, and cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

Note: This taxon has been overlooked by White (1962b: 139-146), Ripley (in: Mayr & Paynter (eds.)) (1964: 50-60) and Oatley, Fry, Keith & Tye (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 427). The treatment as a valid subspecies in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 88) is corrected by LeCroy (2005: 13). The listing by Hartert (1920: 473) of the ‘type’ corrects the erroneous collection data (14 January 1911) given in the original description. LeCroy (2005: 14) interprets this action as a lectotype designation. We disagree.

References:
FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

*Melaenornis lugubris ugandae* Van Someren, 1921


Current name: *Melaenornis edolioides lugubris* (Von Müller, 1851)

according to: Watson, Traylor & Mayr (in: Mayr & Cottrell (eds.)) (1986: 305)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 603092 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 16 October 1915; **loc:** Sezibwa River [Uganda]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 78)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 603093 – **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren; **loc:** Sezibwa River [Uganda]; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 79)]

**PARATYPES** – AMNH 603104-603106 – **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren; **loc:** Masindi; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 79)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 603108 – **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren; **loc:** Entebbe; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 79)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 603111 – **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren; **loc:** Budongo; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 79)]

**PARATYPE** – NMZB – **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren; **loc:** Masindi; [data according to LeCroy (2008: 79)], former number: AMNH 603107

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98592 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (excellent condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 3 July 1919; **loc:** Bugoma [British East Africa]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 91)]

– RMCA A.98593 – ♂ juv.; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 22 August 1918; **loc:** Kibos, Kavirondo [Kenya]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 91)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The RMCA has two specimens belonging to this taxon. On the label of specimen RMCA nr 98592 Schouteden pencilled ‘paratype’. However, none of them was mentioned in the description and they are formally not paratypes, but they are topotypical.

**References:**


FAMILY MUSCICAPIDAE

_Stiphrornis mabirae_ JACKSON, 1910


Current name: _Stiphrornis erythrothorax xanthogaster_ SHARPE, 1903 according to: Oatley, Fry, Keith & Tye (in: Keith, Urban & Fry (eds.)) (1992: 393) [including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – BMNH 1910.2.9.1 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** F. J. Jackson 11 December 1908; **loc:** Mabira Forest, **alt:** 4300 ft [Uganda]; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 315)]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.27643 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** F. J. Jackson 11 December 1908; **loc:** Mabira forest [British East Africa]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 88)]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.** The author describes one male specimen as holotype (by monotypy).

**Types:** The female specimen in the RMCA, although labelled as such, is not a paratype.

References:


**FAMILY PLATYSTEIRIDAE**

*Batis diops* **JACKSON, 1905**


Current name: *Batis diops* **JACKSON, 1905**

**HOLOTYPE** – BMNH 1905.1.10.4 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: F. J. Jackson 9 February 1902; **loc**: Ruwenzori; **rem**: ♀ on label [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 151)]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.27556 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (fair condition); **rec**: F. J. Jackson 10 December 1902; **loc**: Ruwenzori [British East Africa]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 92)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.** The publication only describes one specimen.

**Types:** As the holotype is in the BMNH and no further paratypes exist, specimen RMCA nr 27556, what ever the indications on its label, cannot be among the type series.

**References:**


FAMILY TIMALIIDAE

*Kupeornis gilberti* SERLE, 1949


Current name: *Kupeornis gilberti* SERLE, 1949

**Holotype** – BMNH 1949.14.1 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: W. Serle 10 April 1948; **loc**: Kupé Mountain, Kumba Division, British Cameroons **alt**: 5000 ft; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 206)]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.69163 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (excellent condition); **rec**: W. Serle (C. 5021) 15 January 1952; **loc**: Kupe mountain, above Nyassoso **alt**: 5000 ft [Cameroon]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 92)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.69164 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: W. Serle (C. 5020) 15 January 1952; **loc**: Kupe mountain, above Nyassoso **alt**: 5000 ft [Cameroon]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 92)]

**Remarks**: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types**: The specimens RMCA nrs 69163 and 69164 are collected after the date of publication, and cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on their label, be among the type series.

**References**:


FAMILY PARIDAE

*Parus niger purpurascens* VAN SOMEREN, 1921


Current name: *Parus leucomelas guineensis* SHELLEY, 1900

according to: Snow (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 101)

[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 682530 – ♂ ad.; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren February 1919; **loc**: Entebbe; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 72)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 682535 – ♀; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 10 April 1916; **loc**: Soronko River; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 72)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 682537 – ♀; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 5 April 1917; **loc**: Soronko; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 72)]

**PARATYPE (?)** – AMNH 682538 – ♂; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren; **loc**: Mubendi; **rem**: without date; [data according to LeCroy (2010: 72), there listed as ‘probable paratype’]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.97383 – ♂; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 21 August 1918; **loc**: Kibigori [Kenya]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 92)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** In the original publication five localities are mentioned: Entebbe, Bukedi, Mubendi, Soronko and Elgon.

**Types:** The locality of the RMCA specimen labelled ‘paratype’ does not figure in the original publication. Hence it is not a type.

**References:**


FAMILY RemizidAE

*Anthoscopus rocatti taruensis* van SomerEn, 1921


Current name: *Anthoscopus caroli robertsi* Haagner, 1909

according to: White (1963: 49)

[including synonymy]

**Holotype** – AMNH 683344 – ♀; **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 25 July 1918; **loc**: Samburu [Kenya]; [data from LeCroy (2010: 63)]

Not accepted as type material:

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.98744 – ♀; **prp**: dry skin (good condition); **rec**: V. G. L. van Someren 22 June 1921; **loc**: Mongeya [Kenya]; **rem**: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 92)]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types**: The specimen RMCA nr 98744 is collected after the date of publication, and cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

References:


FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Anthreptes collaris jubaensis* VAN SOMEREN, 1931


Current name: *Hedydipna collaris elachior* (MEARNS, 1910)

according to: Fry (in: Fry, Keith & Urban (eds.)) (2000: 220)

[synonymy according to: White (1963: 57)]

SYNTYPE (‘Type’ in van Someren (1932)) – Not traced – ♂; rec: van Someren July 1922; loc: Hellesheid, Juba River; [data from original publication]

SYNTYPE – FMNH 296552 – ♀; rec: van Someren July 1922; loc: Hellesheid, Juba River; [data from original publication]

Remarks:

Publ.: in the original publication two syntypes (male and female) are indicated. Later, van Someren (1932: 358) indicates as ‘Type’ a male from Hellesheid, collected July 1922 and lists a total of three males and four females.

Types: The describer, van Someren, indicated in a letter that a female cotype of this taxon was included in his offer of specimens for sale to the RMCA. However, it was never received here (Schouteden noted on the card, already prepared, ‘pas reçu’). It appears to be FMNH nr 296551. Given the collection date and its locality, this specimen does not belong to the syntype series. The indication of a single ‘Type’ by van Someren (1932: 358) should not be interpreted as a lectotype designation.

References:


FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Anthreptes yokanae* HARTERT, 1921


Current name: *Anthreptes reichenowi yokanae* HARTERT, 1921

according to: Rand (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1967: 210)

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**HOLOTYPE** – AMNH 686176 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** V.G.L. van Someren 10 November 1920;

**loc:** Rabai Hills [Kenya]; [data from LeCroy (2010: 130)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 686175 – ♂; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 9 November 1920; **loc:**

Rabai [Kenya]; [data from LeCroy (2010: 130)]

**PARATYPE** – AMNH 686177 – ♀; **rec:** V. G. L. van Someren 9 October 1920; **loc:**

Rabai [Kenya]; [data from LeCroy (2010: 131)]

**PARATYPES** – Not traced (2) –

NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.99032 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V.

G. L. van Someren 28 April 1921; **loc:** Rabai [Kenya]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 93)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.99033 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** V.

G. L. van Someren 25 May 1921; **loc:** Sokoke [Kenya]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 93)]

---

**Remarks:**

**Publ.:** The publication date (as printed on the issue) is 27 January 1921.

**Types:** The two specimens RMCA nrs 99032 and 99033 cannot be paratypes, because they were collected in April and May 1921, and the meeting of the British Ornithologists’ Club, during which the new species was presented, was held in January 1921 (Bull. Brit. Orn. Club 41: 63).

LeCroy (2010: 130-131) lists two paratypes: AMNH nrs 686175 and 686177. Two paratypes remain to be traced.

**References:**


FAMILY NECTARINIIDAE

*Nectarinia bocagii* SHELLEY, 1879

Monogr. Nectarin. p. 21

Current name: *Nectarinia bocagii* SHELLEY, 1879

**Holotype** – BMNH 1895.9.9.14 – ♂ ad.; **rec:** Anchieta; **loc:** Caconda, Benguela; [data from Warren & Harrison (1971: 70)]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.94109 – ♀; **prp:** dry skin (good condition); **rec:** H. Wille (14) 15 October 1958; **loc:** Mungindu, Kiboba Matari [Congo Belge]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 93)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The specimen RMCA nr 94109 is collected after the date of publication, and cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

**References:**


FAMILY ORIOLIDAE

Oriolus larvatus kikuyuensis VAN SOMEREN, 1922

Novit. Zool. vol. 29 p. 127

Current name: Oriolus larvatus rolleti SALVADORI, 1864

according to: Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 93)

[synonymy according to: Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 133)]

HOLOTYPE (‘Type’ in original publication) – FMNH 198575 – ♂; rec: van Someren 2 October 1915; loc: Nairobi; rem: ‘in my collection’ and ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication]; rem: the original label reads ♀ written over a ♂ sign [according to D. Willard (pers. comm.)]

PARATYPES – Not traced (8) –

NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.97372 – ♂; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 8 February 1917; loc: Naivasha [Kenya]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 93)]

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.97374 – ♀; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 10 January 1918; loc: Naivasha [Kenya]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 93)]

Remarks:

Publ.: A male from Nairobi is designated holotype and a total of ‘Nine specimens compared’ is indicated.

The range is North Ukambani to Elgeyu escarpment and east to Kenya.

Localities given: Elgeyu, Nairobi, Escarpment, Kitui, Kyambu.

Types: Two specimens, RMCA nrs 97372 and 97374, were annotated by Schouteden as ‘paratypes’. However, their locality does not correspond to the regions or localities mentioned in the description. Broadly speaking, Naivasha could be considered to be situated at the base of the Mau Escarpment. However, the ‘Escarpment’ mentioned here is probably a reference to the Elgeyo range. Besides, Naivasha would have been considered large and important enough to be listed as a separate locality should it have been the intention. The specimens RMCA nrs 97372 and 97374 are not paratypes.

Note: Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 133) indicates Oriolus monacha kikuyuensis as original name, while Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 93) mention Oriolus larvatus kikuyuensis. The former must be an editorial error.

References:


FAMILY PASSERIDAE

*Passer griseus laeneni* Niethammer, 1955

Bonn. Zool. Beitr. vol. 6 p. 75

Current name: *Passer griseus laeneni* Niethammer, 1955

**HOLOTYPE** – ZFMK 54331 – ♂; **rec:** Laenen 1 April 1954; **loc:** Bol; [data from original publication]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.111445 – ♂; **prp:** dry skin (fair condition); **rec:** J. Laenen 17 January 1960; **loc:** Agades [Niger]; **rem:** [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 94)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The specimen RMCA nr 111445 is collected after the date of publication, and cannot, whatever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

**References:**
FAMILY PLOCEIDAE

_Hyphantornis intermedius littoralis_ VAN SOMEREN, 1921


Current name: _Ploceus intermedius intermedius_ RÜPPELL, 1845
according to: Moreau & Greenway (in: Mayr & Greenway (eds.)) (1962: 44)
[including synonymy]

**HOLOTYPE** (‘Type’ in original publication) – AMNH 723680 – _rec:_ van Someren 14 April 1919; _loc:_ Changamwe; _rem:_ ‘Tring Museum’; [data from original publication]

**NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:**
(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.96794 – _♂; prp:_ dry skin (excellent condition); _rec:_ B. Percival December 1918; _loc:_ Taveta [Kenya]; _rem:_ [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 94)]

**Remarks:** (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Publ.:** From the description ‘Wings 63-70 mm’ one can deduce that other specimens than the type were available. The description mentions as provenance of the type series ‘coast-belt, Taru district, Changamwe and Malindi’, all localities situated in the coastal area of Kenya.

**Types:** Specimen RMCA nr 96794 is unlikely to have type status. It was collected by Blayney Percival at Taveta, which is usually not considered as a ‘coastal’ region. Therefore, it does not comply with the list of type localities. Presumably van Someren acquired the specimen some time later, before selling it to the RMCA.

**Note:** The identification number of the holotype was retrieved from the internet page [http://entheros.amnh.org/db/emuwebamnh/pages/amnh/ornithology/Query.php](http://entheros.amnh.org/db/emuwebamnh/pages/amnh/ornithology/Query.php), accessed on 19 Oct 2010, using the search terms ‘Changamwe van Someren Ploceus’ [21 records], looking up _Ploceus intermedius_ [two records; both males] and checking the collecting date [one match; the other record with number AMNH 723681 shows ‘Collecting Date 15 Apr 1919’].

**References:**


FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

Granatina ianthogaster rothschildi Van Someren, 1919


Current name: Granatina ianthinogaster (Reichenow, 1879)

according to: Payne (in: Fry & Keith (eds.) (2004: 334)

[synonymy according to: White (1963: 198)]

HOLOTYPE – AMNH 452223 – ♂ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 22 May 1916; loc: Kisumu; [data from original publication]

PARATYPE – AMNH 452247 – ♀ ad.; rec: V. G. L. van Someren 23 May 1916; loc: Kisumu; [data from original publication]

NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:


(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.97170 – ♀; prp: dry skin (excellent condition); rec: V. G. L. van Someren 22 May 1916; loc: Kisumu [Kenya]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 94)]

Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

Publ.: The original publication states ‘type in Tring Museum ♂ ad. 22 May 1916’ hereby indicating the holotype and ‘Typical ♀ ad. 23 May 1916 van Someren Coll.’, hereby depriving all other specimens from paratype status. Hartert (1928: 195) lists ‘Types ♂♀ Kisumu’, suggesting a syntype status.

Types: As none of the RMCA specimens comply with the data on the unique paratype, they do not qualify for paratype status.

References:


Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren. 308


FAMILY ESTRILDIDAE

*Paludipasser irisae* ROBERTS, 1932

Ann. Transv. Mus. vol. 15 p. 33

Current name: *Ortygospiza locustella locustella* (NEAVE, 1909)

according to: Mayr, Paynter & Traylor (in: Paynter (ed.)) (1968: 352)

[including synonymy]

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NOT ACCEPTED AS TYPE MATERIAL:

(labelled: ‘Paratype’) – RMCA A.32954 – ♂; prp: dry skin (good condition); rec: C. D. Priest (181) 8 January 1935; loc: Banket [Rhodesia (British)]; rem: [refuted as type material in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel (2002: 94)]

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Remarks: (as in Louette, Meirte, Louage & Reygel, 2002)

**Types:** The specimen RMCA nr 32954 is collected after the date of publication, and cannot, what ever the indications pencilled on its label, be among the type series.

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References:


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Type specimens of birds in the Royal Museum for Central Africa, Tervuren.
HARBERT, E. 1901. On the birds on plate VII. [Chaetura thomensis]. Novitates Zoologicae 8: 425.
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